HOLY LIFE

Pilgrin

BLESSED DE

OF

GREGORY LOPEZ;

Spaudi Herunce

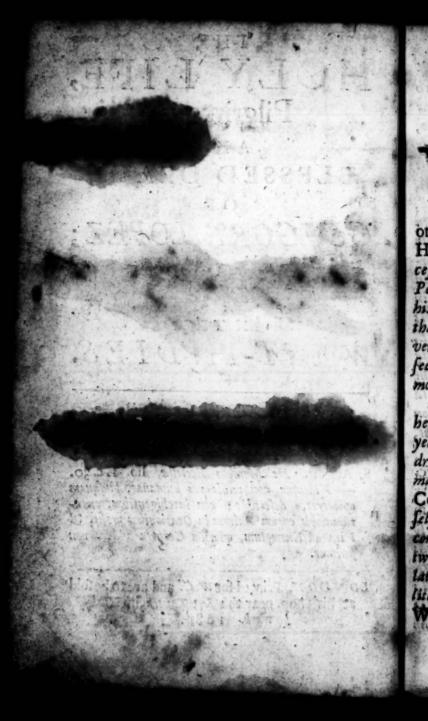
IN THE

WEST-INDIES.

S. August. De Moribus Acclesse, un 30.

— Videntur non nullis res bumanus, philosam oporteret, deseruisse; non intelligentibus, quantum nobis eorum Animus in Orationibus prosit, & Vita ad Exemplum, quorum Corpora videre non sinumur.

at his Shop, near the Leg Tavers in Southwark. 1686.



PREFACE

Pious Reader,

ly Life of Gregory Lopez, a lively pattern in these latter times of the Solitude Devotions and Mortifications, of the ancient Hermites. Before which I thought it necessary to give you a short Character of the Person, as to two thief practices of his life, his Devotions, and his Mortifications; that so the following Relation, in which several things at the sirst appearance may seem to you very strange, might be rendred

more intelligible, and less surprizing.

Lo here, then, a Tong Man, who, after he had in his Childhood lived drown sie years was an Hermite in spain, was drawn from thence by his Parents, and made a Noble-man's Page in the Spanish Court; But there also, additions himfelf, in whatever exteriour employment; to continual Mental Prayer, at length, now twenty years old, lest Court, Kindred, Relations, Country, and sought a greater solitude and recess for his Devotions in the West-Indies: where being perceived, as-

ver be had first, with Pr. yer, and Fasting a whole Lent together only with Bread and Water, implored the Divine direction in what way he might best serve, and wholly devote himself to his Heavenly Majesty, he withdrew himself into the remotest parts inhabited by the Spaniards, and there in a Defert built himself a Cell, lying on the ground with only a Sheep-skin or two under him, making, during his whole life, only one meale a day, and in his former times eating no flesh, but feeding on wild fruits and herbs (among ft which in Some places Purstane and Wild Quinces were a good part of his diet) and on Maiz, or Indian Com parched; without asking this of any one but as God, by the gift of the Spaniards, or many times also of the wild Indians from time to time made provision for him; and so spent day, whenever not asleep, in Prayer.

Wherein also he chose for his first Exersife only those words of the Lord's Prayer Fiat voluntas tua, ficut in celo, & in terra, Thy will be done, as in Heaven fo on Earth : Amen, Jesus. By which words be implored the DivineGrace, in all things, both to do, and to suffer, God's

God's will he done both in, of on, Hins

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th H an entire resignation of himself to it; and by Him in a perfect obedience of it; Even as God's will also is done in Heaven by the Holy Angels the Citizens thereof; in their punctual obedience, there, to all his commands, Psal. 102. Which practice he continued for the three first years of his retirement, repeating these words mentally at every respiration, or taking of his breath; whatever other necessary exteriour employment at some times might happen to detain him: there being indeed no external action, whether common or also sacred, as reading the Scriptures, or pious Books, but that well consistet with internal

Prayer: (As Nehemiah's Neh. 2. 4,5.

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whilft he made his addresses to King Ahafuerus): And the Apostle's Precept of
praying always, with much care and reflection, may be observed in a literal sense:
as also we read of several Saints that had
attained by custome to a perpetual sense of
God's Presence, and converse with him, in
the transaction of their most serious secular
affairs: And the Angels or Seraphims,
that had no rest night or day from saying,
Holy, Holy, Holy, [Apocal. 4.8.] yet are
not hereby excluded from all other offices or

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fervice. But here we may well conceive this Devotion of Gregory's not always performed with the same degree of attention and application of mind, but admitting fome remission, as accompanied with other necessary actions, or also recreations: And again; that the recital of these words, after a custome and habit thereof, became much more easy, as he said; [chap. 26.] and so readily recurred to his mind, that it would have bin the greater difficulty to forbear them: as things accustomed run in our fancy, when we would chase them out of it: and as we see a Musician's fingers after long practice, even whilft he discourseth, to play-on the same tune, and observe all the Same its accustomed stops and motions. Nor will be wonder at fuch an boly exercise, its not being totally extruded or intercepted by other actions, who well considers the ftrange agility and volatileness of the Mind, and how hard a thing it is to think steadily on one thing only at once; And he that obferves the great industry one, much encumbred with secular affairs, must use to perform his devotions without other thoughts intruding and molesting them, may apprebend the same difficulty of one much practised in devotions to transact other affairs without a mixture of these. Tet, in this time

to bolily employed, be faith, he may not free from many terrible Temptations of many of them, we may suppose, from the concupiscences of the Flesh, in fuch a reftraint of his nature from allies consents; and perhaps others yet higher from Satan, (fuch as St. Ball, + Ep.ad. Chi-

one well experienced in lonem.

this way, mentions to his

Scholar Chilo, t when defigning fuch a retirement), as the Uselesness of such a life for the common Good, or Vain-glory in the fingularity of it; Curiosity for news, and the knowing of impertinencies already forfaken; Inconstancy in his purpose; Distrust of subsistence, and the like;] which, he faith, chiefly affaulted him in the remission of bis attention to his Prayer, and that his doing the same thing with a greater fervour of spirit and devotion was his best and usual remedy for repelling them.

His Three first Year's Spent in this Exercise, he advanceth to another, wherein this Voluntas Dei is compleated; Aperpetual Act or Exercise of Love: the loving of God with all his mind, all his foul, all his strength; and his Neighbour in the same manner as himself; (which is the summ of God's Law & of his Will); an Exercise never varied or declined from;

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till the day of his death; and which Act of Love always accompanied whatever his other exteriour or interiour actions: his former Mental Words being now more sublimed into Affections, which he vented in continual Doxologies to God; in Prayers and Intercessions for his Church, for the Conversion of the World to the true Faith, and of Sinners to an holy Life; as also forthe particular relief of those persons who declared to him their necessities, as very many "Pon experience had of the efficacy of his Prayers came, in their distress, to destre them. The effective expressions he used in befe Exercises, he said, were usually such as those of the Psalmist---Praise the Lord all ye Nations, praise him all ye peoples-Bless the Lord all ye works of the Lord; praise him, and glorify him for ever .-- Let all the earth adore and blefs thee, O Lord.

This Exercise of Love he continued, when alone, in deep silence (saith Father Losa, a constant observer of his daily practice for the six last years of his life,) all the day (never entertaining sleep in the day time, though in so bot a Climate) and all the night, except some part thereof, which, by reason of his great abstinence, was only some sew hours, wherein be took

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bis rest, after having spent some part of an hour each morning in the reading of the Holy Scriptures: (which he had, by the frequency of reading them, and a most excellent Memory, as it were all by heart, and in the words of which be (like our Lord |) ma-FMat. 4.4.77 ny times returned his an-10. Luk. 10. 28. 100. 7. fwers, and advices with a Grange operation of them 38. upon his Consulters): Never using any Candle-light, nor having. bis Head covered; without walking abroad, or taking the wonted pleasures of Solitude, the Prospect of a flowry Field. a beautiful Wood, a Crystal stream; or so much as suffering himself to descend into a pleasant Garden adjoining to the House be. lived in. And in this Exercise he remained so fixt and constant, as, when asked what he would do to prepare himself for Death; or in the assault of some strong. Temptation; or, if he were a Priest, for. faying Mass; he answered, the same, and nothing more than that which he then did: for that he was then actually giving to God all he had .; And more he could not give, unless of his mercy he bestowed it on him: And in his last sickness, demanded, whe-

ther his pains did not a little distract his

mind

mind from this his Exercise, he answered has ni un punto, Not a jot. In his receiving his and making Answers to, those that came to he sail and confer with him, the same Exercise was still continued; he much recommending the practice of Nehemiah, praying occasion as he spake to the King; and of that the Macchabees, sighting and praying: of And, on all necessary occasions of his Neighbour that required aid & assistance, restricted more willingly betook himself to Prayer, ral than to other external means, saying: It was than to other external means, saying; It was was better, to negociate with God, than who with Men : (God, who we are fure can de ont our bufiness effectually; and who in all our the needs expects to be folicited :) and, as ta the discoursing with others even of spiritual matters, that It was better to speak fron with God, than of him.

Out of the Same habit of Prayer ordinarily the Discourse that passed at his Meals; and in common Conver ation, if not Spiritual, he spiritualized unto himself, and elevated it to such an higher sense, as nourished his Devotion, and afforded matter of Doxology, or Prayer; of which you may fee many instances in the Fifteenth and Twenty-eight Chapters of his Life, following herein the frequent example of our Lord; whe, when the Samaritan Woman

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editors speaking of the water of Jacob's Well, ing discoursed to her concerning the water of e se he Spirit, in his power to bestow on those er hat ask it of him : and, from the People's following him for Corporal food, took an ing occasion to discourse of their seeking after of that Bread that would never perish; and of the Living Bread of his Body and his Blood exhibited in the Eucharist: Upon ce, restoring to the Manborn-blind his Corpoer, ral fight, preached to his Auditors how He It was the true Light of the World whom an who followed not walked in darkness: Updo on the few's powring out water drawn from the Fountain of Siloah, and offering it on the Altar in the Feast of Tabernacles, tal told them that the Living Waters flowed k from him; inviting all that were athirst to come and drink freely of them: "Upon" the Jew's afferting of their freedom, as being the Children of Abraham, discourfed of the Spiritual Bondage all wicked men, however descended, or of whatever visible Church members, suffered under Sin; and that all such were the Children of their Father the Devil. So, upon Thomas's curious Enquiry after the way and the place whither our Lord said he was to go shortly, Jo. 14. 5. Answered him. That He himfelf was the Way; And, that none could come,

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come, or be admitted, to the Father, but be ind and through him. And, upon Philip's hou again, desiring, that he would only shew it is the Father to them and this would satisfy Que them, Answered him; that He was in the serve Father, and the Father in him; and that man the words and works he spake and did were ever those of his Father; and that in the one free they saw the other, framing a Reply for Life Edisication, where the Request relished of Sile Curiosity. Thus also Gregory imitating real this great Master purished all he spake, or to sheard, and sublimed it into Devotion, and and Medication of Heavenly things.

This his continual Interiour Employment made him also so great a lover of Silence, as he became a most exact observer
of it all his life: and, upon a certain occasion, he told Father Losa, that for two
years space he sealed up his mouth without
speaking more than to salute his Host or
Entertainer, whom he saw only once in
four and twenty hours. And the same Father Losa assimptions, that in all the time he
lived with him, though watching him very
narrowly, he never heard him speak an idle,
that is, as he explains it, a needless word,
that is, as he explains it, a needless word,
Though the same constant internal entertainment of his Mind, when any came to visit
bim, among which were several Noblemen

and

ut bind Bishops, he continued silent, even ip's hough the discourse happened to be of spi-shewitual matters, unless he were asked some tisf, Question, and that also thought by him the pertinent ; or, where feemed to him fome that manifest necessity (yet of which be was a pere fevere fudge) in which cases he spake very one freely. See Chapter the Eighteenth of his for Life, and Chapter the Tenth. Of which d of Silence he gave Father Losa one time this ting reasun; that, after he had betaken himself or to Solisude, he accounted all men better and and wifer than himself; and therefore, anless asked, never counselled any, nor made loy-himself a Master to others. Therefore al-Si. fo, though well feen in all forts of Learnver ing, Divine, and Humane, (of which more ec- by and by) yet, whilft others discoursed on swo such subjects in his presence, he sate-by siout lent, and as one ignorant; and, asked afor terward by F. Lofa, why, so well skilled in in such a matter, he mingled not in the dis-Fa- courfe, he answered, that He spake not he what he knew, but what was necessary. cry And, in another Religious Man's company tle, that discoursed much and eloquently on a rd, pious subject, when he had sate a long time ish. filent, being asked after his departure the ifit reason of it, he said, That person was more redified by Silence, than by Speaking. And und

fost was, that the example of such his Si for lence had great effect on some of his Vist mus zers, making them reflect on their own le wh quacity; and begat much reverence towar der him in those frequenters of him that knew it 1 his great abilities: though with others 1 to much diminished his reputation for a time in who upon his fame expecting great matters La and entertained with silence, accounted his thi a Fool: Knowledge being a treasure fof rarily concealed; that those, who do no in shewit, are judged not to possess it. In thing well known to him; and this a Mor of tification, and mastery of himself, he much rejoyced in. And, upon the frequent ob sk servation thereof, he being asked, Hon the one could attain so easily to hide and con the ceale those Graces, Vertues, and good parts God had given him, be answered, That fuch a thing was not hard to one that had a lively Faith. For, if a man certainly be lieves, that whatever vertues he hath are feen in the Court of Heaven, what will fuch a one regard their not being known in the Village of this World? And for from his own Behaviour sutable to bis Faith, the Village of this World buth loft the knowledge of much of his true worth and Christian Perfection

Thus much of Gregory's admirable ob

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is Si fervation of Silence, and living in a conti-Vifa must Act of Prayer, and the Love of God; in la which things yet are not fo frietly to be unwar derstood, as that he spent not some time as ener it were for his recreation, but in order also rs 1 to God's, and his Neighbour's, Service. im in several forts of Divine and Humane ters Learning. For, we read in

hin this Relation of his Life + + Ch.8.10. e f of his great knowledge both 16.18.25. no in the Ecclesiastical and 27. 28.

Imperial History: in that

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Mor of the several Orders of Religious, their nuc Founders, and Progress: Of his accurate skill in Geography, Anatomy, Phylick; How that he had great judgment in the propercon ties and natural vertue of Herbs; that be arts was well read in the Mystical Theologists, That Thaulerus and others; and in Saint's had Lives, and other Spiritual Books. Which be Books, besides that learning be had atare quired in Spain, probably were communicated to him by his charitable Hofts in will shofe places where he was entertained; they DWI being persons of quality, and one of them a Pricit; in whose house he lived about Four Years; Hebeing also endued with a most loft admirable Memory charged with no Sersb. vular affairs, ar objects, nor muddied and clouded with the fumes of a gross, compounded

pounded, or intempenate Diet; (of which bis Memory himfelf faid, that he never forgot any thing that with care he committed to it); and with a most sharp Wit, and clear Judgment, as appears every where by his prudent Answers; and, by the help of thefe, reading Books with ut o great celerity & speed; fo that Father Lola faith of him, that he read over a Book in ten Hours, which would have held and ther a Month; and that in about twenty Hours he read over St. Terefa, loss to give a ready account of any particular therein: and lastly, by his perpetual Solitude and Silence, referving all his time to himself; having lived thus for Twentynine Years after his leaving Spain, before Father Losa dwelt with him.

We read alfo there, that, being request ed by a learned Divine upon some conference with him; he writ an Expection of the Apocalypse; made a Chronology or Succession of Times from the Creation to Pope Clement the Eighth; Extracted, out of the Histories he read, a Summary of the Faith, Laws, Customs; Conversions of Nutions; had a Globe, and a Map made with his own hands ; made a Book of Phy. fick containing many Experiments, and remedies eafily procurable by poor people, and

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eplaining several Qualities of Simples nd Compounds ; writ Meditations on he Life and Death of our Saviour, and n our Bleffed Lady his Mother: writ nany hands singularly well: And, as to ome Corporal Employments also, that he ut out and made all his own Cloathes, fitfa ing them better than others could for his infirmities; excepting his Hat, and Shoes; 20and also washed them himself; that, in his. ome time in digging, planting with herbs, ind otherwise cultivating. a lively edjoyning to his Cell; yet doing thefe. hings still with a mental Fiat voluntas in. his heart never omitted: And after Father Losa's sojourning with him, that after heir Meal either be to Father Lofa, or F. Losa to him read some pious Book; and then it was, that this his Companion admired his swift reading over S. Teresa's, and some other, Books, communicated to him, I suppose, out of Father Losa's Library; for he had none of his own. Besides, the Afternoon-Visits so frequently made to him by persons of all conditions, Laicks, Religious, Bishops, and the chiefest Secular. Governouss, to whom he freely at all times exhibited his fervice, are to be esteemed remissions of his Contemplation; and (be-

fides that of his Daily Intercessions) to have bin very beneficial Charities to his proces Neighbour in the Spiritual Advices h Mot gave them, frequently experimented very Der

faccefsful.

thin So that Gregory's Life, like that atforthin of the Ancient Hermites, was a Mixi knee Life, not all Contemplative, and Prayer, He but divided as it were between God and faid his Neighbour, (though much the greater thou part God's, contrary to the common lives of tinn others): and his Studies and reading of fleed Books may answer to their Corporal Las hold bour mixt with their Devotions; and bis whi making Globes or Maps to their making Spin Hurdles and Baskets. All this then here cert said shews some intermissions and relaxati- Go ons (allowed also by him Chap. 19.) of Go his mind from that heighth of Contempla- the tive Prayer which he used at other times: tot Though some inferiour degree of Such Can- ing semplation may be said to accompany conti-of mually whatever other his employments, to And with this I thought fit to pre-acquaint thi the Devout Reader more at large, lest he his frould apprehend, that in the following Relation, to make things feem the more admirable, they are represented such as are impossible; and should be discouraged from believing such a manner of life either imitable, or irue. From

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bes her From Holy Gregory's Devotions, to hi proceed to the other thing I named, his he Mortifications. First then; in these his very Devotions it was his custom to transact all things internally without suffering any atte thing outwardly to appear, unless it were fixe kneeling, before his infirmities hindred it : yer. He uttered no Groans or Sighs, though he and faid, he sighed and grouned almost a ater thousand times a day, and was almost cons of tinnally talking with God mentally; he of flied no Tears; did not lift up his Eyes, or Las hold up his Hands, or beat his Breaft; bis whilft others in his presence discoursed of ing Spiritual matters himself kept Silente, perere criving, as he faid, many that talked of God more for love of themselves, than of of God. Having received in his beginning las the Gift of Tears, he petitioned our Lord es: to take them away, (and was keard) being affraid to expose himself to the danger. ti- of adhering with his Will and Affections ts. to any Spiritual Confolation, i. c. to fomint thing befides God: He kept a watch over he his own Nature, as his Enemy; allowed Re- her no comene even in Spiritual things, of ni- which he could hinder her; denied her en- very thing he perceived her to love; and, m being asked, Why he dealt fo severely with i- her, he answered, Because he had found

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her false and treacherous unto him rea This prudent Man discovered, that in of n ny composition made with her she did over reach us, and that it was fafer quite t wean her from, than to moderate, her de Gre; and much easier to deny her all, tha to grant some, and deny her the rest.

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For this cause, he also concealed who passed in his Interiour from the knowledge of others, to stop all entrance of Vain-glor into his Soul, and knowing how apt Na ture is out of every thing to extract Self For this, when asked also abou his Parentage and Kindred (supposed t be Noble, from the great civility, gentile ness, and confidence observed in his beha viour, when treating with Persons of Qua lity) he faid, What mattered that? no were they ever known; nor he supposed t bear their right Name. For this, H often changed also his Abode, when he be gan to be much esteemed, or well-treated putting Nature frequently to her shifts, and reducing her to her former necessities whilst the Divine Providence also by this communicated to more places the benefits of his Sanctity, and good Example. For this, he sate silent and attentive as a Learner, when others in his company spake of Divine matters; and, after so much reading

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reading and study, desired to seem a person of no understanding; and in general bare a great affection to Silence, as being one of the greatest Mortifications Nature can suffer, and the certain cure of a thousand oversights, she would still be making, in wha exalting her felf, or detracting from others; and thus constraining her as it were into Solitude the beloved Companion of Silence: For, who faith nothing, what doth he in company? For this, he would not suffer himself to premeditate or compose what he was to say, before-hand, thereby to perform it the more plausibly; having observed kimself formerly crossed and disappointed when he had such a design. this, in any Favour done by him to his Neighbours he much desired, that God alone, not be, neither in whole, nor in part, might have the thanks: and therefore, when some Spiritual Persons (Saith Father Losa) went to him to propose their doubts, he somtimes did not answer them himself, but requested of our Lord to resolve them immediatly unto them: and had his request granted him, see Chap. 15. For this, he had an aversion to Visits, for the Vainglory that might lurk in them, (though never refused any) especially of Great Persons, and, after some time, humbly requested [a 3]

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quested the Viceroy (who much loved, and was loved by, him) to furbear them. keep Nature also the lower, he would not suffer her to take the common pleasures of Aire, Water, Earth, afforded to all the Creatures, not so much as that of a Gar: den joyning to his House; and, when he was in Mexico, departed thence before day, that she might not please her self with the fair Buildings, and other Ornaments thereof; using all art, as he said, that nothing of the Creature (as much ashe could prevent it) might enter into his heart, that God might wholly poffefs it; and carrying himself as if he were far abyve, or far below, any entertainment this World could give him in any kind. His Infirmities were very great and frequent in his latter times, perhaps by reason of the crudities of his Herbe-and Fruit-Diet in his former; especially the Colick; and he made his one Meale a day with as much pain, as others do, pleasure, not able to swallow a bit of Bread unless moistened with something liquid; and yet he never discovered to others, nor to his Companion his pains, or maladies, nor eafed Nature a little with complaining, or talking of them, or asking remedies for them, but as his looks and weakness berrayed them, and others questis oning made him confess them. . Again

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Again, he exercised her in such a sin; gular way of Poverty, as though he kad reserved nothing of his own, left his Flish might perhaps abuse it to intemperance; and had distributed that which he had in Alms at his arrival in the West-Indies to the value of about eight hundred Crowns, yet, depending wholly on the Divine Providence, he never asked any thing of anyperson in what-ever his necessity, and though it were where he was not known for a Poor man; in his journeys from place to place, taking his rest at night without victuals or lodging, unless by any on their own accord, offered him; and so it was, that in a convenient time (though not without some sufferings) God still provided these that, unsued-to by him, in all places, whither he came, entertained and supplied him, It feems his strong Faith in God easily obtained of his Heavenly Majesty whatever he wanted: and the security and confidence, which by this Faith he had in such Providence caused such an extraordinary resolution : yet in this, wherein he was singular, he both admitted and commended the contrary practice of others that are in want, as well futing, he faid, to Them, but But, besides this, whereas not to Him. Diet, Lodging, and Cloaths, are the [a 4]

three great Necessaries for Man's Subscar ftence; For the first of these, Diet, he two Yong Man might conceive that in such And Southern Climate, where the hotter Su Ha makes a better concoction of such food, an into Nature is more prodigat of many of he whe good things growing of themselves abroadism without any cultivation or husbandry and might conceive I fay, that such sustenanc gai though not delicate, yet fo nutritive, a own would forve his turn, might be found in th mo fields or woods, or in a garden planted by har him; as indeed it was. And though this Po afterward, proved hurtful to his weak ten be per, yet such attempt of his I think, canno nor be accused of temerity; since with such a sin gir ple, and coole, a dthe primitive Diet, ma ny in the like Solitude have arrived to very old age; and the Hermites were mostly, long-liv'd. S. Paul the Hermit attained to an hundred and thirteen years and S. Antony to an bundred and five And since also, when a sickness or diften per happens after using such diet, it is a certain conclusion, that this Diet is th caufe, and not some other accident : Nor that what at the first some way disorders may not with custome be rendred more d gestible and nutritive. For the second Lodging, it was easie either to find Cavi

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subsecave, or Grott, or build an Hovel; and he two Sheep-skins served himsfor a Bed. uch And, for the third, Apparel, when his r Su Habit was worne out, he might put himself , and into some Man's Service, till he gained of he wherewithall to buy another; as several broad times at first, when none given him, he did; ndry and with a Month or two's labour could nanc gain such a course one as he wore, being his e, down Taylor. Such grounds as thefe ain th mong others this Holy Yong man might ted b have of a self-sufficing, and non-mendicant this Poverty, and such as he intended should tem be no way burden some to his Neighbours; anne nor, beg another man's, after he had a sin given away his own.

tyma [I do not say here but that in some of to these things this Holy Man at she first were might commit some excess, and be too sermit vere to himself; but there is such a vioyears lent Concupisence, (I say not of the Holy five Spirit always, but sometimes of the Supefem riour Nature or faculties of those Peris n fons, who have tasted much, of the Spirit,) against the Flesh, as doth equal or tran-Non scend that, in others, of the Flesh against the lers: Spirit; so that they think they have hever enough mortified this their Enemy that cond ruines so many Souls, so as perfectly to destroy the roots of fin in ber; and therefore

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somtimes they may make in this way some o when ver sights, and exceedings, which the same? Holy Spirit afterwardin good time mode they rates and rectifies. But, how few are the poll faulty in this kin', and how apt is the dot World to blame those things for faults that thou . yary from common practice, though indeed the (ingular excellencies?

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Lastly; It was his custome to take any one's part against himself: when any spake ill of him he not only excused not himself, but always excused them, earnestly, and con-Stantly; first, as to their intention, always prefumed good; and then, as to the fact too, the best be could; faying that he himself, seeing or hearing what they did, should have spoken to tou: and presently cancelled the memory of any such injury done him with faying, God forbid, that he should diffract his fout with thinking thereon.

He ever spake well of serving God in ways lawful, though different from his own; saying also, that God was much delighted with variety of Spirits; and that these were a great Ornament of his Holy Jerufalem. He used nothing singular in the fashion, or matter, of his Habit. He was a great defender of all Religious Orders; as also of all Governours and Superiours, when

me of when their Subjects in his hearing spake afig thing to their dishonour: Jaying, If they were in their place, they might possibly not do so well: Or, What good the doth such a speech here? Or, That they should tell Them so, not Him: Or, That they durst not say any thing in Their presence: or the like. And he spake ill of any no man himself, Heathen, or Heretick: but, in mentioning Vices or faults, conceased Persons. All these things being great affronts and disgusts to our Corrupted Nature, well pleased to depress others, to exalt our selves.

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Such were the Mortifications of this Holy Man, and so continued his Devotions, in great Solitude, Silence, and Abstinence. A life, which, if not very much to be commended and admired, that thus trod not only the World, but Himfelf. under his feet, without any signes of Pride; Tet seems to be shielded and protected from censure by that of Elias, spent much of it, in the Forrests of Carmel, in Solitude ? and, after him, by that of the Baptist, who is said to have come in the Spirit of Elias, and lived from his Childhood will Thirty Years old in the Defert of Judea, feeding on such provision as the Wilderness afforded ?

afforded: and, after him, by that of our day Lord himself for a season, who lived in time the same way, as John, for Six Weeks, and only adding to it a stricter, that is perpe- Ant tual, Faft; and who probably, till the age the of Thirty, Spent much of his time in Soli Pro tude, and Prayer, and abstaining from Au common Converse; Joseph, whom our per Lord affifted in his work, being supposed mus a Wheel wright, aratra conficiens, & W

juga boum, and such other figt Hu bandry-geere, as Justin onl Contra Martyr faith II, and follow bro Tryphoing his trade at his own def nem.

House, and both He and wit our Lord's Mother attending on this Son mo of God with great reverence, and silence, con discerned by them from his Behaviour alfo disc more than a Man, and retaining doubtlefs the at home the same gravity which he had when at Twelve Years old he sate among the Doctors: who also afterward, when more full of business, rose anights, and went into Solitude for Prayer; And when be was at |erufalem retired at night, even to the last (for, there he was apprehended) to the Mount of Olives to betake himfelf to Prayer.

To go en. Again; Such Life protected by that of Anna, Luk. 2. 35. conti-

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nuing in Fasting and Prayer night and founday; by the Lives also, in succeeding d in times, of the Ancient Hermites in Syria cks, and Egypt, famed for their Sandity by erpe- Antiquity; and favoured frequently with

Soli Prophecy: of whom S. † De Morifrom Austinf-Qui secretissimi bus Ecclesiæ. our penitus ab omni homi- c. 13.

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& Who living most retired quite out of all ther light of men, contenting themselves with offin only Bread (which at certain seasons is low. brought them) and Water, inhabite most own defolate regions, enjoying a converte and with. God, to whom they adhere with Son most pure minds, & are most happy in the nce, contemplation of this Beauty, which is alfo discernable only by the understanding of less those who are Saints. Of these I will say had nothing; for they feem to some to have ong too far abandoned humane affairs; fuch ben persons not considering, how beneficial to us their Spirit is in Prayer, and their hen Lives in Example [in the contempt of ven those many worldly non-necessaries, which others so much labour for, and in a constant vacancy for spiritual Exercises] whose Bodies we cannot converse with .---This fo transcendent a pitch of Sanctity who-

fcivi whoever of himfelf thinks not admirable & venerable, how can my discourse more perswade him? And such life this Father deliberated once of following himself. Con- age. feff. 1: 10. C. 43.

of te But S. Bafil, that Great Light of the Eastern Church, actually betook himself to it, after he had travelled through Egypt, Palestine, Syria, and Mesopotamia, and feen, and admired the Lives of grou the Holy Hermites there; and Gregory Nazianzen, by his invitation also, not mer long feer; both which lived in the De. fert of Pontus near the Euxine Sea, in two several Cottages or Cells, feeding much on Pulse, and Herbs, and roots, and complaining of the barrenness of the soile to afford even them. We hear

Epist. 12. have a Letter + of Gregory

Nazianzen, begging some herbs of another Hermite, whose ground was more fertile, to entertain S. Basil therewith: But afterward S. Basil's Mother, who followed her Son, and came to live in a Town not far off, supplyed them with fuch provision, as they would admit.

In which Defert Grego-De Silentio gory Nazianzen faith of himself + Carnem m Jejunio. meani ætatis flore la-

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able servicentem, &c.-- I macerated with ma-tion ay and frequent labours, my flesh wanto-ther nizing and raging in the flower of my on age. Repletion of the Belly, and the lufts attending it I quite cashiered; by the help the of temperance my eyes were fixed withfelf in their lids; I subdued choler, fettered E my corporeal members, deplored my ota. forepast mirth. All submitted to Christ; of and former things all vanished; the bry ground was my Bed, the courfest rainot ment ferved for my clothing, & hereto I De. added watchings, and showres of tears : in In the day-time I fet my houlders to hand-labour, all the night I fixed my Body like a Statue to linging Hymns, admitind ting no kind of humane pleafire, no not ile iato my mind and thought. Befides, That We heavy burden that riches lay on us. I ry threw it off; that, discharged of every me load, I might more light afcend to God. nd. From which wealth [faith he ifit dsewhere 1 I reaped only Apol. 1. 0. this fruit, to Contemn it; and to have possessed some things, before which I preferred Christ: and now the Word of God became to me fweet as the Hony-comb. And thus S. Basit in his invitatory Epistle + to Gregory † Ad Greg. in the praise of such a life, Naz. Ep. 1. -- Ecquid beatius, quam

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hominem in terra, &c. As there any think its b bappier, than for Man upon earth to imi Such tate the Melody of Angeis? At day-break ceed immediatly to begin his Prayers? And the in Hymnes & Songs to worthip his Creathe tor? Then, the Sun appearing, to repair Soli to his employments, but at no time mu (t without Prayer? And in his fect + Ep. ad Epistle to Chilo + his Schoatta Chilonem. lar, turned Hermite be an-. [wers the Objections, (the tera suggestions of Satar he there calls them) Go usually made against such Solitary Conhim templative Life. To which the sum of his bour Answer is :---- That, in a world, even rity of those that profess Religion, so wicked lita and feducing; the advantages in a more pref Active and fociable life of doing, or reall ceiving, good, do not equal the hazards Som of doing ill. Here then thefe two Holy Fathers lived after such a manner as Gregory Lopez, for four Years; and had fo continued, if a Superior Authority, upon a great Persecution of the Catholick Church suddenly arising under Valens an Arian Emperour, had not called them

forth to hazard their lives in its necessary

assistance, in a scarcity of Persons so emi-

nent for Learning, and Sanctity.

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Next : If from the Life of Gregory its being patronized and countenanced by such Authority, and Example, we proceed to Reason, and weigh, inits Scales, the two general different ways of living, the more Active and Secular, or the more Solitary and Retired: 1. Here, first it must not be denied, that Christian Perfection is well confistent with either; and attainable in any kind of Life, or Calling: 2. Must be granted also, that, where catera funt paria, where an equal Love of God, and freedom from Sin and offending him, are, that Life which also more abounds in the exteriour Works of Charity to our Neighbour, in which a Sored litary life feems more deficient, is to be preferred: for, it is here supposed to have reall the good which the other hath; and rds some good also, which it hath not. 3. Granoly ted also, that, whatever course we take, rein case our Neighbour in any kind needs d Sa help, and there are none else but our selves pon to supply it, here our assistance of him is neick ceffary, and our with - holding of it a an nem

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But, these being freely acknowledged, it must also be allowed on the other side in the behalf of such a contemplative Life, as ift. In respect of doing Gregory's, (b) good

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good to our Neighbour, (which indeed Fra many times is but a fair pretence, with which men cover their trafficking with the World only in the Service of their Lusts) that all such duty confifts not only in some exteriour acts of Charity performed to them; but that making continual Prayer and Intercessions to God for our Neigh-bour (for, this is part of an Hermite's work) especially if this done by a person 18 8 for the innocency and purity of his life very mor gracious with him, is no mean Att of Charthan rity: and that such a Person's Intercessions and soliciting our affairs with God is gels to be valued beyond another's, or the same, Spin Man's Almes; as much as God's help, Sain that is all-powerfull obtained by it, is to be high esteemed beyond our's: that Moses's Prayer contin the Mount conduced much more to the fractites Victory, than the Swords of those son that fought in the Vally: That the good San Example also of such solitary Contempla-tives is of no small profit and edification to others, in their contempt of all the pleafures of this world that are received by o-last thers in the society of it; and in the actual of the mortifying and subduing of all the Lusts the thereof, in shewing the non-necessity of deficitions those many things that others hold, and pent take so much care for, and the beatifical most fruition

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fraision of, and folaces in, God, which may be had in this Life: That all Members of the Body of Christ have not the fame office; and that a Christian's duty being divided between God, and our Neighbour, the No-fervice at all done to our Neighbour (excepting any case of neghcessity, where the omission of such service te's is granted a fin) may be excused in such as fon are employed mean-while in an higher and very more immediate Adoration of God: And has thus it is meet it be in Earth amongst cef. Men, as it is in Heaven among the Andis gels; where, as there are some of them me, Spirits Ministring to the necessities of the elp, Saints, fo there are others Spirits Affiltant, be higher and neaver to God's Throne, that eyer continually wait on his Presence, and nethe per cease day nor night their

bose Song of Sanctus, Sanctus, Apocal.4.8.

ood Sanctus. This of the In-

plar teriour Charity that may be done our to Neighbour in praying to God for him, and leas all the Church, and all the World: But o- lastly, as to the Exteriorer also, the Life ual of this Holy Person, as also ordinarily of usts the Ancient Hermites was not altogether of deficient; as the chief part of the day was and fent in Prayer and Contemplation, fo was ical mother part in giving Spiritual Advice to

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such as repaired to them; and in acquainting themselves with such their necessities as needed their frequent recommendation to God. Counsels proceeding from Per-Jons so experienced, and mortified to the world, and, by continual Prayer, of so much Spirit, may be thought much to ex cell those of secular prudence, and learn

ing : the Spirit of God only Rom. 8.26, knowing his Will, and di recting us according to it; 27.

and for these was this Man of God so much frequented, upon his in structions discovered to have a most powerful operation, and success. This concerning the good a life also led in Solitud

may contribute to his Neighbour. 2. But then, since Charity to our selve is to take the first place, and our own sal vation to our best power to be secured by w fen rather than, to the hazard of this, on Neighbour's: Nor is any one so rightly disposed to perfect others, that is not for first, bimself, In respect of this doing Gra good to our selves a Life more retire first and Solitary (when this is in our choice, o cafe So far as it may be observed in what-ever Pra calling,) feems to have, for the yet imper And fect, and not confirmed and rooted i que Grace and Christian Vertues, many ad vantage

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vantages before a life more active and publick.

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We know the only aime of all truly Wife is Happiness Eternal, which is not to be had in this, but in the next, World. And, for attaining this, our first and main defign is the keeping our selves (as much as we are able) from finning and offending God in any thing, little, or great; and the doing that which may ferve more to increase the growth of Grace, and the Love Man of God, and the Spirit in us; & that, in case we cannot do some good to others, without wer-apparent hazard of doing more hurt to our con selves by encountring several temptations, itude which probably we cannot overcome, we are to forbear the one, rather than commit the elve other; God being never well served in our Sal charitableness to others, where he is offended by our selves; & our Innocency first the being the only acceptable foundation of all our Good Works. Now, the surest art of t so 1. such avoiding Sin, and 2. growing in oin Grace and the Love of God, is, for the tired first, the shunning all Temptations and oceven Prayer, and Conversation with God. oper And both these a more Solitary and se-ed i questred life, and voluntarily divesting it-y ad self of all the good things of this world felf of all the good things of this world tage

The Preface

much better affords; as which, by removing the Objects and occasions, hath fewer Temptations to Sin; and, by removing all secular cares, and solaces, and objects, hath fewer aversions from Prayer, and the continual remembrance and Meditation on God.

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In which life are cut off all those Vices of the Tongue! What legions of them! To which much Converse berrays a Novice in Christ's Schoole, and one unrooted in Vertue; Blasphemy, Swearing, and using the Holy Name of God in vain, Lying, Slandering, Detraction, Flattery, Tate. bearing, and disclosing Secrets, Vain glory and Boasting, Praising our selves, or Disparaging others, Ostentation of our wit or parts, filthy and corrupt Communieation, Jesting and Scurrility, Foolish and Idle words, and unprofitable discourse; al which are to be accounted for another day: and some of which in their own nature are very great sins; and others, that are leffer, very numerous, and continually reewring, and making up in number, what they want in weight : all thefe, I fay, in this life are remedied by want of Company. Again; in which life is enadicated Cove tousness and all her Daughters, Cazen ing, Oppression, distracting Cares, by our being emo

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being without Lands, or Goods; Glintony, Drunkenness, Luft, &c. by our wanting their object, and maintenance. And, if it be lefs glarious, bere, to be vertuens, when not tempted; fo is it both our shame and ruine, elsewhere, to be tempted and fall; the sad face of the most: and, in a good choice of our Life, the main and principal confideration ought to be, not what life, if poffibly we manage it well, is of more advantage, and highlier rewarded in Heaven, but which is likelier to be more innocem, and preserved from guilt: it being far better to secure to our felves any the teast degree of Celefial Glory, than, by aspiring to an higher degree thereof through difficulvies we cannot conquer, (where alfo it is but a faolish arrogancy to think we shall overcome, where we fee most, by venturing on them before rightly prepared, have bin feiled) thus to attain none at all; and fo become eternally miferable.

As for other things whereof such a Solitary Life as Gregory's is censured, as a refuge of Sloth and declining of business by persons idle and useless, if that be performed which is undertaken, no other life seems so painful, and industrious, that intension of the Mind in continual Prayer far surpassing any Corporal exercise, or

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labour;

labour; for which reason with much diff her S culty we obtain of our selves an hour or two of Prayer and Meditation in a day; and how few are there that would not rather chuse any employment where the Body works, than perform their Devotions, where it rests? I mean with such intention of Spirit, as this holy Exercise requires, and as this Holy Person did it : who also observed, that, this attention being remitted, especially in his beginnings, the Devil immediatly suggested a Temptation. And, if such life, after some practice, grows sweet unto them beyond all the sweetnesses of this world, Spiritus enim meus fuper mel dulcis, & hærediras mea super mel & favum. Eccluf. 24, 27.) we have no rea-Son to object to them those delights, which they have earned with so great pains, and such beroical resolutions.

3. Again; no other life is so full of Mortification, as this. Where, suppose our Nature supplied with all the delicacies the can desire, and in the greatest vacancy of thoughts, yet this would seem an unsupportable burden to her to be so much alone, and disenabled from communicating to others either her good, or evil: what then must it be, when she is deprived at once of all the contents this World affords, and to

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her Solitude is added the strictes Poverty, or the foregoing of all non-absolutely necessaries: for which reason S. Austin sairb of such Hermites--- Videri illos non nultis res humanas deseruisse plus, quam opporteret; of our Lord, of the Baptist, that among those born of Women there was not a greater Mat, 11. than he; said of him partly at least for the severity and abstractedness of his life, his coming neither eating, nor drinking, nor cloathed in soft raiment, living in a Desert, and out of any conver-

fation, fave that with God.

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What is it then, that is contended-for here? Only that you secure your self from offending God in your thoughts, words, or actions, and so live in crowds, your Charity and your holy Example may do much more good; entertain also your self with all God's temporal bleffings, be honourable, (if you can), like David; and wealthy like Abraham. But, if you, aspiring to a Christian, Perfection, Shall I fay? or Security, do find the contrary to thefe abroad; that every one of these, Company, Respect, and Plenty, by your touching them defile you; and not only tempt, but conquer and master you; Or, if you see the same daily in those others, than whom you can reason-

ably prefume no greater things of your felf ? (for none know the strength of their fascin brow nations, but who try them), then flye from mei them as from a Serpent; Chuse rather that Some Cell with Holy Gregory, and live and there with Bread and Water, if not bealth permit it; I mean, withdraw feff your felf into so much solitude as your of h Condition will bear; extirpeting those this

two main choakers of the inte + Luk. 8. 14. growth of Piety +, the bat World's Cares, and not 21. 34 Mark. 4. 19. Pleasures : and let your 174 charity begin at the per- bis

fecting of your felf; and, when you are abo well confirmed in the Vertues, and experi- Go ences, learnt in such Solitude, in Silence, cro and Temperance, being content and well we pleased with the enjoyment of only neces- pro faries; and when by much frequent Prayer rej you have acquired a deeper rooting inGod's po Grace, & the Spirit, and your affections are if 1 well fixt on the things of another life, then come abroad (if perhaps you can procure it of your self); and manage all these things her temporal, when, having gotten a better Spouse, you can no more love them; and so will act in them purely for God's, and your Neighbour's Service.

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Yet, when thus, well fledged, you flye afelf broad, and your Vertues are beneficially exrom weised in publick employments, remember, that every persect Christian desires still live and envies the Solitary Life, when he canif not possefs it; or rather, if perfect, poffesset it, where-ever he is: In the midst some of his business is alone, and in silence to the hose things of this world; is praying without the intermission, and always giving thanks; the bath bis affections fet on things above, and and not on things of the earth, or this world, he was trades with; to which he is now dead, and per- bis life hid from it, being are above with Christ in Col. 3. 1, eri. God. He so weeps in its 2,3: nce, crosses, as though he 1 Cor.7.29, well wept not; rejoyces in its 30. cef- prosperities, as though he eyer rejoyced not; and buyes, as though he od's possessed not; and useth this world, as are if not using it : Lastly is an Hermite still then only living in a City, and with much Com-And Such an Hermite re it pany about him. ings here, we may imagine, would one be, that steer should be released and returned hither from and those horrid torments, wherein in the oand ther World Sin now detains him : as never thinking he had fled far enough from any temptations of that, which would carry Tet. him

The Preface.

bim thither again. Or such a life, we may think, would one returned from Paradife lead, so never for a moment to lose again the continual fight of God: and such doth every Wife man betake himself to at such time, when, having Death in sight, either by some Sickness, or by Age, he would prepare himself for Heaven. And, is not he happy then, who for always chuseth that, which men in their soberest minds retreat to; and who in this life is continually doing that, than which, when Death approacheth, he can do nothing better; and which, when dead, he shall still continue to do in Heaven, Quod non Luk. 10. 42. auferetur ab eo? In the pursuance of which devout purposes, I hope the Pious Reader will receive many very pertinent instructions by the perusal of this ensuing Relation of the Life of Holy Gregory; from which therefore I shall no longer to his loss detain bim.

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Several Testimonials concerning Holy Gregory, directed to Father Losa, the Writer of his Life.

The Testimony of the Bishop of Cibi.

He sending me the Holy and Happy Gregory Lopez, was a fingular favour and contentment to me: wherein you have done a thing deferving great thanks. For, by this History we, who are Religious, may shame our selves, and blush, seeing those that seem secular persons so surpass us; and that in a secular Habit is found a life so Seraphical, and advanced to so high a pitch of Perfection: and they who live in the World likewife may hope, that with the affiftance of the Divine Majesty they, upon disposing them-Selves thereto, may become Saints. And therefore such a Life deserves to be much read, and communicated. As for the Holy and my good Gregory, I loved him much.

And, if I forbare to conver fe with and visit him, it was, because, he not using to speak except asked, and I having the Title of a Doctor, though indeed I did very much need that which I should have learns from so good and experienced a Soul, yet possibly, my questions and converse might be judged by him too impertinent; though yet it cannot well be presumed of so good a foul. But, though by my negligence I o. mitted visiting him sometimes, when 1 might, I ever took him for what he was. His exteriour behaviour was the best, and most composed, that I have seen in any Spiritual Person: for, the mortification of his Senses, being fovery exact, shewed, there dwelt in that Person the Divine Wisdom, the Love, the Fear of God, and an abundance of Divine gifts. Bleffed be God for all: and He keep you in his hoty Service.

Mexico. Septemb. 10.

Don Fr. Pedro de Agurto

Bishop of Cibi.

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The Bishop of Mechoacan.

rm CInce I came into this Country, I have yet O not found any content greater, than t be that which I received from the relation you yet sent me, of the Life of the holy Gregory d a Lopez; which I value above my Bishopo- rick; because it contains things of great n 1 Spirit, and much benefit to the Soul. You ras. may employ your self still in writing what and you know concerning this Holy Man: for Spi- my felf I may say truly, though I have his these sifey years studied and read many ere books, I know not any that hath so exceem, dingly affected me as the reading of this; or und to which my foul fo inclines Affift me for with your Prayers, since, you know, you owe it me; and that I love, and effeem you beyond what I can express.

Valladolid. Decemb.27.

Fr. Domingo de Ulloz

Bishop of Mechoacan.

F. Rodrigo de Cabredo Provincial of the Society of Jesus.

Have with much attention viewed the and Book you composed of the Life of the that Holy and Venerable Man Gregory great Lopez; and have given a judgment as you war will fee, according to that which the Royal Ish Audience commanded me. I know well, begu that in this Testimony I fall much short, as I ho to my value of the Book; yet, to express it of o in brief, as such approbations do require, I Maj could declare it no better. Now I will here add two things for your, and my own, M consolation. One is, that I have rendred many thanks unto our Lord, for having brought to my hands this Book : fince, though I could not read it at that leisure I defired, by reason of my employments, yet Do it hath so moved and excited my tepidity, that this effect alone sufficiently shews me, how great a Friend of our Lord this excellent Man must needs be, and how much his T Divine Majesty conversed with him: inasmuch as the meet examples mentioned in his Life do so enflame even persons very re. Man miss. Whence I infer the other, which gre is my great resentment that I did not come Eye-1 hither wary

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Tellimonies.

hither into New Spain all that time which this great Servant of God lived, to conferr and treat with him in person, and benefit my self by his admirable Example, the and excellent Answers : yet I am comforted the that He, as I conceive, lives in Heaven in ory great Glory; and that there he benceforyou ward hears me, and will hear me ever; for yal Ishall recommend my self to him, as I have ell, begun to do, and will do all my life. as Ihope, through his Intercession, to obtain s it of our Lord many mercies. His Divine , I Majesty protect you, as I desire.

Mexico. Novemb. 10.

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Rodrigo de Cabredo.

Doctor Pedro de Hortigosa of the Society of Jefus.

Thath been matter of great delight and confolation to me, that the Life of our good Gregory Lopez, an admirable din re- Man, is made publick: For, it was not fit bich ogreat a Light should be bid. I, as an ome Eye-Witness, upon the acquaintance of so ther samy years can fay, he was a wonder to me,

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and I ever observed in him many signs of true Sanctity. And, setting aside the Divine light, that shined in him as in a Glass clear, and disengaged from all care of the world, as also an understanding of the holy Scripture so absolute and pure, which God imparted to him, and whereof I often made trial; Three things I observed, which are sure, and by Saints approved Marks of a solid Vertue, and Chris

Stian Sanctity.

First; the Regularity and circumspect. ness of his Words, and purity of his conversation; for if, as the Apostle S. James Saith in his Canonical Epistle, chap. 2. If any offendeth not in word, he is a perfect man, We who conversed so long with him, may well fay, he was a perfect man; since we never perceived any extravagance or discomposedness in his words, nor heard a complaint made by any concerning his behaviour; nor will a man be found that can affirm he heard him speak an idle word, or detractive, or diminutive of another's due commendation, or difgustful, or inharmonious, but with all discretion in a fit seafon; and always concerning matters of the Service of God, and edification of bis Neighbours.

Secondly; the Powerty, and extream dem

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nudation wherein he lived, abandoning not only things temporal, but also the desire and thought of possessing them; and, from a life so devoid of Covetousness, we may well infer, that he had a perfect Charity, according to the so generally received testimony of S. Augustine—Augmentum charitatis, &c. The increase of Charity is the lessening of desire; and its perfection, to have none. And what Christ our Redeemer said: If thou wilt be perfect, sell all thou hast, and sollow me.

Thirdly; the Amplitude and dilatation of his Charity, and Spirit towards all men; accommodating himself to the condition and quality of every one; endeavouring that all should perfect themselves in the Service of our Lord; by each one following the vocation and end, to which God had called them; well esteeming of, and commending all the sorts of living approved by the Holy Church, though differing from his own; without procuring or interposing himself to instruct any one, but tarrying till he was asked, and consulted: wherein he very plainly discovered his seeking God's, and not his own, honour.

Lastly; since God hath proposed him unto us for an Example of a valiant and stout Conquerour of Heaven, and all those

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persons, who with a desire of benefiting themselves have treated with him in his Life, have found much benefit and quickning in his Spirit; it hath been thought very fit that so holy a Life should be pub. Th lished, and printed, that by reading thereof all might be encouraged, and advanced, as well may be hoped from the same Lord, that called, directed, and preferved him eyou to the end.

Pedro de Hortigosa.

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the second daring hinfelf to the conductor the and quality of every one; endequeining (SW that ed fould perfect themselves in the तिक क्षेत्र के कार्य के कार कि कार ing the vocanien and end, to which God had it it called them; well effecting of, and com-Pat all the fores of troing approved by self aftering from Me his own : without producing or inverpoling the fine company on the was asked and confused: whereas sm be very plainly discoursed his seeking ent God's, and not his own, benour. 60 Lafty; fince God hath propofed bins

of into us for an Example of a valiant and done Conquerous of Heaven, and all thofe

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his Charry, and Spirit towards all men;

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The Author to the Mar quels of Salinas , Prefident of the Council Royal for the Indies,

Lthough the Solitude, wherein I live, might excuse me from this employment, yet me-thought I should wrong the heroical Vertues of the Servant of God, Gregory Lopez, and the great veneration Your Excellency always had for him, should I not have rescued his Memory from oblivion by writing this Book, and have dedicated it to your Excellency. That so, by your Patronage, you may defray the great debt, which, in the Government of this New World, is owing from Your Excellency to the Counfels, and prayers of Gregory; and, by his affistance, You may purfue the Spiritual Way, fo far as the many employments of this Royal Council of the Indies may not hinder Chaplain of Your Excellency, I desired

Teltimonies.

to present You so eminent a Pattern, a You will find in the Life of this Hol Man; who fo contributed to the confolation and instruction of his Neighbours, that he neglected not his own Spiritual Exercises: for, these are they that most secure a good iffue in all affairs, and Governments. God grant Tour Excellency, in this of Your's, all tire prosperity, and success, and an augmentation in greater Spiritual Promotion, and Bleffings.

Santta-Fe. May 10. 1612.

Francis Lofa!

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May World, is owing Youn ? edlency to the County is, and prayers of Gregory; and, by his amiance, You may puritie the Spiritual Way, to far as the many amployments of this Reyal 31 L of the Iways they not hinder

For which cause, as an ageient Chaplain of Your Excellings, I defined Toly

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The Preface to the

Hough it be above Two and Twents years ago, that I understood it was the Will of God, I should live retired from my Neighbours, and their converse, there ever remained in me a great defire of benefiting them, what I could, not only by my Sacrifices, and poor Prayers, but any other way to my uttermost power. And therefore I thought my self obliged to write the Life of this holy Hermite, called Gregory Lopez, in whose company I lived many years, and by his instruction received much good: as likewise I conceive all those will, who with affection, and pure intention, read it. For, besides that all the Lives of Saints conduce much to the advancing, and bettering Souls in the way of our Lord, this to me seems further useful, because with great sublimity it treats of the Spiritual Way, which, in these days few travel in. I know, by reason of my want of Vertue, and Spirit, I attained not to the writing some greater matters of him; and this also, because many of those things which he transatted with other eminent Persons could not

come

come to my knowledg, because I went not out of this my Retreat. But I conceive, that, so soon as they see that his Life is published, our Lord will discover the many wonders of him which they know, and which his Majesty hath wrought by his Servant. For my errours, I define of those that perceive any to pardon, and correct them; and this especially, of our Holy Mother the Church of Rome. For any good herein, let Thanks be given to our Lord; and may it redound to the Glory of his Divine Majesty, and the benefit of my Neighbours.

From Sancta-Fe, two Leagues off Mexico, in New-Spain, the 12th of May, 1612.

Francis Lofal

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Preface, p. 40. l. 9. r. extirpating.

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GREGORY LOPEZ.

CHAP.L.

of the Birth and Employments of Gre-gory Lopez till his going to New-Spain.

Regery Lopez was born at Madrid in Spain. He feemed to have had neither Father nor Mother, nor Kindred (as S. Paul faid of Melebifedech') inafmuch as never any heard him speak of his Parentage; nor, in all the time he was in these parts of New Spain, which was four and thirty years, writ he to his Kindred, of asked after them. And this hath occasioned some curious persons to imagine, that he was very nobly deformed; the Son of some prime Gentleman of Cas file? which they gathered likewise from his behaviour, being diferest, noble, and full of an humble gravity; which he manifolied when he treated with any Reclefialties? of

The Life of Grigory Lopez.

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Secular person of quality: for, observing always the due respect and reverence futable to every ones condition, he had an admitable Liberty of spirit, wherewith he spake to them and refolution wherewith her rear ed any business with them. This is the opinion, fome had of the linage of Gregory La. pez; all, that I could gather from certain difcourses I had with him on his subject, is, that his parents were rather poor, than rich; yet of what rank they were, I could never learn thought fewidayes before his death, I refolved to ask him their names, that I might make to them a relation of, and they wichorcioico, and respedification from, fo good e life, and death. Whereunto he made me this answer: Since I went ima the field to lead a folicary life, I have beld God quly for my Fasher amy Brothnen by this time may be dead for I was the yougest. Such an oblivion of his Pamily retained this Servant of Gods of Germing all nobility as baseness; and only valuing the power, that God hath givenus to make our felves his Sons in the Spirit, b He was born the ath of July in the Year 1 spe on the Day whereon was then kept the feat of S. Gregery Thannaturgus, though now this Fastivity be transferred to the dzsh of November. He was beptized in the Parkla of Sigilar, and collect Gregory, because Secular

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born on the forementioned day. The name of Lopez I take not for that of his House; but that he was willing to assume it for differing his Family. He had two Sisters, and divers Brothers; and, though Gregory was in age the yongest of all, yet it is credible, that he surpassed them in merit, and in the true Nobility, that derives from Vertue.

Our Lord prevented him with his Grace very early in his Childhood; for, asked by me on a certain occasion when he had begun to serve God, whether it were as soon as he had the use of reason; he answered, he knew not for certain, whether it were then, or a little after; but that he was very sure, that our Lord called him very early, so that he had never been a childe in his manners. And he used to say, as one well experienced, what the Holy Ghost spake by seremias: That it would go well with the man, who hath carried Gods yoke from his youth. Lam. 3.27.

In his Childhood he learnt to reade, and write, wherein he proved very eminent; as may be seen sufficiently in certain papers, we have, written by his own hand, so fair, eaven, and currous, that they look like Printe ing, it is a thing averred, and by him also plainly confessed, that he never learned Learne, nor any of the liberall Arts: Whence

it follows, that in many things he had only God for his Master; and by his fole conduct arrived to many natural, and divine truths, which men that spend their whole life in those studies, can scarcely attain to, or learn out of Books: as in its place we shall relate,

A grave, and creditable Person told me, that Gregory Lopez, being very young, went without acquainting his Parents to the Kingdom of Navarr; where he lived fix Years, or more with a Hermite; and when his Father feeking him very carefully at last found him, he brought him to Valladolid, where at that time the Court was: and there made him ferve as a Page, much against his will. Of this I have no further certainty, than that I mentioned. But I understood from Gregory Lopez himself, that he had lived at Burges, which is in the way from Madrid to Navarr: and he related concerning that City certain things of edification, and devotion, He told me also, that he had been some time a Page at Court: yet neither the bravery, nor buliness of the Court could make him forget our Lord, or that interior recollection, to which he found himfelf called. To which purpose I have heard him say that when he was fent on a melfage by his Lord it was his principall care to go talking, converting mentally with God.

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The Life of Gregory Lopez!

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He likewise told me, that, when he came to this coast of New Spain, he had fpent some days at our Lady's of Guadalupe, watching the night in prayer at that holy House, beseeching the Perpetuals Virgin, the Guide of Pilgrims, to obtain for him Light of her Bleffed Son to perform the voyage he had designed and it is certain, that most merciful Virgin by a particular Revelation directed his voyage for New Spain; which course he very chearfully undertook: and this matter he difcoursed very particularly with a certain friend of his. He likewise told me, that, being one day in prayer in the holy Church of Toledo, he received a fingular regalo, and favour from our Lord, the like to which till then he never enjoyed: and, it may be, it was concerning this his way, and that our Lord shewed him favour in it. I have not hitherto heard in what other affairs it was that he employed those first twenty Years of his Life.

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Mexico; but what beleft him in that

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The Life of Gregory Lopez.

CHAP. 11.

to leade a Solitary Life among the Indian Chichimecos.

I could never fully understand concerning Gregory Lopez what motives he had for coming into these quarters, except those above mentioned; though he could not deny to me, that the principal cause was the greater glory of God: who, as may be supposed, meant to take this his Servant from his country, and from amount his Kindred, like another Abraham; both to try his faith and obedience, and to conduct him into the Desert, and there speak to him in his heart, Hos. 14.

He was some Twenty Years old when he arrived at the Port of S. John de Ulus: and in the City of Versuruz he gave away in alms certain white Stuffs, he brought with him; which, as they affured me, might be to the value of about eight hundred Crowns. From thence he went to Mexico; but what befell him in the journy is not particularly known. Being come to the City, he was some dayes with S. Roman a Notary, and also with the

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Secretary Turcios, to get by his pen where with to defray his charges for passing to Zacatecas, where he hoped to find better convenience for that folitary life, which he fo defired. For the further certainty of this his first coming to Mexico I will produce a Letter, which Lewis Zapara in the Year 1991. Writ from the Mines of Tafee to the same Gregory Lopez to Sanda Fee, where he then was. Twenty nine, or Thirty Tears fince dwelling in the street of Tacuba in Mexico, there came a Gentleman from Spain, and lodged in my house, clad in Serge; who also fasted that Lent with bread. and water: he was called Gregory Lopez; shey tell me, you also go by that name. Do me the favour to write, whether you be he, and to commend me to God, &c. Gregory With back in the fame Letter only these words, I am be, you mention; and will do what you request me. A stile, furely, very difcreet, and to much more becoming Christian prudence, as it is far from those Complements, and superfluity of words wherein others fpend paper, and time, about things of little importance.

Gregory departed from Mexico for Zarates as, not out of greediness of wealth; which hath peopled those Mines with a multitude of inhabitants, but out of a de-

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which our Lord Christ counsels us to buy of his Majesty, to make us rich. He staid fome sew days at Zacatecas, where being one day in the chief Piazza of that City, at the time when the Waggons departed for Mexico with the Plate, he chanced to see the huge confusion, and tumults of Arrests, oaths, perjuries, threats, quarrells, and debates: insomuch as that two drawing their swords at that very instant

killed each other upon theplace,

This encreased his desire of retiring from the conversation of men, seeing what diforders, and extremities they incurr for a litle earth. And having formerly felt in himself a very vehement impulse, and clear call from our Lord to retreat to Solitude, he changed his costly clothes he wore, for a course canvas and went eight Leagues further into the Country, to the Valley of Amayac, near the Chichimecos, whose cruelty in those times was much feared by the Spaniards. But, being the fervant of God, he went sufficiently armed with patience, and having begun the war with invisible Enemies, the Infernall powers, dreaded not the vilible, Men efpecially, whose inhumanity, and barbarousness, he thought, by Gods grace,

The Lift of Gregory Lopez,

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to overcome with great kindness, and condescendence. In this place he with his own hands built a litle Cell, or Cabbin. wherein those very Indians assisted him. which continueth to this day : though more properly we may term it an Hermitage, being the first, we know of, that was made in New Spain. Here he began to lead a folitary life in his entring upon the one and twentieth Year of his age. The generous Youth then seeing himself in the field, or lifts, where he was to engage in fuch furious conflicts with the enemy; the first thing he did, was to put himself into the hands of God, and place himfelf under the shadow of his most faithfull defence, and protection, using these words. Lord here I go forth only to serve you, and not to make any account at all of my felf; if I perish, on your account be it : [and meerly for your fake]. By which words Gregory did not mean that his foul could perish by Gods means, he doing on his part what he ought, and was able: for, this could not be imagined of a person, naturally, adorned with fo great an understanding; and, supernaturally, endowed with so much light. But by this manner of speech he expressed a heart wholly refigned to God, and enflamed with the love of his Honour

Honour, that on his account, and meerly for his fervice, not his own, he came thither, and on the fame account, if for was his Divine pleasure, there would

perish.

From the very instant that Gregory Lopez made this ACt, he found the favour of our Lord very prefent with him, and began to walkwith great courage in the narow path to Perfection: wherein he went not a ftep back, nor ever stopped, nor lost fight of that light, and clarity, wherewith God guided bim in this way. He armed himself with auterities, and mortifications of his Body; which he macerated with continual! abitinences: for, he used to eat but once a day, though his meal were but fhort, & of little nourishment: (the most of his time, it was only Indian Maiz or wheat parched, with the Indians call Cacalore). And this custom he observed with fuch rigor to hisdeath, that on no occasion, though of dangerous fickness, he ever left it off: He never eat flesh, If they sent him in alms fome flices of Beef, he thankfully received them, difguifing his abstinence, but eat them not. His ordinary bread was little cakes of Maiz. He suffered some affronts from the Spanish souldiers, that passed that way to feek out the Indian Chichimecos,

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& take them prilopers. Some termed him. Lutheran Heretick, Becanfe he did not hear Mass: not confidering, that the nighof place, where it was faid, was feven Leagues or 24. Miles from his Corrage ; notwithstanding at the prime Feasts he went to hear it, and prefently returned to his folitude. Others called him fool, for chuling to dangerous a dwelling; telling him. Methinks, you fmell of the Grave already. But the fouldier of Christ little regarded those terrours, for our Lord had imprinted in the barbarous Indians fuch a love, and reverence toward him, that, though they killed with their wonted cruelty the other Spaniards there about, when they came to Gregory's habitation, they falued him by fignes, and with feverall gestures, and motions of their countenance and hands, offering him Tunas (a fruit that grows there) and fome Comes: and those who had gotten some words of Lawine faid Deografias to him; shewing themselves as courteous, and civill to him, as if he had been one of their own Nation, or their Brother; and fo they very willingly helped him to build his little Cottage. Whence may be feen, how powerfull good example, and an humble, and milde behaviour is, to conquer, and foften 12 The Life of Gregory Lopez

foften the hearts, even of wild beafts.

I have heard it related for certain, that, Gregory once making a ditch for a litle garden he had there, one called Martin Mroena, who had a farm not far from that place, faw him furrounded with Angells, wherupon he came with great devotion, and tears, and told it to his wife Donna Maria de Mercado importuning him much to acquaint her with the reason of that change, and alteration she saw in him at his return.

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The combats wherewith our Lord in this time did exercise him, and the remedies he furnished him withal, to bring him off victorious.

Atthough the austerity of Gregory in treating his Body was very great; as likewise his suffering inconveniences, and want of necessaries afforded him occasion of meriting: yet all this was pleasant in comparison of the Interior Exercise, wherewith our Lord continually tried him. And though in particular he told me

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not, in what kind, or way this Exercise, and triall was, yet he often affired me, the violence of the Combat was such, that he admired how he had been able to persevere, and that his hair stood an end, when he remembred those times. This he said being now an old Souldier and much experienced in such assaults. Upon an occasion that offered it self he, though very modestly, told a Consident of his, that he had a hot skirmish with the Devill, and came to a spirituall grappling with him; and such was the contention, that therein the blood burst out at his ears, and nostrills.

The remedy, he used on such occasions, was prayer, wherein he persevered night, and day: and it was but necessary, for his not yielding to his Enemy, to employ all his strength in requesting it. Now, among the sentiments which our Lord for his support, and consolation, gave him in Prayer, there was one very singular in these words: Fiat voluntas tue, sieut in cale, & in terra. Amen, Jesus. Which he repeated continually; so that for the space of three Years every time he breathed, he uttered them mentally at each respiration, without failing, or forgetting himself: nor did either eating, or drinking, or discoursing with any make him intermit this Exercise

The Life of Gregory Lopes

Exercise. And, I asking him if he could Div possibly semember those words, when he first awaked; he answered me, Tes: and that, so duly, that being awake, he breathed not a second time, before he called them to mind. A thing very strange in-deed, yet not impossible to Gregory, as suring with the great vigilance, and con-stancy, which our Lord gave him in all that, which he represented to him, to be the divine Will, and advantageous for

his Soul.

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At the end of three Years, wherein he exercised himself in the meditating, and ruminating on the forementioned words, finding himself much improved thereby, and greatly conformed to the Will of God, in whatfoever his Majesty thought fit to ordain concerning him, the fame Lord was pleased to put him upon another Exercise, not so much of words, as works, which was an ardent Love of God, and his Neighbours, wherein that religious Soul setled it self, as in a vertue the most heroical and most acceptable to our Lord. Supported with fo folid, and firm a foundation, he went always increaling and alcending from Vertue to Vertue, without ever cooling in this amorous affection of Charity, wherein the Divine

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number of men, who fet up the Montfield,

Gregory goes to the quarter of Alonfo de Avalos, and there determines to return to Mexico, by udvice of Father Fr. Domingo de Salazar.

Clas enjoying there freely his folitude, and meeting with occasions enow to exercife Poverty, and Patience, in the want of necessaries for his convenience, and maintenance. So that he would not have left that place, had not the Love of his Neighbour (whom he defired to tender as himself) seemed to require it. For, his manner of living in the Defert being fo new, and unufuall in those parts, some rude, and ignorant People wondred, he did not hear Mass on Sundays, and Holydays; having no remote possession nor buliness in the country, to excuse him from the Church's Precept they conceiving only temporall necessity a sufficient dispensation herein, and not the particular Call departure,

The Life of Gregory Lopez!

depa Call of God, and instinct of the Holy pect Ghoft, which drew to the defert of Egypi and Nitria, and other quarters a great number of men, who fet up the Monastick, and Heremitick life, without having opportunity in one? nay, divers Years, of fulfilling that precept, and others of like nature; from which in the judgment of all learned, and pious men they were fuffly excused. And though Gregory Lopez understood this very well, yet he conde. fcended to the infirmity, and ignorance of that people; and for avoiding all scandall, removed to the Plantation of Alonfo de Avalos, where he might hear Mass.

Alonfo de Avalos received him with much kindness, and demonstrations of courtefy, offering him a Garden, he had, of a very good aire, and fituation; and understanding, that he never eat flesh, he commanded his Steward to employ an Indian to catch certain litle fish for the di et of Gregory. He accepted the Garden; but confented not, that any man should be fet on work for him. And so the two Years, that he spent there, he lived almost only upon milk, and curds. At the end of which time (understanding, that it was Gods will) he determined to return toward Zacatecas. And the night before his

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departure, it hapned, that as he was expecting day to take his Journy, at that very time began that great Earth-quake, which fell out in those parts, in the year 1566, and, as Gregory was going to open his casement, the beams of his Chamber fell down, without doing him any hurt.

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In this his journy, he came to a farm or Mannour of Sebastian Mexia, where they gave him good entertainment, which he [staying there for some time] recompensed with his good example, and pious discourses, which made such impression on his Hoft, that forthwith quitting his curious and costly apparel he clad himself in course Cloath, such as Gregory wore: To whom he bare fo great love and respect, that he determined to put his Soul and Estate both into his hands, that so he might take charge and dispose of all according to the great prudence wherewith he perceived God had endued him. But he fuspecting as much, and understanding that Sebastian Mexia was to dy shortly, judged it not expedient for him to charge himself with anothers estate, who, (the freer to serve God) had quitted his own: and so, to the great grief of all there, he went on his way toward Zacatecas.

18 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Chap.4.

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At that time went preaching in the Mines and Towns about Zacatecas Fr. Domingo de Salazar an eminent person of the Order of Preachers; who by the familiar converse he had with Gregory took such affection to his good Spirit and manner of living, that he earnestly requested him to go to the Covent of the order of St. Dominick at Mexico, where he would procure him a cell and maintenance, there to lead his Life with the more quiet and fecurity, employing himself all alone in Prayer, and the exercise of his vocation, without totally depriving himself of the benefits and advantages which a Life in community (of Religious especially) carries with it. Gregory, conceiving that course was no hindrance to that which our Lord had discovered to him, of addicting himself to Prayer, and the contemplation of Divine things, determined to follow the counsel a man so learned and so much a Servant of God, as Father Domingo, gave him; and accepted the convenience and charity offered, and refurned back to Mexico, having lived in the parts above mentioned of Amaiac, the the villages of Avales, and Mexia's Mannour about feven years; with two months that he served a certain man on the occafion I shall now relate. He

Chap. 4. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 19

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He was apparelled, as hath bin faid, in thick course cloth, and having with time worn out his clothes he was mindded to look out some service thereabouts to get what might supply him to cover his nakedness. He came to a rich Farmer who willingly entertained him, and gave him charge over those of his family, to inftruct them, and employ them in their feveral offices. This Gregory did on the one fide with fo much care and diligence. on the other with fo much love and humility, that he made them all aftonished at his rare vertue, enamoured with his excellent conversation and company, and desirous to have him ever with them. But he, having in two months gotten enough for his poor clothing went thence, leaving them in great forrow at his departure, which they could not prevent either with intreaties, and tears, or with mony, which they offered him.

During the time that Gregory lived in the Defert, great were the terrours wherewith the Devil had laboured to affright him, and make him turn back and delift from his holy purpose: somtimes with the yells, howlings and roaring of the wild beasts of the field, otherwhiles with the cruel murders the Indian Chichimecos

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20 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Chap.4. every day executed in those parts on the Spaniards: otherwhiles he affaulted him with fundry temptations interiour, and therefore the more fubtile, and dangerous. In all which he presently had recourse to his Prayer and the Armes our Lord had fhewn and given him for his defence: which were this total relignation wherewith he put both himself and his affairs' into the hands of God. He repeated those words, wherein he had found fo much light, and erudition, Fiat voluntas tua, &c; and prostrate on the ground before the Divine Majesty he faid; Lord thou art a Father, and every thing is done in thy presence, and with thy will. With this he recovered new forces to go on in his Way.

He lived (as is faid) in great Poverty, yet never asked alms in all this time, or afterward in his whole life; but, committed all to the divine Providence ate what they freely, and voluntarily gave him, without asking: and, when this failed him, he got his living by working. He passed many days with parched Maiz: and a whole Lent only with Purslane; from whence began that great weakness he had at his Stomack, which gave him occasion enough of meriting all his Life. He fome-

Chap. 5. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 21 fomtimes used Corporal exercise in a little Garden; though the herbs he set, and cultivated, he scarce ever ate of, but in much charity gave them to such as passed by. He every day read a certain time in the Holy Scripture; and somtimes his Lection was in S. Pauls Epistles, in Spanish, before they were forbidden. Of which elswhere more at large.

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CHAP. V.

He returns to Mexico; and having bin at the Covent of S. Dominic, goes thence to Guasteca, to continue his solitary Life.

A S foon as he came to Mexico, he repaired presently to the Covent of the Dominicans to Father Dominic de Salazar, to assist him, as he had promised, in procuring him a Cell, in that holy House. But, he being not at present in the City, Gregory Lopez partly declared his intention to some very grave and learned Fathers of that holy Order, who answered him, it was not possible to grant him a Cell, without taking the R ligious habit

labit too, which they offered him with much gladness, and the joy of all. So, having staid there some days expecting his Patron, on whose word and favour he relied, and being informed by them about his not returning so soon, and that, when he came, he could not obtain his request, upon this likewise perswading himself that his vocation was not to live in Community, but solitary, he departed from that holy company to the grief of the Fathers, and himself, for leaving such pious Company.

Thereupon, conceiving it more proper for him, and in a manner necessary, to follow his first vocation, and the course, our Lord had shewn him, and in which he had proceeded fo far, to the great improvement of his Soul, he resolved to go to Gualteca; which they described to him for a vast countrey, unpeopled, but abounding much in wild fruits, whereon he might live. This place Gregory Lopez made choice of, to continue the exercises of his folitude in: and, though he might justly fear this present course, by reason of his infirmities and weakness of Body, yet he more feared the being chargeable to his entertainers and holts; a thing, wherein he was ever very cautious, and discreet.

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So, putting his whole confidence in the Divine Providence, he settled there, till God otherwise disposed of him. He lived upon fruits, herbs, and roots of the Field: he valiantly fought the battels of the Lord, continuing the exercise of the Love of God, and his Neighbour, wherein (as we have seen) the Divine Bounty had founded him, and advanced him very far.

CHAP. VI.

of agreat Sickness he had: and how some about this time conceived an ill opinion of him; but others much esteem and admire him.

Regory Lopez could have continued in this Wilderness of Guasticea all the rest of his life, had he discerned it to have been Gods Will: which his Majesty shewed it was not, by means of a very dangerous Bloudy-slux, he sent him, which he endured alone, many days, with such inconveniences, as may be imagined, in so great want of all things negerous.

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et. So, cessary for his cure, and likewise for his ordinary sustenance. But it pleased God that a Priest of very exemplary vertue, called John de Mesa (who without any stipend taught those people, liberally bestowing his Estate on the Poor and needy) had notice of his necessity, whereto he applied a remedy with great Charity: sending instantly for the Sick Man, and providing for him in his own house with all care, and tenderness.

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He was brought extreme low with this Sickness; so that being very weak, as having not been able to eat any thing for many days, he fell into a fleep, out of which he awaked fuddenly with some frength and appetite to eat, and within a short time regained his perfect health. Yet notwithstanding this his good Host would not confent that he should return to the Defert, but kept him in his House near upon four Years, with very great edification both to himself, & the Neighbours about, who upon the report of his excellent qualities came to fee him. Though he never discovered to any, who he was, nor what his Vocation, nor the Mental Exercises, he used, his meer good carriage, and exterior composition gained the admiration, and affection of di-

Chap. 6. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 25 vers. Notwithstanding there wanted not fome, that looked upon this with another kind of eye, and likewise framed a different judgment of Gregory's manner of proceeding. For, he having, as they imagined, no work, or exercise to employ himself in, they judged him for a Vagrant or unprofitable person. And the fuspicion went further : for, some took him for an Heretick, though they faw him then present at Mass, and obedient to the other external obligations of a Christian, as well as the rest. And, because on this occasion I had the first notice of his manner of living, I will here fet down the relation which was given me of him.

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There came about that time from those parts to Mexico a Priest, and among other businesses entrusted to him to treat there one was; That thereabouts lived a man, who was much suspected to be a Lutheran Heretick, because he carried no Beads for his prayers, nor used other signs, by which good Christians are wont to express their devotion and a sound mind. I asked him, whether the party spoke well in matters of faith; and if his practice were sutable: He told me, he seemed very knowing, as to the doctrine

of

36 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Chap. 6, Cha of faith, and had all the Bible by heart: as to his practice, he was a person blameless, he kept almost always alone, as though he had extraordinary bufinefs, yet never acquainted any therewith. He continues long, faith he, in the Church, and we cannot extort from him what his Country is, who his Parents, and Kindred; he treats of nothing of the World, as though he had never lived in it. I familiarly replied, that I would not have the Priest like Heli, who mistook for an effect of Drunkenness the change Anna discovered in her looks, when she prayed weeping bitterly before God. If you should see a Thief without his Beads, you would not thereupon take him for an Heretick, how much less then a person of fo good life, so well read in Scripture, and whose conversation seems to be only with God? The Priest satisfied with this reason answered, that what I said he approved of , and that he must needs be a very good Man : adding, I have a mind to carry him a hat, for, he wears none (perhaps because he hath none), and will forbear from informing the Inquisition against him, as I intended. This passed betwixt the Priest & me concerning Gregory Lopez, of whom till then I knew nothing;

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thing, nor did I then know his Name; though, by the aforefaid relation, I had a good opinion of his manner of life, our Lord laying a beginning, without my understanding so much, for the great favours and mercies, which his Divine Majesty by means of this his Servant was to do me; as shall be shewn hereafter.

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CHAP. VII.

After four years spent at Guasteca, too much known, he removes to Atrisco: and from hence for the same cause to the Sanctuary of our Lady of Remedies; where, upon new complaints made, he is examined (as before in Atrisco) by the Commandement of the Arch-bishop, touching his Spirit and manner of Life; who remains much satisfied with the Relation thereof.

He desire Gregory Lopez had of not being known, and the great care he used in conceasing his Spirit, and heroical Vertues, made him shift his station,

28 Th: Life of Gregory Lopez: Chap. fation, in imitation of the ancient He mites; who, fearing to be known and honoured by men, travelled often from place to place. So, having lived in Guafteca about four years, and feeing himself much known, and generally e freemed by the Indians, and Spaniards through instint of the Holy Ghost (for, it is conceived, he thereby always changed his flation or aboad) he departed for Atrifco; and a League off the Town, before his entrance into it, God presented him to a man of quality, by name John Perez Romero, who in his house afforded him a Lodging, and every thing necessary for his maintenance. He liked here very well; for, his Entertainers were very good Christians, and profited themselves by the good counsels, and the example, he gave them (this being the thanks and requital our Pilgrim made them that entertained him, and wherever he went.

The temper of the Country was very grateful to him, and the rivers, brooks, and fresh aire of the Fields, such as might contribure much to devotion and recollection. Yet it was not our Lords will he should live there above two Years. For, the fower of tares, and Enemy of

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chap. 7. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 29 our welfare useth to obscure and bury the Vertue, and light, which shine and enlighten us, that others may not profit, nor go forward in the service of God; as did by his means the Hosts of Gregory, and many of the Neighbours about.

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To compass his ends, the Enemy used for his instrument certain Religious Perfons that lived there, none of the learneder fort, though well-meaning, it is fikely, and zealous, but not secundum sciintiam. Who, seeing so great mortification and composedness in so young a Man, and fuch admirable wifdom, vertue, and spirit in one unstudied, and wearing no habit of any Order, wherein he might have acquired fuch excellent qualities, were greatly scandalized, and feared where was nothing to fear, and, forgetting that faying, The Hood makes not the Monk; and what the Prophet faith, Bleffed is the man whom thou shalt instruct O Lord, and teach him out of thy Law; Pfal. 93. 12. they so aggravated the matter before the then Archbishop of Mexico, that his Lordship thought it neceffary to make very particular information for discovering the truth; which being juridically done, he declared with great folemnity by publick fentence the

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30 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Chap., extraordinary piety, innocence, and ver-

tue of Gregory Lopez.

He having by this gained a greater reputation of Sanctity in the opinion of all, straight asked the leave of John Peres Romero, and, departing from him, and all his Family, and those quarters, grieved for the loss of such holy and so edifying company, he took his journey toward Mexico. And from a place near Tescuce lifting up his eyes he espied on the other fide of the City the House and Sanctuary of our Lady of Remedies; and, thinking there might haply be found forme lodging there, where he might live in the profecution of his folitary life, he made to ward it, without entring Mexico; and, perceiving the House was dedicated to the Mother of God, he rejoyced exceedingly, and purposed to continue there in the service of the Queen of Heaven. God directed all this for the good of mamy fouls there, who profited much in vertue by the behaviour and discourses of Gregory.

For some Months at his first coming none knew who he was, and scarce any heeded him: for, being extreme wary of not discovering outwardly the savours God inwardly did him, seeming rather

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Chap. 7. The Life of Gregory Lopez, 31 in his exterior a fimple man, of weak parts, and little understanding, there was none that reforted to him, or that light spon that treasure, which God had hid in this Solitude. Hereupon he suffered great necessity and lack of maintenance; to that I understood he lived there many days only upon wild Quinces.

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Yet after some space they began to obferve him more, certain devout persons from time to time, when they kept their Novendials there, inviting him to dinner. They marked diligently and exactly the newattire, and manner of life of their Some were edified with his Guest. conversation and carriage, others were affraid of it; judging it formwhat suspicious to leave the common road wherein most went. Others less advised thought him a man of ill life, and a concealed Heretick, abhorring him, and shunning his communication and company; and in this particular he fuffered much with very admirable patience: though I have not been able hitherto to learn more particufarly the notable things which there befell him.

The news of this came to the Archbishop's hearing, Don Pedro Moya de Contreras of happy memory, who, as became

fo vigilant and careful a Prelate, defired to be informed concerning the life, and manners of Gregory Lopez, and the Spirit that guided him.

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About this time I went to our Lady of Remedies to fee him; and by the discourse I had with him I was much fatisfied concerning his Spirit, and accounted him a man of folid and well-grounded vertue. I gave this relation to the faid Arch-Bishop, telling him, this was my opinion. Lordship, for the further satisfying him-Telf, and better discharging his office, intended to examine this business more particularly. So he enjoyned Father Alonfo Sanchez of the Society of Jesus, a man of great piety, and learning, much addicted to spiritual matters, and experienced therein, purposely, and with all diligence to examine Gregory Lopez, making (as they fay) an Anatomy of him, and to confider his employments, exercises, and manner of proceeding. With this Commission the said Father went to our Lady of Remedies, spending much time with Gregory, and asking him very particular questions concerning the Catholick Faith, his own customes, and Spirit; to all which he answered with such caution, and humility, and in so few words, that he left

Chap. 7. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 33 left him still more in suspense, and doubt, and more defirous of getting the truth out of him. Therefore, thinking any other course was but losing time, he resolved to fpeak plain to him; And fo with a grave, & severe aspect he thus bespake him. I defire to be free with you; My Lord Arch-Bishop sends me to take cognisance of his Sheep: answer me clearly, and plainly; To which Gregory replied: It is very fit, I should obey my Pastor, and Prelate, and your Reverence in his name. Having pro mised this, he began anew to sift him from top to bottome; asking him many, and very fubtil questions in matters of our holy Faith, and Christian doctrine: to all which he answered clearly, and distinctly, grounding his answers on the Holy Scripture, and relating the Herefies, that had rifen against the Catholick truth, telling the times, and principal heads of the Arch-Hereticks, together with the Saints, and Ecclesiastial writers. and Doctors, that have impugned, and written against them.

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This he did with fuch weight of fentences, and gravity of expression, that the Father remained assonished. But he much more wondred at the excellent solutions he gave to all those doubts, and

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to objections he proposed to him, about his Spirit, and manner of Life: perceiving in him a rich stock of divine and humane prudence. Hereupon the said Father was not only well satisfied of the excellent Spirit of Gregory, but also much affected and taken with him.

Of all this he gave the Arch Bishop a relation and account; and his Lordship was exceedingly pleased, that a man of so great vertue, and spirit, had joyned himself to his flock; and from thence forward he caused him to be much made of and often visited; my self being the

Meffenger and internuncio.

The first time that I spake with the Archbishop, after Father Alonso Sanabez had given him an account of his commission, his Lordship told me, that, among other things, which the Father said to him, in favour and approbation of Gregory Lopez, were these words: Truly, my Lord, in comparison of this man, I have not begun my spiritual A. B. C.

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CHAP. VIII.

For gaining better health he is removed to the Hospital of Guasteca; and the interior and exterior Exercises, wherein he there imployed himself.

Two years had Gregory Lopez continued in the holy House of our Lady of Remedies, when he felt himself very weak, and tortured with pains of the Stomack, and the Colick; by reason of which indispositions the cold and strong winds, that commonly blow in those high countries, were very ill for him: so that, for want of health, his removal was necessary to the Hospital of Guasteca which is in the Marquisate of Vale, twelve Leagues from Mexico.

As foon as the Archbishop understood of this resolution, he sent him a Horse of his own Stable, and some cates, together with a Servant so attend him and serve him in his journey.

We departed from our Lady of Remedies for Guaffeen, Gregory Lopez, the

36 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Chap 8, Archbishop's Servant, and my felf, in the year 1580, and fo great was the effect which they held him in, who had conversed here with him, that at his departure they all strove to get some of his poor Housholdstuff, which was at prefent two or three Sheepskins, that ferved him for a bed, and a Pitcher to keep water in. And, though I intended to get one of those Sheepskins, I could not obtain it, notwithstanding I was Curate of the Cathedral, and fo well known of all: fuch was the affection and devotion wherewith the pious people defired them.

I left Gregory on his way to Guasteca, that I might not be wanting to my charge at Mexico. He, attended by the Archbishops Servant, so soon as arrived there, was received by Brother Steven de Herrera, though the accommodations could not be great, by reason of the poverty the Hospital suffered in those its beginnings. He placed him in his own Lodging, with order to allow him necessary maintenance, and not to employ him in any thing at all. The Brother performed toward him all offices of Charity, which he used toward those that came thither. For, though the number was great, by

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chap. 8. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 37 reason of the pleasant temper of the aire, excellent for recovering of health, and the Hospital then had no revenue sufficient for maintaining the Poor, nor house to lodge them in, nor meanes to build with; yet it was never wanting competently to supply them both for their cure, and relief.

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A thing indeed, which viewed only with humane eyes may feem impossible, and too extravagant. Yet fuch was the courage of Bernardine Alvarez, the Founder not of that Hospital only, but likewife of that of the Convalescents in Mexico, and of many others which are difpersed over all New Spain, that he deferved most happy fuccess, prospering both in his relieving, and curing of many. I remember, that, when I asked this great Servant of God his confent, that Gregory Lopez might be admitted into that Hofpital, he answered me; I would to God, Father Lofa, I could bring to my Hospital all the Poor in the World; for, I have very great confidence in Jesus Christ, that be would keep them all: be it as you desire, with all my heart. And in effect it is seen. how well grounded on the Divine providence that work went; fince, within two Years after it was founded, there was in that

38 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Chap 8. Cha Exe that House of Guasteca provision for sether venty and five Persons; and from thence forward it hath so far increased, that God He keeps a Table in that Defert for all forts part of poor and necessitous; Men, and Wo men; Spaniards, or Indians; who come for cure to this Hospital, not only out of all New Spain, but likewise from Guatemala, and Peru, for the good entertainment they find here, and the plenty of all necessaries for their health, and refreshment, and the great charity and care wherewith they are looked to; fo that almost all those that go thither with In. curable Di eafes in a short time recover perfect health. This, in brief, of this famous Hospital; because I conceive, that Gregory Lopez his being there at its beginning was no small cause of its increafe.

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Herethen our Cregory had his maintenance certain under the title of Voluntary Poverty, and being also discharged of all cares (though temporal things never disquieted him) he employed himself wholly in Divine Contemplation, and Mental Exercises, perfecting himself in the Love of God and his Neighbour, wherein to many Years before he had laid the foundation. But, though his Exerp.8. Chap.8. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 30 fe. Exercife was the fame, the improvements ence therein every day were very different. God He was all day retired in a Chamber aorts part. He went forth on Sundays, and Vo. Holidays, and fome Week days to hear ome Mais; and this in the Hospital-Chappel: t of and, if fomtime Mass failed there, he ate- went to the Monastery of St. Dominic to ain hear it. And, though that place was fo very delightful, by reason of the many and good fprings, the fields, woods, and prospects, yet he never went forth to fee them, all the time he lived there, fave only once, and that at my inflance.

> He seldome vifited the Sick, because by reason of his great weakness and tenderness of constitution the ill fmell, proceeding from the contagious Difeafes that are cured there, did exceedingly hurt him. For this reafon there wanted not some of those who attended the Hofpital which murmured against him (it being no news for Martha to complain of Mary) as a shallow, impertinent, and idle Person. But those that attentively confidered the actions of Gregory Lopez judged far otherwife of him; for, they found by their own experience that Almighty God favoured and affifted them by means of his Prayers, and that there-

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40 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Chap. 8. Chap. 8. Chap. 8. by their bodily strength was increased to Vice help the sick day and night, They also man perceived the great gift of Counsel God weather had conferred on him, wherewith he wit comforted, and calmed those, that in their and afflictions and troubles repaired to him. oft He had a special talent in pacifying, and him chearing many of the Sick, who either Car through their ill humour, or the violence pro of their disease, were so cholerick and con peevish, that the Infirmarians could not ed endure them. So that, these things well Wb weighed, he was no fmall benefit to the kno Hospital; especially being one that had sho no office, or charge to meddle with any this thing therein; for, he was never one of those Brothers, called of the Convale- Fr. (cenes: and (as was faid) Bernardin Al- dice warez had commanded expresly that he don thould not be employed about any Rea fus

I have observed (not without some profit to my Soul) that the Devil our adversary having been worlted in any attempt, or skirmish, and (as they fay) layed his hands on his head, yet usually Gu returns fo fresh to the combate, fo erects his creft, fo prepares and excites himfelf, and with fuch courage renews the en- had counter, as if he had before been the fo Victor.

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p.8. Chap. 8: The Life of Gregory Lopez. 41 d to Victor. Hereupon he reassaults the same also man, as if he engaged only with our God weakness, and there were not with, and he within, us the favour of Almighty God, heir and aid of the strong one armed, Christ, fo im. oft as with Faith, and Hope we ask it of and him. Gregory, as an old Souldier of our ther Captain Jesus, knowing well this fure nce protection, when I related to him any and conflicts internal, or external, answernot ed with the Holy Ghost, well Who is not tempted, what the knows he? † As if he + Eccl. 34.9. Qui tentahad should say, He knows noqualia scit?

thing.

About this time that admirable Person Fr. Peter de Pravia of the Order of Predicants, the mirrour and pattern of wishing he dome, humility, and religion, being first Reader in Divinity, and Vicar General of the Archbishoprick of Mexico, having refused a Bishoprick (whose Soul, I hope in our Lord, is, with his Father St. Dominic in Heaven, irradiated with very great glory) went exceeding privately to Guastica, to enquire into the life, and manners of Gregory Lopez: and it is likely that fuch a one, so free from passion, had sufficient grounds moving him to go he so in person to him. In conclusion he

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42 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Chap.d Cha made a diligent and particular feruting ask concerning his manner of proceeding cefs and life, and found so good a report and whit testimony, that from thence forward he versioner him a greater respect and love. And the this I observed; though the said Father sick acquainted me with other things of very great importance and fecrecy, he never him imparted to me his intention in going thi- Ap ther.

I have also been informed, that the his Bishop of Guadalax ara with all care and tha diligence made enquiry into Gregory's nev manners, during those seven Years, which Sur we have faid he lived in that Diocefs. me And his Lordship understood clearly, hin that, though Satan used all his power to obscure the life and fame of this great Servant of God, yet he always came forth like Gold out of the Crusible, purer, and more resplendent

Gregory did another work of no small By benefit in that Hospital, which was the making a Book of Phylick, extracted from divers experiments, and the great judgment he had in the Properties and natural vertue of Herbs. This Book the Brothers found useful, and advantageous to them for their curing the Sick; and fen when they went about all the country to the

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p.d Chap. 9. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 43 tiny ask alms. And the benefit and good fucing cess of those remedies and medicines, and which by that Book they applied to sed he veral Diseases, was very strange; as if And the Author had many years studied Phyther fick.

very He many times likewise employed ever himself in making, and mending his poor thi- Apparel; for, in this he had a particular talent; and he cut-out, and made-up all the his clothes, even to his litle grey cloke and that covered him, except a hat, which he ory's never used, unless he went in a very hot hich Sun. He made him no new Shoes, but cess, mended them so well, that a pair lasted arly, him above three Years.

CHAP. IX.

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mall By reason of a great Sickness Gregory Lopez returns to Mexico : and the from thence goes to Sancta-Fe. cted reat

and Our Lord was pleased to remove this the Light, that for a while it might fhine in forme other parts. So he and fent this his Servant a purple Fever y to though at first it was not known for such. 44 Th: Life of Gregory Lopez. Chap.o. Cha He with his great courage, mortification, and and patience, kept on foot as well as he whi could for three Days, till the violence of ed his disease made him content to be treas that ted like a Sick man. He was let blood him above fourteen times, which, in one fo mu weak, was enough to have put an end to evi his life. But our Lord kept him for an this instrument of his greater glory, and the tho profit of many. So that, although he was not brought extreme low, the Divine Bounty of t restored him but his sickness left be- eve hind it some very troublesome remain- nef. ders, among which a great inflammation to of the Liver, and a little lingering Calen- ral ture, that was not quite rooted out.

This forced him to remove to a colder Climate, namely to a Town three Leagues from Mexico, called S. Augustine. He lodged in the house of John de Escobar, who had requested him at Guasteoa to come thither. From whence he writ to me, giving me notice of his arrival; this Letter I received having my foot in the stirrup to go to see him in Guasteca. went to S. Augustin's, where I found him very weak, and straitened for attendance and looking to. So, not thinking it fit upon good grounds to leave him in that place, I brought him with me to Mexico,

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P.9, Chap.9. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 48 ion, and kept him in my House some Months he whilst he was recovering; who also helpe of ed many devout and spiritual persons, reas that came to visit him, and consult with ood him about their affairs. And he did fo much good in this place, that it might be evidently discerned, that our Lord for this purpose brought him to this City: the though all the time he lived here he went not out of my house, save to the Colledge of the Society of Jesus to hear Mass; not beeven to the Viceroy's Wife, the Marchioninness of Villa Manrique, who much desired
ion
to see him, and intreated me three several times to bring him to the Palace; he der neither he needed the Lady Marchiones, nor she him. This proceeded from no small He courage and difinterest, especially in a ar, time when the Marquess was honoured to much, and the Marchiones's much obto ferved, and respected by all. Indeed his some Years after Gregory, hearing that the the Marquess was much troubled at a I message that came to him out of Spain, im faid to me : Now I would visit the Marfit Marquess and his Lady were then in nat Tescura and Gregory at Santta-Fe: whereco, by may be feen, how much a stranger he

nd

46 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Chap.o. was to the ceremonies ordinarily used among men; inasmuch as he denied the Viht in a time of prosperity which with grat ease he might have performed; and in their though it would have cost him a journy of above fourteen Leagues going and ness coming.

of t He was not perfectly recovered in lect Mexico, nor quit of his lingering Calenture; his weakness was great, and his lo p appetite to his meat small. On the ather fide he fighed after his beloved Solitude : though he had most strictly ob- gav ferved it at my house in Mexico. Yet hou notwithstanding the commodiousness of feat the Country more pleased him. Whereupon I went about very carefully to feek out some place nigh the City, where he might enjoy his Solitude, and I often vifit him, and fome way relieve his Sickness 464 and poverty.

Whilst I was thinking thus, our Lord fo ordered, that one day we two went forth to see a litle Village called Santta-Fe two Leagues off Mexico; the government whereof belonged to the Dean and Chapter of the Church of Mechoacan, It feemed to us very fit for our purpose, by reason of its good temper, and healthful

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Chap.o. The Life of Gregory Lopes, 47. a tire, the green trees, and fresh springs, the things that use to make solitude more rith grateful: Though Gregory little minded in these delights, his conversation being al-elf, together interior, as we shall shew in arny nother place. I communicated this bustand ness with Doctor Hernando Ortiz de Hinoio fa first Reader of Divinity, and Canon in of the Cathedral of Mexico, Bishop E-lect of Guatemala, who was at that time his Kector of Santta-Fe; Who, as became for pious a man, and one forward to ad-So vance and promote all good, very freely ob- gave Gregory Lopez leave to dwell in a ret house somwhat distant from the Town, of seated upon the river that runs to Mex-ice. He commanded also, that the Indi. ek ans should provide him diet at the charge he of the Hospital erected there, which likewife belongs to the Church of Mechaifit efs acan.

Gregory Lopez having obtain'd this Liord cence from Doctor Ortiz went to that Retreat the 22th. of May, 1589. on Monday in Whitfun-Week: where he continued his exercises of Prayer, and Contemplation to his Death : as shall be shewn herend It after.

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CHAP.

CHAP. X.

of the Life Gregory Lopez led in Sancia-Fe ; and his daily Exer bo ci (es.

His Mansion was new to Gregory, new but very commodious for his mo Spiritual Exercises, which were to not new, but the same wherein God had placed him at the first, though still with fit

greater advancement.

Breater advancement.

He lived alone in that little Cottage about feven Months without conversing with any, though as oft as I could I visited him; and somtimes, as I think, some other devout persons: who, when he went on Holy-days to hear Massat the Parish-Church with those of the adjoining Quarter, were much edified to see him: on which occasion some time or of the story resorted to him. ther they reforted to him.

ther they reforted to him.

By these frequent Visits I made to him his great stock of vertue and spirit every day discovered it self more to me, which made me very desirous to live in his company. I besought our Lord by my

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10 Ch. 10. The Life of Gregory Lope own and certain Religious Persons prayers, that his Majesty would let me underfland his most holy will; fince, in the judgment of many, the employment that I had in Mexico was some way profitable, and to Gods fervice. For, I had acer- bove twenty Years been Curate of the Great Church, and took the charge of the bashful Poor, whom I supplied with ory necessaries the space of ten Years and his more, out of the Alms I continually asked ere to this purpole. For which cause my had Superiors much doubted whether it were with fit to permit me to retire to a Solitary life. But at the last our Lord was pleased e a- fo to direct, that I determined this course fing was expedient, and my Superiors convi- fented to it, and gave me leave, which

the Town of Santta Fe at Christmass that verinification of Santta Fe at Christmass that verinification of Gregory Lopez till his death; acturately observing all his actions; and words, eying him very narrowly night and day, to see if by familiatity and common converse I could discover any thing contrary to the good opinion I had of his eminent Vertue. But I was so far from that, that I became much more confirmation.

ome till then they denied me.

own

to The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 10 Ch ed in the conceit I had entertained thereof which to increased in me, that every day his fpirit feemed to me more admirable, his vertues more heroical, and his conversation more celestial.

During this time, I understood and learnt from himself many of those things mentioned in this Relation; though he never fet himfelf purpofely to speak of his own manners, except on divers occasions, when hapty it appeared necessary for my profit, or that of others. And, this hap pening feldome, and unexpectedly, and never heeding the recording it, no thinking to out-live him fo, as to be able day to write of him, hence that which is here related, in comparison of what is omitted, is very little : and also those admirable lon things which I observed in him can hard line ly be well ranged in an historical difcourfe. Only I notify here that his life ed was fo uniform, that what he did one day fro he did another; and by this rule and line of he passed Months and Years: I will Pre therefore make a brief recital of his wh pending the Day, and Night, that there by some of the great Vertue he had may be collected and appear.

At break of Day he opened his Chamber, Window to begin to dispose and or

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Ch. 16. The Life of Gregory Lopez, 32 der the works of the day; and, washing his hands and face, at the beginning of day-light he read in the Bible a life a. bove a quarter of an hour, and prefently hur the Book, The end of this his real ding was only because it was the Sacred Writ, and God gave it him to read; and also that what he well understood not at one time he might at another; Especially for that he always bare fuch a respect and reverence to the Divine Writ, that upon the reading thereof he grounded that he was to do in the day; and this he did so duly, and constantly, that a few days before he died he faid to me : Thefe ten days I have not read in the Bible I I do not remember, that I have omitted it fo long at any time, fince I betook me to a Solitary life.

After his reading the Scripture followed an Exercise so internal, and secret, that from no exterior signs could the quality of it be discovered, whether it were Prayer, or Meditation, or Contemplation; whether it were about things sorrowful, or joyful; whether he were active, or passive; whether he spake with God, or God were speaking with him. Only it may be concluded by his great modelty, and the composedness of his thoughts, by

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12 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.10 the ferenity and gravity of his countenance, that he was continually in the prefence of God, without ever losing him out of his fight. And, though he never discoursed hereof with others, he told me those things concerning it which I have written already, and shall write hereafter : and likewife, on an occasion which I will relate, he discovered somthing thereof to Don Fr. Domingo de Salazar, then Bishop of the Philippines, who returning thence to Mexico for Spain came on purpose to Santta-Fe to visit Gregory Lopez, with whom he had formerly had very great familiarity, as was Taid in the fourth Chapter. When, among other questions that this Prelate asked him, one was, that he would tell him what exercise in his spirit he used, and what God then employed him in? To which he plainly answered, That his exercise was to love God, and his Neighbour. Whereto the Bishop replied : Indeed you told me these very words in Amaiac now five and twenty Years since: How is this? Have you been always practifing one thing? Gregory answered : I have ever done this; though there is difference between the work done then, and now. Whereby it is manifest, that the Presence of God practifed

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Ch. 10.) The Life of Gregory Lope. 2 53 practifed by Gregory Lopez was in no dry and sterile way, but accompanied with an intense Love of God, and jointly of his Neighbour; which is the end of all the Divine Precepts, and the top of Perfection attainable in his life. In this he spent all the forenoon and afternoon, and most of the Night. These were his Prayers, these his meditations, and this the daily bread whereon that devout foul lived. And, though it be true, that he employed himself herein all the day, yet I observed, that on Mornings chiefly he was more absorpt in this Exercise, and transported, as it were.

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He kept not, herein, any constantplace, nor any set posture of Body that he ordinarily used. He was mostwhat in his Chamber either standing, sitting, or walking; unless when somtimes he went a while forth into a Corredor or Gallery near his Chamber to enjoy the Sun. He could not kneel in his latter time by reason of his great weakness of Body.

At Eleven we two dined together with fome other Guest, if any were; for, Gregory was strange to none, especially if the person were Religious, or pious. At Dinner we discoursed somewhat of God, or of some natural things, out of which

E 3

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14 The Life of Gragory Lopez. Ch. 10, he ever extracted Spirit; taking from

them a ground for very sublime do ctrines. After Dinner we continued a while the same discourses; and, when there was any Religious man to make a third, it was strange to hear how appositely Gregory would speak; though he almost never began the discourse, nor faid any thing, unless asked, or when the

present occasion required it.

Other times I read to him at the table the lives of the Saints in Villegas his Flow Saints or the Obronicle of S. Francis, Pratum Spirituale, and other such like books: and this custome lasted above two Years. This ended, which was a kind of recreation, he retired to his Chamber, continuing his union which meither with eating, conversing and discoursing, nor with any other divertisement, or exteriour employment was interrupted. He never slept adays; and so had more time for his conversing with God

on mornings) any visit were made him by one that defired to conferr with him in private about his affairs, he denied none access, without exception of either times, or persons. He counselled all,

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comforted all, offered all his help with our Lord; so that in these last years he was more frequented, not by the vulgar only, but especially by Religious and Ecclenaftical persons, men of great learning and authority. There reforted to him alfo divers Gentlemen, and principall Ladies; fomtimes in person, otherwhiles by letter, acquainting him with their af-fairs, and requelting his counsel, and prayers, for good success therein. But, among others, Don Lewis de Velafco, Marquess of Salinas, President of the Council, who had been twice Viceroy of New Spain, and once of Peru, out of a lingular affection and respect which he bare to Gregory, came fomtimes to vifit him, and faid thut up with him two or three hours together. He found him of ability to confult with about his affairs; as well those private concerning his Soul, as the general and publick, belonging to the governing the Commonweale, and Kingdome.

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In fuch employments did Gregory, fpend the afternoon, and before Sun-fet he retired to his Chamber, and came no more out till Morning. He never used candle-light, from the time he betook him to a Solitary life: so that some were

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The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 18 wont to ask me out of curiofity; What es it be doth all night without light? not confidering, that his exercise, being interior, depended not on this material light, but on the spiritual, which he ne yer wanted, night, or day. He eat no Supper, (as is faid before): and fo was alone in the dark till Nine and a half, of Ten, when he lay down on a litle Quilt. covered with a mean rugg : and this was the foftest Bed he had. For, at first his Bed was the bare Ground, afterward fome Sheepskins, and a few years before his Death he, at my instance, accepted a litle thin Quilt, and the rugg I mentioned. On this manner he flept (to my thinking) not above two or three hours of the whole Night: For the rest he spent awake in his Contemplation till daybreak, when (as was faid) he opened his Window. He used the same emploiments, and exercises the day following, as on the foregoing; and thus fpent all those years he lived in Santa-Fe, till our Lord was pleased to take him to his eternal Reft. he retired to his Chamb. more out till Mording. He never afed

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1. 11. The Life of Gregory Lopez.

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CHAP. XI.

of the Death of Gregory Lopez, and some remarkable passages that happened in his last Sickness.

IN the Month of May, 1596. by reafon of an ill aire which feized him Gregory felt himself indisposed, and presently quite lost his stomack, so that he could fwallow nothing but liquids, and those too with great difficulty. A few days after a flux took him, (a difcase very troublesome, and, in one so weak, very dangerous). He would nor let a Physician be sent for, nor cared for using many remedies, partly by reason of the great experience he had in curing this malady, and partly because he knew the strong medicines, usually applied by the Physicians, would sooner spend that litle vigour and strength he found in himself, And, feeing how careful I was about his difeafe, and how much I defired, and endeavoured, that fome remedies should be applied to him, he faid to me; Now, Father

58 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 1

Nather Losa, let us walk after Gods pace: As who would say, that conformity and refignation was for such times, and not for talking of it, when nothing troubles us, but all goes well with us: it was likewise a usual saying with him; that Resignation is all Deeds, and hath no Words.

In this manner he passed some days with the like patience, and sortitude, wherewith he used to bear all sickness; till on S. John Baptists day the 24th of June I thought sit to give him the B. Sacrament; and asking him, whether he liked to receive It, he answered, Tes; and that he rejoiced much that it sell on the day of S. John Baptist, whom he took for his e-

special Advocate and Patron.

I gave him the Bleffed Sacrament; and fearing his End was very near I had the Holy Oile ready, whenever it needed. For, belides his great weakness, and little ftomack, he was troubled with a Hickup very painful, and his pulse beat with intermission. Yet, for all this, so great was his courage, that the same day he received his Viaticum, and all the days following he rise, and made his Bedhimself, and dressed himself. He always, to his death, rise to the stool; and, though convenience were offered him for saving such a

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Ch. 11. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 39 continual trouble, he would mortify him-

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He grew every day weaker, and una-ble to eat preferved himself meerly with firong waters, which persons of quality fent him from Mexico, vying with one another as it were. Which, when he confidered, admiring the ways of God, with great resentment he said; Wonderful art thou, O Lord; fince a man, who in all the world poffeffeth not a pin of his own, should, to sustain life, need the waters of Princes, and Kings, and should find perfons to give

them bim, without asking!

The Festival came of the Glorious Apostles S. Peter, and S. Paul, when, thinking my Sick man would not out-live that day, I minded him that it would be feafonable to give him Extreme Unction. He was glad that this Sacrament was to be administred to him on the day of these glorious Princes of the Church, whom he fo dearly loved, and ever defired greatly to serve. The time being come wherein I was to give him absolution in vertue of the Bull of the Holy Cruzada which he had, I bade him to feek out fome fin, though of former years, that I might abfolve him, and apply to him the Judulgences of the See Apostolisk. Where to he

60 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 11, he answered, that, Through the mercy of God, he found nothing that troubled his Conscience. Which is to be understood in the matter of Mortal Sin: Whence may be inferred, that he never committed fuch, all his life : for, he was not ignorant that none ever lived without Venial Sins, except the Virgin Mary our B. Lady. It may be also, he then meant that he did not remember any Venial Sin; not for that he never committed any; but because having committed none wittingly, and being asked on the fudden, it was very possible that at that time he remembred none. Hereupon I gave him the Sacrament of Extreme Unction. Afterward, importuning him to permit fome sheets to be brought, him, a little to mitigate his great pains, he answered; Now, as one besmeared with oile I may admit them. And, thinking his death very near, I asked him; Will you dye now? Then, speaking to himself, he said; Now, Nature, wilt thou dye? By this shewing the compassion and pity which the Spirit had to the Body, or the Superior part of his Soul to the Inferior, and Sensitive. For, this division, and anatomy of the Inward, and Outward Man, and of the parts of both, Gregory very well understood,

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Ch. 11. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 61 flood, and very fubtilly discoursed there of.

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The bodily pains he suffered were fo violent, that, I once asking him, how he did, and where his pain lay; He said, that, from the fole of his foot to the crown of his head, every part of him was extremely pained. And, befides, our Lord on the other fide afflicted him fore in the most interior and fensible part of his foul; that fo both within, and without, he might have more ample occasion of meriting. Concerning which I will here relate one passage, as being very notorious in Mexico, though I know not whe ther all recount it with its due circumftances, and therefore it is fit to declare the truth. I will suppress the Persons names, because such, as know them, will easily guess them; and such, as do not, need not.

Among those Persons of quality that came from Mexico to visit Gregory Lopez in this his last Sickness there was likewise a very eminent Lady, Wise to a Nobleman, who served his Majesty in very honourable place. She gave not so good example, as was wished, in the City, both in point of bravery, and immoderate expence, as also in playing at Cards.

Cards, wherein she lost much time, and mony; drawing after her some other Noble Women, who, under her wing, adventured to loose the reins to this vice, without their Husband's being able to hinder them. Now, this Lady came to Santha-Fè, the third of July, seventeen days before Gregory died, to visit, and cherish him. For, though, in the things mentioned, she was somewhat faulty, yet,

in works of mercy and pity to the poor

and afflicted, the was ever very much

famed.

As foon as I heard of her coming, I fent her word by means of a certain Friend of ours, that came with her, that the was not to enter within this house, who had benefited fo little by the prayers, and labours used therein: fince, having been here before, the had not left gaming, nor removed the scandal which the gave thereby, being a kind of martyrdome to a person of that eminency that her Husband was of, and therefore the might return to Mexico; for there was no means of feeing the Sick Man; not did he defire to receive her Alms. She made divers replies, and, in this dispute, three or four hours were spent in meffages fent to and fro; without my confen-

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ting that they should come to visit him. So, whilst she expected my last resolution and answer, this our Friend, I spoke of, and others assured me, she came with a great defire to amend, and quit idleness a gaming, at that therefore it would conduce much to the furthering her entire conversion to comfort her, and comply with her so vehement defire. Wherewith I was pacified, and meant, she should see him.

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As the entred at the door one of her Sons told her, Father Lofa was refolved, you should not come within this door. Whereto the answered, He bath reason, but I will amend. Then, beholding Gres gory, the much pitied his mifery, and began presently with her own hands to ferve him kneeling by his Bed-fide, and to dress his Meat, wherein she had a special faculty; though a better, in earnestly recommending her felf to the Prayers of Gregory, and using in time that good seafon which was almost gone. That time the flayed here the was forenoon and afternoon a great while with the Sick Man. befeeching him on her knees, and with lamenting tears, to recommend to our Lord and take charge of her foul.

Hereupon the began to feel a great al-

64 The Life of Gregory Lopez, Ch. 14 teration in her Mind; for, now the del lighted in treating of Divine matters and of amending her life, and there immediately burnt a pack of Cards, the the brought in her fleeve to pass the time with, and came to me to Confession! from which time I discerned an advancing in her foule. In fine, a few days before the was to return to Mexico having, as the used, requested the Sick Man one morning to affift her with our Lord, the turned to me very chearful, and faid: Father Lofa, bear me witness, that Father Gregory Lopez bath promised me, when I dy, to come, and conduct my foul to Heaven, because I know not the way. And turning to Gregory the asked him: Do you promife me this? Whereto he answered; Tes, I promise it you. After this conference enfued two things very remarkable: One, that the pains, and cross which our Lord inflicted on Gregory, increased exceedingly; The other, that this Lady was instantly struck with the same disease, whereof he died: which notwithstanding, the stayed two days in this Town ferving, and, as far as her indisposition permitted her, cherishing the Sick Person, and shedding on her knees before him bitter tears of repentance. With this affu-

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ar ar ch.11. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 64 assurance (her malady increasing) she returned to Mexico, and at her departure Gregory said to her: Fare you well; for, by reason of the weakness of our bodies, we shall here no more see one another.

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his TuAs foon as the came to her house the writ me certain pious expressions, whereby she discovered her Soul was powerfully touched by the Almighty hand of God; and, among other things, she told me, that the Physicians of her Body applied many and good remedies to her, for cure of her disease, yet that which she principally desired and requested was, that the Physicians of her Soul would earnestly recommend her to God. Her malady increased daily, together with a consultion and grief for her sins, and the signes of a true repentance.

After the same manner I also perceived the pains, and torment of Gregory to increase; and so, as the Lady was very near her end, there came hither Martin Lopez of Gaona a publick Notary to visit, as he used at other times, our Sick Man, bringing a message from the Lady, who intreated him not to forget her. And the same request he made for himself, and his whole Family: whereto Gregory answered, as one that had a great load.

on

on him, I do fo; I feet her very heavy upon me. A thing to me very firange; for, I never observed any matter trouble him, or make him express his grief, except this occasion. To conclude, the Lady died, leaving great fignes of her Salvation, and giving at the hour of her death so many, and evident tokens of true repentance and forrow for the evil example; whereby she had seduced others also, that this suddent change was of no less edification, than her former extravagancy and vanity had been of scandar.

When, within a few hours, the news of her death arrived, I told it to Gregory who with fome figns of joy faid only thefe words, God is powerful, Pfal. 88. 9. asked a Brother of the Convalescents called Manuel Sarmiento, who never left the Sick Man, whether he had observed any thing extraordinary in him at the time and hour when that Lady's death was told us; and he answered me, he had! for he at that very time faw him tranfported, and in an Extafy. Whereby ! conceived that our Lord was pleased to accomplish Gregory's promise, and that he had been prefent in spirit at the death of his dear charge; accompanying her to Purgatory, that, when he departed this

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the Chirr. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 67 present life, he might take her with him to Heaven. Of this I have no certainty, but, according to this relation, it may be proufly believed.

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All this Story I have told, to manifest for faving Souls; and the Better to thew, that the Love of his Neighbour, wherein tand together with that of God he was contialfo, hually exercised; was not a meer Specu-ise lation or Castle built in the aire, but that he took much to heart the spiritual lofs of Souls, and with all his power enews deavoured their recovery, though at his ory, own colf, and by undertaking himself ness the punishment due to others offences: as, indeed He feems to have fuffered, in this occasion, those, which the other owed. For, belides the acute bodily pains which he felt from foot to head, the inward crofs he fullained, after his taking that Soul into his charge, was very heavy; fo that he wondered at himself : and he, that never was known to com-plain of any thing, at this time was wont to say with great feeling: Jesus, God belp me, what a great Purgatory is this? And, once, as I was about to go away upon some business, he stayed me, saying: Bear me company. A great Mystery

68 The Life of Gregory Lopez, Ch.11 had that speech of Jesus Christ to his Apo. files, that they should tarry with him. Shewing thereby, that he found his Sou exceeding destitute of the favours and comfort, wherewith at other times our Lord, in fuch exigences, was wont to relieve and folace him. Yet the great ness of his Valour and Magnanimity, wherewith he endured this, the integrity of his Faith, and the Confidence he put in God, was that I most admired in him. And, whereas his Exercise, after his going out to live folitary, was to quicken this Faith, and still closer to knit the union of his Soul with God, his Heroick Vertue in this kind now upon feveral occasions evidently manifested it felf.

I was wont in this his last Sickness often to ask him, how he went on in his exercise of the continual Act of the Love of God, and he always, even to his Death, answered me, Very well. And, to make this more evident, I will here set down Questions in particular, which I put to him, when I saw him most afflicted, with

the Answers he gave me.

I once asked him; Do not so great pains withdraw you somwhat from God? He answered: Not a jot. Another time, seeing him much afflicted, I

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Ch. 11. The Life of Gregory Lope. z do sked him; Now, is your Mind on God? He replied : Where elfe should it be ? Being nigher his end, in the pangs of Death, I asked him; Now do you well retain God? Not ill: replied he. On another occasion, having been very much recollected he turned to me, faying: Perfeverance with peace is of great value. And, when I comforted him, faying, our Lord led him by the Crofs, as he did his beloved Son; I am glad (faid he) I am glad, that his will is fulfilled in me. Laftly. when I thought it time to give him the Holy Candle for an happy departure, I used these words to him; Now is the time to go fee the Secret ; Will you have the Candle? (alluding to the story of King Don Alonfo the Eleventh, furnamed The Wife, who, in the like paffage faid, Give me this Candle, let us go fee this Secret.) To which Gregory answered with a wonderful confidence; There is no Secret, all is clear, and it is Noon-day with Me.

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With this valour, and invincible courage, full of Faith, Hope, and Charity, taking a litle after the Candle, he furrendred his Soul to his Creator, to continue for all the Eternity of God himself, absorpt, and drowned in the immense

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Ocean of the Divine Charity, that delicious affection of Love, wherein (as much as is possible for humane frailty, in this Exile) he had always endeavoured to exercise himself, and advance further. He died on Saturday at Noon, the Twentieth of July in the Year 1506, on which day the Holy Order of the Carmelites keep the Festival of Saint Elias, first Father and Founder of their Solitary Life, which Gregory Lopez had so perfectly obferved. ch

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He lived Fifty-four years, whereof Thirty-three were spent in Solitude. His Body remained, as if he had been alive; and, to our thinking who food by, refolendent. We immediatly perceived a very pleafing fent, that proceeded from his Body, and remained in the Room where he died. And (which excites greater admiration) the same fmell adhered fto the Garment which we put on him for his interment, and his clothes retain it to this day. It is likewise remarkable, that, there being present at his death the Canon Nicolas Martinez, Rector of this place, and my felf who had been Curate Twenty Years, and three other devout Lay-men, none of us thought of faying a Responsory for the Dead;

Ch.11. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 71 Dead; so great was the Joy we took in beholding him, and which his happy pas-

fage caused in us.

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His Body was interred in the Church of this Village, by the command of Doctor John de Cervantes Vicar General to the Arch-Bishop, the now Bishop of Guaxaca, who, hearing of Gregory Lo. pez s Sickness, whose piety was very well known to him, some days before his decease came to visit him, and to desire he would order his being buried, where the Lord Archbishop of Mexico or his Vicar General should appoint. But, before he spoke to him, conferring about this with me, I answered, Gregory took no care for his Burial; that all was at my disposal; desiring that his Body should continue in the Church at Sancta-Fe. Yet I was not willing to determine, till I had fpoken with him: So, telling him what the Vicar General requested, he faid these words; Let the Vicar General's will be done; for that is God's will. So, it being taken under Witness before a Notary, the Vicar General commanded Him to be laid in this Church; yer hereby referving a right and power of translating Him to the Cathedral of Mexico, when it was the Lord Archbishop's pleasure.

Providing hereby with great prudence and mature judgment, that, if, in tract of time, our Lord pleased to discover by Signes and Miracles, how much he delighted in this his Servant, the City of Mexico might be honoured with the

Treasure of his Holy Body.

There were present at his Funeral many eminent and devout Persons, who from Mexico and other parts reforted hither only for this cause, bringing Torches and all things necessary forthe better folemnizing that Office: which was performed by the Lord Don Alonfo de la Mota, and Escobar, Dean of the Holy Church of Mexico, and then Bishop E. left of Guadalaxara; now of Tlaxcala, His Body was interred near the High Altar, on the Gofpel fide. Many perfons, that touched him four and twenty hours after his death, found his Limbs as flexible, as when alive, though commonly dead bodies grown cold become stiff, that their Joints cannot be bent. Some fay, that God useth to bestow this Gift and particular Priviledge on Virgins Bodies; as his doubtless was.

At his Burial likewise was smelt the sent above mentioned, which so raised the People's devotion, that they strove

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to cut off pieces of his Clothes, accounting it a great happiness to get any part thereof. His Funeral was solemnized on S. Ann's day: Doctor Hernando Hortis de Hinoiosa, Canon of Mexico, who died Bishop Elect of Guatemala, preached thereat.

CHAP. XII,

of other remarkable things, whereby our Lord evidenced the Sanctity of Gregory Lopez.

A T the same hour that Gregory died, a Religious Woman, much exercised in Vertue and the way of interior living, with whom the Holy Man communicated in the union of Spiritual Life, being in Prayer absorpt in Spirit, saw Him come toward her, saying these words: Sister, I am going to Heaven; you shall not go so soon, because your presence is necessary for the service of God, and comfort of this Convent: And so he instantly disappeared, leaving her soul much edised, and sully resigned to the will of God; though her desires were to be loosed from

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74 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 1 from her mortal flesh, and be with Christ ein ol She, before the news came to Mexico o and Gregory Lopez's death, imparted the the v Revelation to her Confessor; who, certhey tified of the truth of it, counselled the faid party to conceal what had been revealed to her, till God should declare what was to be done. He also advised her, by ufing more prayer, to try whether this Spirit were of God, or some evil Angel. Twelve days after the told her Confessor, it was our Lords will, she should reveal this to me; because I had enquired concerning what had paffed. And thefe words also were spoken to her from the mouth of her Heavenly Spoufe Jesus Christ: Wherefore, thinkest thou, is Gregory feated near unto me? But because, for me, he for sook all the temporal things of this life, and lived with inward Recollection, and silence.

I was told by a Religious Woman, of whose Vertue and Spirit I am much fatisfied, that some five years before the Death of Gregory as the lay on her Bed after Prims (because at that time she was fick) our Lord in her fleep shewed her the Heaven open, out of which went in Procession all the Religious Orders, and divers Martyrs, and likewife the B.Vin-

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in our Ledy, with many Women-Saints, and Christ our Lord with his Apostles; the wondering thereat, it was told her, they went to visit the holy Gregory Logez who was sick. Afterward she heard that he was then like to dy, and in five

days he had not eat a bit.

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A Person, whose wisdome, vertue, and himility is very well known to all, out of an affection of devotion, and love which he bare to the holy Man, defired him a few days before his Death to remember him; he promised, he would. And, the first Saturday Night after his death he faw in his fleep a Vision, wherewith he awaked, and perceived it was the shape of Holy Gregory, whose bleffed Soul united it felf to the body of this person, and with very great Jubilee made him bless and praise God in his Saints, and especially in the Holy Confessor Gregory. This paffed a while; and he composed again to rest with much joy and consolation felt himself again touched all over his body; and, being awaked, a fecond time that appearance of Gregory seizeth him, moving him extraordinarily, and urging him to praise God, without his deliberating thereon, or being able for an instant to ceafe. It likewife made him discerne,

and confess, how priworthy he was of such a favour, and how much obliged to ferve God, and render thanks for that Visit of his faithful triend.

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A Servant of God's of approved vertue, (whom our Lord instructs, and encourages by frequent Extafies, Rapts) being one day, ten years before Gregory died, tortured and full of pain, inwardly recollecting himfelf he began to contemplate the sublimity of Gregory's Spirit. And, being rapt in spirit by this confideration, there was represented to the eyes of his mind an Image fo Crystalline and transparent, as he might see through it; and it was told him, Such is the Soul of Gregory Lopez. At which he wondred and rejoiced exceedingly, telling it to Gregory, who answered him not a word.

A certain Religious Man, that led a Spiritual life, much addicted to Prayer, as he was praying once in the Quire, receiving from God by Gregory's intercelfion fuch a clear knowledge of his nothingness, as much edifies all that converse with him, and likewise such a great love of God, and union with his Divine Majesty, that, it being about two Months since he received this favour, he hath

ch. 12. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 77 hath never discontinued this Union, but persevered in one continued Act there-of.

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A certain Priest, much affected with the vertue and Spirit of this Holy Man, and who had great hopes of being affisted in the presence of God by his Prayer, thinking once on Gregory (who died a little before) and on his happy condition, and how prevalent with God he was, was bid in his sleep, Ask, ask; and in obedience to the direction he asked our Lord a thing which, till then, he could never obtain. And presently the same day it was granted him: and by this means he procured other things, not for himself only, but also for others.

Another man, one spiritual and devout, who was wont to come and ask counsel of Gregory Lopez, desiring the same likewise after his death, it was said to him: Judge not thy Neighbours, and be more Temperate. Wherewith, he told me, he received considerable benefit in his Soul.

Many other things, like these, our Lord hath effected; whereby is discovered the great glory, with which his Divine Bounty hath honoured Gregory; fince his happy Passage; and by nume-

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78 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. i. rous Miracles atteffed his eminent fan City.

CHAP. XIII.

Of some Miracles, which God did by the Reliques of Gregory Lopez.

T is usual, and peculiar for God to en- we noble his Friends, not in their celefti der al Country only, where they live he eternally, but in this Exile likewife, me where they are deceased; and to honour fuch at their Death, who honoured him Gi in their Life; and, for manifesting the ing righteous works of the Just, to effect by ger him works miraculous : God's power by a f Miracles honouring him, who ferved fw and honoured God by his Vertues. And, thu because those of Gregory were so conspi- to cuous, the Divine Bounty hath done and blo doth every day fuch a number of Miracles wh for this his Servant, that, had any care na and diligence been used, in collecting and approving them, we might at present compose a very ample Relation thereof, And trust in God, he will not cease to do more, for his greater glory, the ho-

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Ch.rz. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 70 nour of this Holy Man, and our profit and edification. I will here relate only fome of the most authentick, and unquestionable.

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That very day he was interred, an Indian Woman of quality, Wife to the Governour of this Village, lame of one Arm, and in great pain thereby, at the same instant that she took Gregory Lopez's Hand into hers to kifs it, found her felf en- well and cured, and quit of all pain; reneffi dering thanks to our Lord for the mercy live he had shewn her by this his Servant's ife. means.

out Four days after Gregory's death, a litle him Girl of five or fix years old, that by eatthe ing of earth had got a difeafe very danby gerous, by reason of great obstructions, by a swelling in her belly, a strong fever, with wed swellings in her head, and heart. Being thus, fore afflicted, fire faid these words fpi- to her Mistress (a Lady very Noble in and blood, but more in piety, and the retreat which the chofe, and observes in the Mocare nastery of our Lady of the Conception, at and Mexico) Mother, left God take me away, fent apply to me that little welt of Gregory Loeof, pez's, that was given you : for he will cure to me. The Lady did fo, leaving the Child that night in a great Fever; and, when the So. The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.13

the rise to Martins, (as she used to do) went to see her by the way, and found her quit of her sever, and ascep. She awakens her, and asks her, Child, how dost thou? Well; replied the, for, your Saint hath cured me of my distemper. The Lady aforesaid gave our Lord many

thanks for fo great a Miracle.

Another principal Lady in Mexico had fuch a violent head-ach, that she was like to go besides her self, and, finding no help from any other remedies, she light on one very singular and efficacious, in having in the house a Sleeve of Gregory Lopez's Doublet, which was preserved with great devotion and veneration. They laid it on her head, and immediatly she took some rest, and awaked perfectly cured of her grief.

A Child of three Months old, the first and only Son of his Parents, who were of the best rank in Mexico, had a strong Fever, unable either to suck, or sleep. In this sadness and affliction of all those of the samily, and kindred, a Servant remembered her self of a certain Relique of the holy Gregory Lopez that was in the house; which at the same instant that it was applied to the Childs head, he self alleep, and some sew hours after a

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waked, took the Breast, and was well. His Parents and those that were present gave great thanks to God, and the Saint, for this Miracle.

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In the fame City was a Priest in such extreme pain with the Toothach, that for three days and nights he could not rest one minute, and by its violence his sace was much swelled. His Mother gave him a piece of Gregory's garment, which he with faith and devotion applied to his Cheek', and presently sell into a sleep, which continued from Nine a-clock that night till morning, and awaking sound his sace without either swelling, or pain: attributing so sudden a recovery to the Holy man's intercession, and rendering for it thanks to our Lord.

In the house of a Gentleman of Mexico, a person well known in the Kingdom, there besell a Slave of his such an unexpected accident and sad missfortune, that, by reason of a sit he had, all present took him for dead. A Gentlewoman that was by, remembring that she had in her custody a piece of the Shirt in which Gregory Lopez died, (given her by me) sent for a little Casket, and, taking out the said Relique, she laid it on the insirm Man's forchead, and immediatly he came

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to himself, perfectly well, though exceedingly bruised; and being asked, what he felt, he answered, Nothing. All that faw the passage with its particular circumstances could not but ascribe this cure to a Miracle, which our Lord wrought by his Servant Gregory Lo-

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In the City de los Angeles an Honourable Lady was near the point of death by the Meazils that befell her nigh her time of lying in, the Infant being dead in her Womb. Her Husband, feeing her in such danger, intreated a Brother of the Convalescents, called John Valleio, to go wist her. He went, and took with him a piece of Gregory's garment, and, applying it to the sick party's neck, said to her: Madam, trust in God; for his Servant Gregory Lopez will obtain your recovery; and bear great reverence to this his Religie; as it feems, she did: for, being safe delivered, she was presently well.

The faid Brother in the same Town applied that same Relique to a sick Woman, who a long time had such terrible pains in her head, that she cried out continually night and day; wishing her to put great confidence in our Lord, that by the merits of Gregory Lopez he would give her health.

Chara. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 83 health. His Majesty presently did so; and she was very thankful to God; and devout to him, who by his intercession had freed her from so excessive pain.

In the City of Tlaxcala a Young man had a miserable Leprosy, and having tried divers, and spent much in order to his cute in vain, a Brother of the Convalescents gave him a piece of Gregory's garment, bidding him apply it to his neck;

ment, bidding him apply it to his neck, and take this Servant of God for his Advocate, with great confidence of his recovery. And within eight days space he grew well, and quit from his Leprosy divulged this Miracle, publishing with

fignal gratitude the wonders of God, and the praises of Gregory.

In a Village of this Kingdome (called Hibualapa) a Gentleman for Sixteen Months was tortured extremely with the Colick, without being free one day or hour in all that time; years the last twenty days, his pain left him not one minute. A Gentlewoman happened to be present, Wife to the Chief Justice of that Province, who told him albe had seen wonderful things done by the devotion those inher house bare to the holy Gregory Lapez hand, if he, withdise faith, took him for an later effor to the Divisor

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Goodness, he might be consident of health. The Sick Man hearing this took a piece of Gregory's Shirt; applying it to the place where his pain was sharpest, and, holding it there a little while, prefently voided a stone of the bigness of an ordinary Pine-kernel. Hereupon he recovered, never after feeling the foresaid pain, and held it for certain, that this savour and cure was granted him by the merits and intercession of Gregory Lopez, to whom he continued very devout and grateful.

A Brother of the Convalefcents, called Alonfo de la Fuente, was fix years in the Hospital of Guasteca, almost continually fick, full of plaisters, and both legs having ulcers running upon them. The Chief Brother feeing him thus helplefs, and that, besides these and other indispofitions & pains, there rife in his forehead a knob or swelling as big as an egg, and another in his ankle, little lefs, both very painful, he removed him to the Hospital in the Island of S. John de Olua, conceiving that, it being a hotter Climate, he might recover there. It fell out quite contrary; for, by reason of the moisture from the Sea, and the cold of the Northwinds, he grew much worfe. This Bro-

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Ch. 1 3. The Life of Gregory Lope 2 85 ther being one day extreme fad and troubled, recommending himself to our Lord, and his Saints, earnestly befought the Servant of God Gregory Lopez to procure him his health; and recalling to mind certain Reliques of his given him at Guastepa, he applied them to his head with a night-cap, and to his leg with bands, and taking off the plaisters and patches, he wore, threw them into the Sea; and within three or four days, after he had applied the faid Reliques, without any other medicine, he found himself perfeetly cured of his Maladies, swellings, and pains, which never troubled him more. Whereby he plainly perceived, the intercession of this his great Servant was very powerful with God.

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and his Saints VIX . TAHOORS in to de

Having hitherto compendiously related the Holy Life and Death of Gregoty Lopez, Father Losa proceeds in the remainder of his Discourse to declare more particularly his great Paris and Science, both in Divine and Humane Learning; and his many eminent Vertues, and Perfections. And, first, of the admirable Knowledge of Holy Scriptures which God had bestowed on him?

Though Gregory never much applied himself to the study of learning, or even of the Latin Grammer, yet he understood the Holy Scripture, and (in the judgment of very learned perfons) rendred it in Spanish with such propriety, and selicity, as if he had spent his whole life in the study of Latine, and Divisity. So that divers, observing him with such strange quickness and command thus to turn the Bible, and read it, son

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Ch.14. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 87 (on feveral occasions that were prefented) might conceive rather, that he read things written in his Mother-tongue; than rendred them out of another. had by heart all the Historical part of Scripture; and word for word the Gafpel of S. Matthew, and S. John; and those things of the two other Evangelists, which these omitted; as likewise S. Paul's Epifles; and the Apocalypie. In fine, he had so perfect a knowledge of all the Sacred Writ, that, being asked of any Text, or Sentence there, he always recited it with a maryellous readiness, and certainty.

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Father Peter de Pravia, Vicar General of this Archbishoprick, came to visit Gregery, when recovering his health at my House in Mexico, and chanced to ask him a place of Scripture, which after long studying he could not find either in the Bible, or Concordances; Gregory, hearing it, faid; This place is not in all the Bible; but there is another like it, which is this. Then immediatly opening the Bible he shewed it the Vicar Gen neral; and it was the fame he looked

for. Three Doctors of Divinity of the Royal University of Mexico, conferring in this

88 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 14 Ch Village of Sancta Fe with Gregory Lopez Ro about some difficult places of Scripture intreated him at the fame time to tel them, if there were any Text that treat ed of a certain matter, which they then named. To the difficulty of the Texts he answered very clearly, and cited one exceeding pertinent, which they, though fludying the point with extraordinary diligence, had not found; whereat, being altonished, they said in my hearing: This is an able man indeed, what is our knowledg to his? Beatus homo; quem Tu erudieris, Domine : Pf. 93.12. Bleffed is the man, whom Thou hast instructed; O Lord.

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In the same Town certain Religious men, very learned, in his presence spoke a Sentence, as out of Scripture, whereupon he replied : This is not Holy Scripture: they, greatly wondering, fearched the Bible very carefully, and found he faid true. It was admirable to fee, how certainly and punctually he knew, in how many places of Holy Scripture fuch or fuch a thing was faid; and whether it were there, or no. A Religious man, who had been a Publick Reader of Scripture, and much communicated with him, faid to me (as one that very well underflood

Coper Rood him) these words: I talk with so ture, much caution concerning Scripture to none,

creat Certain Prebendaries related in his hearing concerning another, (who was present) that he had all the Halter by heart: He answered; The thing to be abough freemed is, to benefit thereby in time of need. For herein he was singular, that his me-

mory furnished him both with places, and things, when there was need.

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There were some Preachers, who, upon occasion of retiring themselves to Sancta-Fe, being to make a Sermon, would say; There was no need to carry Concordances, where Gregory was.

Don Pedro Moya de Contreras visiting his Archbishoprick came to Guasteca, where (then) Gregory Lopez resided, and, making me the Messenger, sent to ask him a certain doubt; to which he answered so prosoundly, that I durst not bring the answer, but returning with the message to his Lordshipsaid: I would rather, so good reasons, as Gregory Lopez, bath alledged, were beard from his own, than my, mouth: and so he may give you his answer himself, when your Lordships goes to see him. Afterward the Archbishop went and heard him, and was much

much fatisfied, and exceedingly aftonished, and faid to Me: Inever imagined, he knew so much.

Twenty years before Gregory's death, in the presence of three learned and grave Religious men of the Dominican's Order, Frier Dominic de Salazar, who died first Archbishop of the Philippines, said of him; What is this, Father? That we, with all our studying our whole lives, know not half so much, as this Yong Man.

Many learned persons, that came to be resolved in doubts out of Holy Scripture, returned fully fatisfied, and amazed at the great light God was pleased to communicate to this his Servant. Among others there came to Sancta-Fe a Doctor of Divinity, who a few days before had been present at some Conclusions out of Holy Scripture, which had bin defended in the Schools of the Society of Jesus at Mexico, upon that place, Malach. 3. 1. Ecce ego mitto Angelum meum, &c. and asking Gregory the meaning of the foresaid Text, he gave such curious expositions upon it, that the Doctor affirmed, that in all the Conclusions there was not more, nor indeed fo much.

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CHAP. XV.

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what the Holy Ghost communicated to Gregory Lopez in the Spiritual Way.

Od not only taught this his dearly beloved Disciple the Holy Scripture, (as is faid) but also and to a greater eminency instructed him in the Spiritual Way, wherein he was with fuch perfection to walk, and guide and direct others. For, this Holy Man, by his great spiritual light, knew the hidden Subject of himself; and (to my apprehenfion) almost as distinctly beheld his Spirit with his intellectual, as his Body with his corporal, eyes. And thefe two Sources, of the Body, and Spirit, which rife up together, he did diffect, and difcerne fo accurately, restraining the current of the Body, and dilating that of the Spirit; that it was very admirable; For, the distinguishing in ones felf works that proceed from Grace, from fuch as proceed from Nature, is extreme difficult, and by few attainable; because one are oftimes difguifed with the likeness of the

the other. This distinction Gregory excellently well understood both in himself, and those that consulted him in like doubts.

It befell me once, that having for fome Months used only the exercise of Mental Prayer, and found great difficulty and reluctance therein, I had an occafion to go about a work of Charity, and by the way felt fo great a joy, and fuch an extraordinary tranquillity in my Soul, and fuch a manner of Prayer; that for the time methought I was in Heaven. Afterward returning to Santta-Fe, and giving Gregory an account thereof, I told him, my Spirit had much dilated it felf. He answered me : Father Losa, Nature dilated it felf. I believed him; not then understanding him. But, assisted by the mercy of God through his prayers, I foon after attained to this verity. For I was wont to perform external works of Charity, which, though in themselves vertuous and meritorious, have this property, that they recreate and dilate Nature, and fortimes felf-love intermixeth it felf with them. But, in that recollection, I used only interior Mental Prayer, in which Nature was after a fort in continual torment and on the rack,

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Ch. 19. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 93 becaufe detained from those exercises, wherein the was used to find (though this good and pious) contentment and delight: fuch, as relieving the want, promoting the good and welfare of our Neighbour, the speaking, and hearing of Divine matters; for, these by Gods grace have bin my employments for fome Years. Now, when I left off the forefaid internal recollection, to do the work of Charity, I mentioned, and recreated my felf with beholding the fields, and hills. Nature returned to her ancient ease and quiet; fo, as to make no war against the Spirit; wherewith I was much pleased and satisfied, as thinking, I was now at peace with my felf. But, afterward, when I defired to return to my fole Mental acts, I found Nature had redoubled her strength to war against the Spirit, and perceiving manifestly by this, that my peace was not fo much spiritual, as natural, I difcerned by fore and evident consequence, that Gregory knew my Spirit better than I my felf.

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Some Religious persons discoursing in his presence of things that surthered spirit and devotion, one said, Musick conduced very much thereto; for, hearing Vespers in the great Church of Mexico he

was

94. The Life of Gregory Lopez, Ch.1 was fo raifed in spirit, that in all his life he never prayed with fuch peace, pro foundness, and quiet, as then. Another faid, the fociety of others availed much to Prayer; because the difficulty, he found in praying in his Cell, was removed and taken away by the presence and ex ample of those that prayed with him. A. way went the Religious men, without Gregory's speaking one word about that matter. I perceived plainly, that he could have rectified them with eafe, and have shewn them, that, in those remedies or aids, Nature lay hid under the disguise of the Spirit. (As was seen by the fuccess, I had; and because the reafon, why fome relieve themselves in prayer by the company of others, is, that Nature recreates and fupports her felf by her good works being feen, as appears in fuch as discipline themselves, or give alms in publick; therefore fuch as these, following their natural delight, pray better in company, than alone). I asked him afterward, what the reason was, that he did not give those forefaid Religious men advice and instruction herein: He answered me : Because that were to hinder their journey; fince, with that staff, they advance fomthing; but, without it, would fit still. Our

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Ch.15: The Life of Gregory Lopez, 95

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Our Lord had given him great clarity for distinguishing of thoughts, and of words; by this light he knew which thought, or word was idle, or not And he very exactly discerned, in discoursing of God, when it was natural, and when spiritual. To this purpose he used to say: Many speak of God more from love of themselves, than of God. He said likewise: The Love of God is all Works; it useth few words, and is many times dumb. From this light, and discerning faculty, proceeded that rare moderation of his Tongue; as shall be said in its place.

From the fame light also proceeded his never having any fcruples, but an admirable quietude and Tranquillity of Soul. The fame clarity likewife our Lord gave him in matters of our holy Faith; wherein, notwithstanding many temptations he fustained, he had never any doubt. This is that he fignified at the hour of his Death, when, being asked, if he would have the holy Candle to go fee the Secret, he answered with great courage, as is faid before, All is clear, there is no fecret; it is Noon-day with me. Wherein his meaning was not, that his Faith was without obscurity, but that, in matters belonging to it, he had no doubt. For, Faith

96 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Chirg.

Faith is in fuch fort obscure, that it also is most certain; and its certainty takes not away its obscurity, and the captivating of our reason, wherein, during this life, our Lord would have us walk; Captivating our understandings in his Service; as the

Apostle speaks, 2 Cor. 13.5.

I have thought fit to put down fome Examples, whereby may be gathered the great light Gregory had, by which he not only knew himfelf and his own Spirit, but other men's alfo. I had great fight, and inducements (by things which I had experienced) to incline and perswade me to believe that he faw the fouls of others for the interiour state of their fouls]. And, being one day musing hereon, some five Years, or more, before his Death, I asked him, whether indeed he did fee them : he answered, No. I, up on fo plain an answer, believed him, and was fatisfied: but perceived, that thenceforward hegrew every day more cautious in it; therefore I forbare to speak to him thereof. But I have had fince, and now have herein fo many witnesses, fo creditable and beyond all exception, that methinks I should do ill not to affirm it for certain. And his telling me, that he did not fee them, is to be attributed to

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Ch. 17. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 97 his great humility and prudence, whereby he laboured to conceale and difguise that gift of God; as he did many others. Nor is it to be suspected, one of so eminent veracity and perfection would ly: fince his denial in this case may many ways be freed from lying. One way, because possibly at that time God had not yet done him this favour; but afterward, in the last Years of his Life, did. Possibly also, at that instant when I asked him the question he saw not souls, but on other necessary occasions God gave him light to fee them; for, the light of Contemplation concerning things spiritual is not habitual and permanent, but actual, like that of Prophecy; our Lord gives and takes it, when and how his Majefly pleaseth. So that, at that time, when Gregory faid he did not feethem, (though at other feafons he did) he meant, he faw them not, because at that present God gave him not that light. For confirmation of what hath been faid, I will lay down fome examples.

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A certain Person gave the holy Gregery an account of his faith, and of great temptations he had, but withal said, that he hoped in God he had committed no sin therein, and therefore discovered no-

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thing thereof in Confession: whereto he answered: Not so stoutly; for, indeed, you have proved a weak Souldier. Where upon the party replied: If you think sit, I will confess it then. Gregory answered; He did not conceive, that what he had done on that occasion was any hainous crime; but, to have resisted perfectly, he should have done such and such a thing. Whence the party inferred, that he had seen his Spirit; and, for the future better learnt the way of resisting.

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There came from afar a devout Priest to impart to Gregory his Spiritual doubts; whereto he answered so much to the purpose, that the Priest said; You have told me what I thought to ask; having great need to be directed therein. Gregory replied; God, seeing your need, moved my tongue to tell you what you have heard.

A Doctor of Law, one then married, but fince a Religious man, yet ever a devout person, went to visit Gregory, and, by the way discoursed with his Companion about certain matters of his soul, which neither Gregory nor any other did, or by natural means could, know. As soon as they came, before they asked him any thing of what they intended to discourse, he answered them to every thing.

ch. 15. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 99 thing so directly, that they were much satisfied and amazed, and looking upon one another gave thanks to our Lord, seeing him answer them, as if sirst asked by them. Whereupon the Lawyer took occasion to examine his Conscience, as oft as he went to visit Gregory; conceiving, that his Interior was open and manifest to him: as also at other times, going to ask his counsel, he advised him so sitly, before he spake a word to him, that he was consirmed in the opinion he had of him.

A Religious man of eminencie for spirit, and intimately conversant with Gregory, went one Evening to be resolved in some doubts about his Spirit; and, it being almost Night, and he not having that time he defired for his purpose, he bade him go take his rest, and next morning they would discourse on it. That Night the Religious man, being in a Chamber under the Holy Man's, had an' internal answer from God concerning that which he intended to ask, and a rebuke, for that he came to ask counfel of a Creature, who might have it from the Creator; fince he that gave Gregory fuch! abilities would give him the like, if he disposed himself thereto and relied upon

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God. In the morning he went to Gregory's Chamber, who seeing him smiled; then the Religious man began to relate how that night God had answered his doubts. Gregory helped him out to tell it, preventing him; for, he had not yet mentioned the reprehension; and asked him: Had you not a good reprehension, for coming to a Creature for advice? He answered; Yes, Father, I had a rebuke. At all which he was amazed, and very consident, that the Holy Man had seen in God what had passed within him.

Another Prieft, very vigilant in things concerning his Spirit, came to fee Gregory Lopez, flaying with him about a Fortnight; and, accurately observing him, found of a certain that the Servant of God spoke to him of all that was in his Which, though Gregory himself did not intimate to him, yet the Priest was very confident fo it was : because, his Soul being formwhat inordinately affected with certain great Favours, which God had done him, and he hoped to receive from his Divine hand, Gregory, among other things, faid to him; We aime to be great; but truly either bere, or there, we must pay for our little humility.

A certain Person, very devout to our

Lady

Ch. 15. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 101 Lady the B. Virgin, recited the Refary, and, by this means, fo efficacious for obtaining all good and spiritual proficiency, God bestowed on him favours and careffes, that for the space of some years he was almost always in continual Prayer. Seeing himfelf therefore fo advanced in Mental Prayer, he asked Gregory, whether he were best to lay aside the Rofary, to attend that the more. He anfwered, No. (Knowing, that the honouring of our Lady, to whom himself was much devoted, not only helps Beginners, but is likewife the ground of a happy progress in the spiritual course, even to those who have arrived to some perfection therein, for the better conferving them in it,) Therefore he continued a Year in that devotion of the Rofary: and, perceiving that those celeftial favours went on after the same rate in his foul, as one now very spiritual he determined, without acquainting Gregory therewith, to leave off the Rofary. But within a few days after he began to feel many troubles, and droughts, and now to have almost no Prayer at all. (For, to fuch dangers doth he expose himself, who thinks to make a profperous voyage in the spiritual life without Mary the Star

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Star of the Sea.) This he told the Holy Man, without telling him the reason, which was leaving off the Rosary. At which Gregory smiling said to him; Fall to your Beads again. He did so, and prospered so well hereby, that he soon recovered the Spirit and devotion he had formerly. Whereupon he was more devout unto the B. Virgin, and much associated that, without his saying any thing to him, Gregory should understand the ground of his aridity.

It fell out that some fix, or more, Spiritual Persons met at Sancta-Fe, who reforted from divers parts to confer with Gregory about their Spirit. And fomtimes he answered them all in publick with fuch facility, that they were fatisfied concerning their doubts, and instructed in what they knew not. But that which I most wondred at was, to see in how few words he answered; for, in two, or three, he resolved great difficulties: and it seemed those words were as flashes in their minds, who heard them, and as fparks darted from an enflamed Charity So that they went away on one fide enlightened, on the other enkindled, and with their hearts excited to all good.

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Ch.15. The Life of Gregory Lopez, 103

There came hither one exceedingly troubled in mind, and told Gregory all his troubles. He answered him only these words: This is a Purgatory, wherein God detains you. Which sufficed to confort him greatly, and to quiet his soul.

Another Priest that was in great affliction he settled by only reciting that of the Apocalypse; I counsell thee, to buy of metried and burning gold, that thou maist

be rich.

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Another found consolation and ease in fore tribulations, and temptations, by hearing him say: The Kingdom of Heaven suffers violence; and the violent force it,

Knights and Persons of quality, who, desirous to live well in their state, asked him what they should do, he bade; Do what you do for the love of God; and that is enough.

To Lawyers, Judges, and men of bufinefs, he used to say: Change your inten-

tion and you will do much.

By these kind of speeches he awakened some that were asleep, so that, upon hearing him, they came to themselves, and profited exceedingly. Of this essicacy and good success of his words (which I ever attributed to his Prayer) we shall say something in the 19th, and 27th.

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Chapters; besides what is mentioned already in divers parts of this Book; and

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might be much more copiously.

Having very diligently observed and marked, that Gregory understood spiritually whatever he said, or heard, I once said to him: Do you go spiritualizing to your self all, you speak, or hear? He answered me, It was true. Wherefore spiritual persons may understand the constancy and perseverance of his Spirit; and others, not such, may perceive it by

the examples following.

If any faid: The Bread of Santta-Fè is good; he would answer; Tes, Sir: meaning the most Holy Sacrament of the Altar, the true Bread of our Sancta-Fe. or our Holy Faith. When any admired the beauty, fine scent, and excellence of the flowers of Sancta-Fe, he applied it to the Saints, whose Sanctity took its beginning from the Faith: for, without it, it had been impossible to please God. If. any one, looking upon the fprings, and ftreams of water, which run from hence to Mexico, faid, The waters of Sanda-Fe are better in their fpring, than at Mexico; Gregory affented; meaning, by the Spring of Santta Fe, God; in whom the waters of true Wisdom are the

Ch. 18. The Life of Gregory Lopez, 108 the best, and, he that receives them immediatly from God, hath them more pure and wholfome, than he that takes them paffing through humane understandings. Hearing any fay, fuch a one is of very noble extraction, he presently considered, that the true Nobility is to be a Son of God in Spirit. When any faid, fuch or fuch a Lord was Grandee of Spain; he straight reflected, that the principal and chief Greatness is to be the Friend of God, and hearing his divine words, and doing great things for his Service. Obferving this his quickness and wonderful readiness in drawing things to a Spiritual and profitable fense, when any thing in difcourfe occurred that was hard to be spiritualized I presently asked him it; as once a little dust here arising (which happens but feldom) the by-standers faid; There is dust likewise in Sancta-Fe. I asked him: How can it be, that there is dust in Sancta Fe? Because (faid he) there are Saints, that live in Sancta-Fe, who have not yet attained four and twenty Degrees of Perfection; and therefore base Some dust of the Earth Sticking to them; for, a man perfectly Spiritual is all Spi-

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CHAP. XVI.

of his great Knowledge in Ecclefiastical, and Secular, Histories.

Any would have been contented and effeemed themselves happy, to have attained the knowledg, which is already, shewn, Gregory arrived But, fince God is the Donor, and Man the Receiver according to his capacity, his Majesty is pleased to afford us for examples some, to whom he hath given much; thereby to shame and condemn the tepidity of those that do not fo well dispose themselves. This Holy Man so well did this, that he is one of those who give in themselves an eminent testimony of this truth.

Whilft he lived at Guafteca there came to visit him Father John Cobos of the Order of S. Deminic, one famous in Theology, and who had been a Reader in Spain before his coming into these parts. He, after he had conferred very privatefy, and feriously, with him, said : Though the fame of his wisdom was great, the truth

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16. Ch. 16. The Life of Gregory Lopez: 107 truth was far greater. And, having heard very-excellent things upon the Apocalypse, he defired of him an Exposition thereon; which Gregory made without twice writing, or blotting a Letter, and fent to the faid Father to Mexico, who admired exceedingly, both at the quick ness, and also the acuteness, learning,

and spirit, which he shewed.

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There came likewise to Guafteca to confer with him Father Michael de Talavera Provincial of the Discalced of the Setaphical Father St. Francis, whose humility, wisdome, and fanctity, were most renowned in these Kingdoms. He conversed very familiarly with him; and ceased not afterward to admire his great light, and wifdom, praising, and bleffing God for it: fo that, the faid Father, returning thence to Zacatevas, where Gregory had lived folitary, made an excellent Sermon, extolling his knowledge, and fanctity; and, among other things, faid; In this field hath been bred a Young Man, whom I had rather be, than a King, Emperor, or Pope. Adding : In taking my leave of him, I felt my foul poffeffed with the grace I had feen in him.

Father Emanuel de Reynoso, a very holy man, and an eminent Preacher of the

Order

108 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 16. Order of the glorious St. Francis, Wondered at the light and knowledge of Gregory, holding it to be Supernatural: For, I (said be) have asked him about divers places of Holy Scripture, and there was none, whereto he answered not very pertinemly. I once asked him nine of the ob. Scurest, and difficultest Texts I ever saw in the Bible, and he expounded them all to me in their literal sense, so significantly, that he feemed a Saint Hierom. And another Religious man, hearing him relate this, went to Gregory with other places, of great difficulty likewise; who by exprience found, that what had been reported of Gregory was punctually true.

He knew (with as much evidence as can be gathered out of the Holy Scripture, and other Histories) whatfoever passed from the Creation of the World to Noe, recounting the Generations of the Sons of God, and of the first Fathers fo distinctly, that without book he recited all their Linages, degrees, and affinities, with the difference of times and ages; though a thing to obscure even to the most learned. He was no less knowing in what concerns the Sons of Men too of that time; whose customs and inventions he related very distinctly. The same

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Ch. 1

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Ch. 16. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 109 he did from Noe to Christ our Lord, and he spoke of those Times, and the Perfons living therein, as if present. Having described this Family of God, he discoursed of the adjacent borders, making one History of all, and accommodating all these histories to the times and succeffes of the fame Family. And he not only knew the Warrs, and other accidents, that befell within God's own House, but even those among the Gentiles, to the coming of our Redeemer; and, to my thinking, he knew all this as exactly, as any other man of our times. He had by heart the Prophecies of all the Sibyls. He told very particular passages of the Birth, Infancy, Childhood, and Youth of our Lord Christ; as likewise of his Preaching, Death, and other Myfteries; of the preeminence of the Law of Grace above that of Nature, and that Written. He had as it were before his eyes the Life, and Preaching of the Holy Apostles, and their Disciples. He related particularly the Lives, and Martyrdoms of the Popes from St. Peter to S. Sylvefter; and of other eminent Martyrs; likewise the lives and most renowned and memorable Acts of the famousest Confessors from Pope Sylve fter

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to Clement the Eighth, in whose time he died. He recounted the Names, Times, and Customs of the Founders of Orders, and Eremitical Life; of the Arch-Hereticks also; condemning their errours, and alledging the Holy Councils in which they were condemned; observing likewise the time, wherein such and such Heresies began, and declined.

He discoursed very particularly of the history of that Beast, of which S. John in the Apocalypse speaks, which was the City of Rome; and its ten Horns, which were the Ten Emperours, who especially persecuted the Church above others, and so he brought down the History of the Cesars to Philip the Second, the Catholick King of Spain, in whose time he died.

He spake very distinctly of the beginnings, and progress, of the Sect of the false Prophet Mahomet; of the many Countries possessed by the Mahometans, Turks, Ottomans, Scythians by Nation, and descended of Og, and Magog; with the slaughters, they made upon the Armies of the Saints. I have heard him relate, how this perverse Sect possessed almost three thousand leagues of ground, extending itself from Europe as far as China.

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Ch. 16. The Life of Gregory Lopez: 111

He was likewise well seen in Prosane Histories, both ancient, and modern; and those of samous Men, whom the Gentiles took for Gods: as Janus, Her-

cules, and the rest.

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He (when occasion served) related the Conversion of all Countries, People, and Nations to our Holy Faith, mentioned those that preached the Holy Gospel to them; as also the remarkable things that hapned therein; and this with such certainty, as if he had seen, or was reading them.

of all this he hath made a Chronology, or fuccession of Times, from the Creation of the World to Pope Clement the 8th. with such brevity, exactness, and particularities, (observing the most memorable passages, both in the Ecclesiastical, and Secular State) that divers learned persons earnestly request me to let them

copy out this Book.

He had also epitomized and gathered out of the said Histories the sum and substance of whatever concerned the Faith, Laws, Temper, and Customes of Nations; and had reduced them into a Calendar for the Days; which he used sometimes, for our recreation, to rehearse to me, to my great delight and admiration; CHAP.

CHAP, XVII.

of the Knowledge in other Sciences which God imparted to this his Scholar.

Regory not only knew the Holy Scripture, and things Moral and Spiritual, as we faid, which were his chief study, but was also an Astronomer, Cosmographer, Geographer; and had a Globe, and a Map made with his own hands, very true, and exoct: for, I have heard excellent Masters, that saw it, commend it for such. And, which I most wondred and was surprized at, ost-times, upon occasion, when I asked him questions about divers parts of the Earth, even the Antipodes, he answered me immediatly, without studying or mufing thereon.

He understood the Anatomy of Man's Body very well; and somtimes told very curious and particular passages there in; declaring how admirably the Divine Wisdome discovered itself in

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Ch. 17. The Life of Gregory Lopez, 113

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He was likewise excellently skilled in Paysick; and hereof he made a very curious Book, with many Experiments easy to be practised by country people, and poor solks, and several qualities of Simples and Compounds. In this Art he delighted to make Receits fit for each ones necessity, written with his own hand; with excellent remedies, such as his charitable desire of his Neighbour's health suggested to him to invent and direct: for, he was very compassionate, and therefore God gave him wonderful success.

He was also well seen in Agriculture; and an excellent Herbalist: for he not only knew the property and vertue of Herbs, but how to better them by several Liquors, which he made, and gave as a drink to the herbs and plants. I have seen and eaten of them so altered by his hand, that they seemed of another kind. And he told me, that, if he knew a person curious a good Christian, (there being danger, lest, wanting the sear of God, he should by this art make them worse and poison them) he would teach him this secret, for the good of his Neighbours.

He was a very good Pen man, and

Wit many hands fingularly well: there are at this day some things of his in this kind admirable, especially the Man above mentioned, having much of late added, above all that have come forth in print, and that so neat and curious, that it seems printed; so that a grave Doctor, to whom it sell, values it much.

Even in the Tailor's trade he was fo ingenious as to make his own Clothes;
which (though mean, yet to be fitted to
his weakness and indisposition) required
a particular fashion, and art ! To that he
used to say; None made them so well, as
himself. He thade not his own Shoes;
but mended them so well, that they last
ed him three Years, and above. His stat
was not of his own making neither; for
he never wore any, after he lived solitary [unless when he travelled in a very
hot Sun; See Chap. 8.] hor is it known
that ever he had any more than one; and
that was as good as new.

This multiplicity of things in a Contemplative Man will not feem excellive, (though one only be necessary, and many rather prove hindrances) If we confider the hibbanity of his Spirit; to which multitude was no let from the principal and necessary; and, to put this out of

doubt

ch. 17. The Life of Gregory Lopez: 119 doubt, I once asked him, if any of these litle things disturbed him. He answered; I find God a much in the least of these, as in the greates. And the reason there of seems to be; because his principal end and scope was his Creator: so that, fixing his eyes continually on the Fountain, all was to him one and the same water.

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I will not omit here the mentioning, as a thing more than natural, his manner of reading Books. It fell out that in ten hours he dispatched a Book, which another, in reading it much, would not have ended in a Month. And, to instance in a thing well known, because fome may object, that he did this by his great Memory, and apprehending things meerly by viewing the Titles of the Ohi ters; I answer, this may be to in Books of common reading, not in those of Spinitual matters; Rich as that of the H. Macher Terefa of gefin , which Cas I mink) he read over in twenty hours, werknew to well all therein contained, that there was learce any man that knew more of it, than Gregory: and this I have experimented, and tried often, and diligenely, repeating finall and particular matters out of the forefaid book, where-

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with

with he hath joined, and continued the discourse, as if he had bin reading it. When he read to others, his quickness, clear pronunciation, spirit, and graceful-

our Lord endued Gregory with a natural Understanding exceeding great; a quick apprehension, and acuteness, such a Memory, that I have somtimes heard him say, he never forgot what he with care committed to it, such a Will, that it is very credible, that its continual exercise was the being in an Act of loving God.

For his Stature of Body, we may account him rather of the talleft, well proportioned, without any defect. He was not strong, but rather somwhat tender; and in his latter years he was almost nothing but skin and bones. The Hair of his Head, Beard, and Eye-brows, was of hazelnut colour; his Forehead formwhat large, and hanging out a little. His Eyebrows arched, and full; without any interspace. His Ears little, yet it was very remarkable, how quick of hearing he was. His Eyes black, fomthing inclining to green : he had always a very tharp fight; infomuch as he read the fmalleft letter without Speciacles; though, after that

Ch. 17. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 117 that fever mentioned, he fomtimes put them on to fee afar off. His Nofe rather little, than great. His Lips thin, and equal, fave that his under-lip hung out a little. His Teeth very white, and even. His Vifage long. His Beard wellfet, not bushy, nor great. The colour of his Face and Hands formwhat pale, from his abstinence, prayer, and continual This good natural dispomortification. fition, and well-proportioned feature of Body, with a rare modelty he had, was a representation and figne of the great beauty of his Soul.

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This Man, whom we have here (or, to speak more properly, God himself hath) pourtraied out, being about nineteen or twenty Years of age, for sook his Parents, Brethren, Kindred, and the Court of King Philip, with all his hopes, and fled to the Indies, above two thousand Leagues, and, finding them in their greatest prosperity, renounced all their wealth and pleasure, and hid himself among the most barbarous men there, only the better to serve and please his Maker and Lord: and many having watched him very narrowly could never perceive in his gestures, actions, or even words,

the least imperfection.

CHAP

CHAP. XVIII.

of the well-governing his Tongue.

F the Holy Ghoft approves him for a perfect man who offends not in words, I may justly commend for perfect Gregory, fince, in eighteen Years familiar conversation with him, I could not difeerne that he spoke one word amifs. Hereof I can give a very evident testimony; for fince I chose him at first for a Master and Companion for the rest of my life, and this meerly for his Vertue, without any hopes of fecular intereft, it is manifelt, that I was concerned to take care that he, whom I chose for a Pattern of Vertue, should be unblemished with vice. Befides, I was warned by grave and wife men to be wary and live very circumspecta whereunto I was moved also by the defire of God's honour, and Ortgory's good; fince the Divine Majoffy commands us all, as much as we can to fludy our Neighbour's benefit. All this notwithstanding, and the attention requifite to fuch motives. I nevet heard

heard a word worthy of reprehension fall from him against any man whatsoever, though he were a Heathen, or Hereick: for, he condemned the Sect or Herefy from many grounds of Scripture, and reprehended the vices, and fins, blinded wherewith they refused to return into the bosome of the Church Catbolick, or took occasion to separate, but the Persons he concealed.

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When they told him of any that spoke ill of him, he heard them with great peace and calmness; and the first thing he answered was; In the first place, it is certain, this party bath a good intention; and presently he excused him the best he could: yea he not only defended the Person, but the Fact also, of his Detractor,

without excusing himself at all.

A grave person perswaded one of the Bishops of that Metropolis, as he passed through the Marquisate of Valle, near the place of Gregory's abode, to visit him in his journey; for, it would be a great satisfaction to his Lorship to have seen a Man so admirable both for sanctity, and prudence. The Bishop consented, and went to see him. Gregory came out with great civility, respect, and humility to receive the Bishop: and, after they

120 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 18. were both fet down, and those that came in his company, divers things began to be discoursed of, but Gregory was asked nothing, and therefore said nothing. So, after the Bishop had been there about a quarter of an hour, being told it was. Dinner-time, he went away. Some days after, the person mentioned going to welcome the Bishop upon his return to his Bishoprick, and asking him, what he thought of Gregory he answered, that he seemed to him a senseles Fool. He, wondering at this answer, asked him, if his Lordship had discoursed with him about Spiritual things. The Bishop and wered, No. To which he replied: I wonder not, that, not being asked, he did not speak; and, not speaking, did not shew, what he was. Which he evidenced sufficiently afterward : when, the fame party telling him, how the Bishop took him for a Foole, he was glad, and faid; I should have thought fo too, if I had feen a man of my garbe. And this was not much for Gregory; because our Lord had given him a most ardent love of his Neighbour; which, he used to say, confifteth not in words, nor in faying, I wish my Neighbour well; but in doing good to him, and for him.

Ch. 18. The Life of Gregory Lopez, 121

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I never heard him speak an Idle word. either in beholding the Heavens very clear, and flarry, or in viewing the fields very green, and flourishing, or in seeing the waters very clear and crystalline, or upon any person's visiting him, or at Table, or afterward. And I call not an Idle word that, which the vulgar usually terms such, one indecent, or tending to fcurrility; for, fuch may neither be mentioned, nor imagined in a life like that of Gregory's : here I terme an idle word, as Divines and Spiritual men understand it, one needless; and such was never heard from his mouth; for, he fo contracted fand measured his discourse, that words neither abounded, nor want-

I will note another thing for the learned. It hapned, there were in his company many times Learned Men talking of Sciences, wherein he was eminently skilled, yet as filent, as if an ignorant Clown, unless where he was asked; or for fome other reasons, which I will mention anon. This was generally well known; and Don Fr. Pedro Agurto Bishop of Cibu in the Philippines (famous in this Kingdom, not only by his Dignity, but for his Wisdome, Religion, and Sanctity)

122 The Life of Gregory Lopez, Ch. 18.

Sanctity) affirmed it in a Letter, prefixed to this Book, among the Approbations thereof, in these words. I exceedingly loved the holy, and my dear Gregory: and, if I omitted conversing with, and visiting of him, it was, became, he not speaking, unless asked, and I bearing the title of a Master, though sufficiently needing that which I might have learnt from so excellent, and so experienced a Soul, possibly, my questions, and conversation might be thought [by him] impertinent; (though indeed of such a Soul, as his, no such thing is to be supposed.

That which I most admire in Gregory is, that the discoursing of God being so commendable a thing, and divers difcreet and Spiritual Persons flocking from remote parts to confer with him, he never spoke to them of God, or of Spirit, et of Morality, except first asked. And, when he answered, though his Answers were profound and admirable, he uttered them without exaggerating or enforcing them, in a very plain stile, and cut off his discourse, having satisfied the Questions, and his Neighbour's necessity. And, whereas many times to the thing, which he answered, there belonged haply four or five more doubts, which the ftanthanders by again asked him, he would answer every one of them so prosoundly, and briefly, as that he went not a jot farther, than he judged was necessary.

A thing indeed very much to be remarked; that he, fo eminently skilled in Holy Writ, and so exquisite in Morel and Spiritual knowledge, so versed in History, so well read in Saints Lives, in the cultomes and rites of forreign Nations, and other things above mentioned, and, on the other fide, endued with fo faithful and happy a Memory, as, when he pleased, represented every thing to him, should be so upon his guard notwithstanding, as not to speak at any time without being asked, and without manifelt necessity. Methinks, if Eliphaz that severe friend of holy Job had conversed with Gregory, as I did, he would not have faid : Conceptum fermonem retinere quis poterit? A speech conceived who can suppress? But, the better to discover his circumspection herein, I will infert here a reprehension which he once gave Me.

Shortly after I came to live in Sancta-Fe with Gregory, he told me, upon occation, there was an Emperour, who, in

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the stanthe midst of the Sea, eat only fresh meat, and, in the middle of the Land, made them bring him sish alive; whereupon I said; This was Heliogabalus. The Holy Man replied: Since we condemned the Fact, it were meet to conceale the Person.

Another time, in a great rain, I standing at the Window said, It rains hard, and immediatly a stash of lightening sell upon my hand, as I held it out of the Window: I told Gregory of it, and the pain I telt. He answered: You are served right; since you speak Words that are needless; for, I see that it rains hard.

Having one day told me a thing, wherewith my Soul was much edified, I asked him, Why, if he knew it, he did not tell me it before; he answered: I speak not what I know, but what is necessary. And, on another fit occasion, faid: For two Years space I fealed up my mouth without speaking, more than to salute mine Host, whom I saw once in four and twenty hours.

And not only in speaking was he careful to keep silence, but in Writing also. For, as to this, he never writ of any bufiness at the first hand, nor yet answered any writing, except either charity, or

Ch. 18. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 129 necessity required it; and then he only used those words which were necessary for the matter in hand. I have many Letters of his by me of five or fix lines apiece, and fhorter; fuch as that in the first Chapter of this Book. He writ some to Don Lewis de Velasco the Viceroy, in answer to his; and it was no more than to answer at the bottom of the Viceroy's Letter : I will do that, which in this you commend me. Which, commonly, was the recommending to our Lord certain affairs. And, although Secular Persons account this way of anfwering (to Princes especially) but rude and uncivil, yet, in one that was fo far from complements and artifice, as Gregory, and fo wary in his speech, it was great prudence and heavenly wisdome.

He then only spoke without being asked, when he defended the honour of God, or his Neighbour, or the truth of Sacred Scripture, and of our Holy Catholick Faith: but this too, when none present undertook the business. For example. If any one were assaulted with any grievous temptation or sickness, that made him seem to murmur in a fort at God, it was admirable to see how long, and with what piety and gravity of

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areilfo. buered or newords he endeavoured to reduce him to the acknowledging of his errour, ignorance, and weakness, and the deep Abysse of the Divine Wisdome, & Mercy, which under those tribulations lay hid from his eyes, and the obligation he had to God, and to put himself into his more than Fatherly hands. He also defended his Neighbour with very prudent reasons, as we shall shew in the ensuing Chapter.

That wherein he discovered most spirit and vigour was , in interpreting certain places of Holy Scripture, from which, wrested and misunderstood, Hereticks had drawn their errours; and in fuch occasions he was not fatisfied with alledging a few authorities and reasons, but he enlarged himself all he could, and alledged the best fenfes of Scripture that he knew. And, in those places of Scripture, which the Hereticks faid contradiffied, Gregory used the fame courage and Christian freedom, with all modefty. For, he accounted this Scripture for his true Mother; as having been brought up fo many years at its breaks:

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Ch.19. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 127

CHAP. XIX.

of the Wisdome he shewed in his And freeze, Words, and Actions.

peaceably with great attention to whatever they asked him, and with the same tranquility answered, or forbore to answer; according as he judged it convenient, or necessary.

There came to this Village to vibt Gregorya Religious Mana Doctor, and intreated me to prevaile with him to fpeak fomthing of our Lord; I did fo: and the Doctor, to entice him (as they fay) into the lifts, began with a multitude of arguments, and variety of words, to discourse of the forementioned subjeft, After that the holy Man had been! long filent, I by fignes requested him to reply fourthing. Whereto he answered me in a tow voice, fo that the Dostor didnot hear (being fom what deaf) ; He is more redified by filmoe, than by Speaking. And, though he stayed here two days and a night, he foake not one word to him

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128 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.19.

him of God. Whereupon, at the Doctor's going away, I asked him, what he thought of Gregory. His silence, saith he, pleases me much. And Gregory himself said to, me afterward: Father Losa, I

See many talk well; let us do well.

If any, for argument sake, or for trying him, did ask him a thing premeditated and studied, proposing his doubt in Latine, he with great calmness bad him; Tell me this in Spanish; and, after he had told him, the Holy Man answered; It is so as you say: intimating, that they needed no answer. He used likewise to ask of the Learned the meaning in Spanish of some Text of Holy Scripture, thereby to humble himself to them.

To fuch as consulted him about going to Spain, Marrying, or the like, he gave no answer at present, but that he would recommend it to God. In which he discovered his singular prudence; for, he knew, in affairs of that nature, it was fit, that God should dispose the means, and move the will to that which conduced most to his greater glory, and the good of men: and this was the reason why he would not answer, without first treating of those matters with God, for the fore-

Ch. 19. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 129 faid end. Besides, he held it a thing not so necessary, that persons should marry, or return into Spain. Though these, and other good reasons that moved him not to answer, he kept to himself, thereby to humble and mortify himself.

Yet, when any asked him, Whether they should be Priests, or enter into Religion, and he found in them parts requisite for such a state, he surthered much their resolution, that so they might presently embrace that greater good. But, when he perceived that they wanted the qualities aforesaid, he was wont to answer; I will commend it to God.

He was a great Defender of Religious Orders, and of their Superiors, and Governours, before their subjects and domesticks; and shewed them the great advantages that were included in Obeence, and the observing their Rules, and

Constitutions.

He made Secular Persons understand, when occasion was offered, the preeminence of a Religious Man's state above theirs, and the great spirit from God wherewith the Religious Orders were founded He said, that God's best Souldiers were in them. And, to this purpose, he was wont to say, a Tree in a

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130 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.19 plain Champion had need take good rooting, but in the Forrest is safest from the winds.

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He likewise ever defended Princes, Governours, and Judges, both Ecclefiaftical, and Civil, with great courage and humility in their Subjects presence; and, when any disparaged their government, replied; If you were in their place, possibly, you would not do fo well. Who bath fet us to meddle with the Government! And, if they perfitted, affirming, that what the Princes did ought to be reformed, he replied; You should tell them Jo : for, what good doth it here ? To fome, that thought themselves Spiritual, yet were always detracting, he faid: I do not account him Spiritual, no nor yet Verthous, that judgeth, or speaks evil of, ano. ther. He was wont most commonly, on these occasions, to say: This thing cannot be remedied here; speak no more of is. And, by his gravity, he added fuch life and weight to his words, that a certain Person of quality, discouring of the King's government, was exceedingly abashed, by Gregory's saying only; The King bath as sharp an understanding, as any in Spain; and will you reprehend him? And the foresaid person still admires the

Ch.19. The Dife of Gregory Lopez. 131 the great change which those words wrought in him.

He made another also, who spoke ill of the government of a certain Lord, to desist, by meerly telling him: Ton dare

not fay this in his presence.

He shewed great consideration and skill in speaking to every one in his own employment, to the Husband-man, Souldier, Gentleman, and the rest, without taking any from his profession. To this purpose he greatly commended the prudence of S. John Baptist, in the Counsell he gave to the Souldiers, To be content with their pay, and do no man any

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When he treated with Spiritual Perfons, left they should (as often it falls
out) censure those who went in a different way from them, he used to say, that
He was much pleased with the variety of
Spirits; for thereby God had beautified his
holy Jerusalem. That in the Spiritual
course God was the Master, and none
might make himself a Master to another,
judging him, and desiring to lead him the
same way, in which himself is led by
God; because that way is good also by
which his Majesty conducts others.

To fuch as asked him countel, what

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they should do : he answered; Love God and your Neighbour : for, that was the Royal and perfect, way, for all, from the least, to the greatest; and therein can be no errour; for, it is our Law, in which consists all perfection.

He also used to say: That to be always talking of Spirit was Milk, and the temptation of Novices. And that, though one had an Understanding like a Scraphim; he should not desire to make it known, with-

out necessity.

He accounted it better to recommend his Neighbour to God, then to tell him of God; unless where necessity in particular required it. To those, who were already advanced in Spirit, he said: It is better speaking with God, than of God,

To one, that thought himself Spiritual, he said: It were a shame to such a one, if it were known of him, that he desired to live still in this world. And to this purpose alledged S. Paul, who saith; We have not here an abiding City, but we seek one, wherein we shall continue. And he perswaded himself, that he who arrived to this might be already numbred among the Spiritual.

When he heard of any very great and miraculous things, he used to say: I had

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Ch. 19. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 133

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Being asked once, whether those who are perfect used recreations, he answered, Yes, For, when one goes a Journey, he loves to see his Horse eat, (so he termed his Body). But he said; the Perfect man, even in his recreation, kept a straight rein over his Body, contrary to the imperfect, who observe no such mediocrity; for, one while they immoderately torment their spirit, another while let it be carried away with the gust of Nature.

Though, in converse, it be an usual thing for men to laugh at the carelesness, oversight, or rash words of others, or when one istroubled, slips and falls, or appears with some blemish, or notable deformity, he never laughed on such occasions, but discovered that he took compassion on them rather.

When any afflicted person came to him, he greatly resented his grief, and applied himself to it, sending him away

exceedingly comforted.

There came to this Village an eminent Lady, very vertuous, much afflicted; I went to visit her; and, though I spent a great deale of time to comfort her, I

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could not in any wife. Afterward she her self spake with Gregory; who shewed so great prudence, or, to speak more properly, such a Divine Spirit in quieting and comforting of her, that she went away saying; I am satisfied, I am satisfied.

When they spoke of things doubtful, and hard to be resolved, being asked his opinion, he answered: The Morning will came, and we shall be wifer. Implying, that there was no resolving of a doubtful matter, without taking time to treat with God concerning it: Yet not meaning here, that he, by his prayer, should presently understand, and be able to resolve all matters; for, this is not imaginable of so humble a Person. By his saying also, The Morning will come, and we shall be wifer, he might intimate the hour of our Death: for, then the Day will dawn for the understanding of all doubts.

produce he used in all hisactions. He heard Mass with such silence, attention, and reverence, and received the Blessed Sacrament with so great, and so profound an humility, as raised devotion in all.

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Ch. 20. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 135

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He would never speak to any in the Church; but, if any urgent business did occurr, he went forth, and presently dispatched it.

CHAP. XX.

of the Valour and Magnanimity of Gregory Lopez.

Vicwing it after an external manner, it feems a thing very impertinent to commend a Solitary person, fo recollected, and filent, fo poor, and humble, for magnanimous and valiant. But, if we look on it with a spiritual eye, and reason, each of those things above mentioned shews not only great valour and magnanimity, but also very manifeftly discovers the powerful hand of God. Who would not account it magnatimity, for a yong man of Nineteen Years of age, with such parts, and natural abilities, as we have feen, to forfake his Parents, Kindred, House, Country, and the King's Court, which he began to follow, and fo great hopes of preferment therein, and to exile himfelf, and

remove above two thousand Leagues off, to live in a Desert so dangerous, among the most savage and barbarous men of New Spain? It is manifest enough, that this magnanimity was given by the most High.

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Now, in my opinion, it is exceeding great valour in such a yong Man so to have joyned with God in his heart, that he never was known to have faid or done any thing, that was not conformable to the Divine Will; and with all his might to have endeavoured that all things what-ever should cease, and hold their peace in his interiour, without any of them adhearing to his Memory, or affecting his Will, but God, and what was apparently tending to the pleasing and glorifying of the fame Lord. Who could give fuch vertue, fave that most powerful hand? Since this is a thing to difficult, that even to recollect himself a while to a vertuous man feems like the afcending up a very steep hill, or scaling an impregnable wall: And indeed fo it was, had not Gregory undertaken this exploit with fo great courage, strength, and confidence in God, faying with David: In my God will I pass over a wall. What a courage was here necessary for

Ch. 20. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 137 a Recollection of so many years, and that in fuch a profound filence, inconveniences, and poverty? walking fo long a time in the narrow path of Vertue and the Spirit, without being known ever to go one step back. Now, this courage he will better understand who considers and weighs the difficulties of this journey, the enemies that are in it, the battels here offered, and the field they are

fought in.

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The Enemies are the Devils, fo much stronger by nature than we, as the natural power of an Angel exceeds a Man's: fo that our nature, as inferiour, trembles before any of those Spirits. He that walks in the path of Vertue hath also for enemies and oppofers finful Men, because he is contrary to them in his works; and even God many times permits the just also to persecute the just, and holy men to mortify holy men, which is a very tedious persecution. But the sharpeft and longest is that, which a pious man fuffers from himself; when by a divine manifestation and light he perceives that every thing befalls him from the hand of God, who evidently discovers to him, that all these enemies and adversaries are but Executioners of the Divine Justice, doing,

138 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 20. Ch. doing, what they do, by the authority pafil and power given them by God; when folu the heavens as it were become brafs to lide him, and he finds his foul to be plunged with in an Abyss of tribulation as it were, and he f totally abandoned; fo that, to be able to fam fultain it, there needs a very great cou- bou rage and magnanimity.

The Battels are fo many, as our ene- tati mies are : very fubtilly managed; for, fo are these continued; for these never leave fighting; nor do our vices defift

from purfuing us.

Nor is the Field wherein these battels are pitched a less argument of valour, to wit, our Interiour; where the Spirit wars against the Flesh, and the Flesh against the Spirit. A very painful fight this; wherein he is no less fensible there. of that gives, than he that receives, the wounds; and the rebellious flesh cannot be fubdued, but by extraordinary labour of the fpirit; for, there enter in the policies, and stratagems of the invisible enemies: there are the blows, and the wounds.

He that knew the pains that Gregory herein underwent, and the gains he returned on fuch occasions (as throughout this whole History is plainly feen I may eafily

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to. Ch.20. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 139 ity eafily difcerne, how couragious, and reen folute he was : especially, two things conto sidered. First; that being enflamed ed with an ardent Love to his Neighbours and he shared in all their tribulations and cato lamities; and interessed all in his lau- bours, and Prayer. He was tempted with all, being as sensible of their temptations, as his own. Secondly; that Gregory did eat this bread of forrow very dry. For, though the Divine Goodness is wont to give Spiritual gusts to those that travel in the spiritual way for easing these troubles, this stout Souldier never defired them, but prayed God to with-hold them; because he would serve his King for his Majesty's own fake, without having any occasion to apply any part of his will and affection to Spiritual Confolations. For, in his beginnings our Lord gave him the Gift of Tears: which, for the reason forementioned, he befought him to take away. He had likewise a most ardent desire of seeing the Humanity of Christ our Lord in this life, but, finding this defire did retard him, and in some fort diminish his refignation, presently he procured to have it mitigated; contenting himself, that, when it was his Divine pleasure, God would

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140 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 23 Ch. 2 would shew him his Sacred Humanity sould. All these consolations Gregory rejected and, because he desired to serve God withou Gregory in this life, or the bearing his charmin, ges; and therefore he died so well consolatent that God led him by the way of the And Cross. Notwithstanding the many constant tumelies he heard against himsels, some timelies he heard against himsels, some for a Foole, others for a Vagabond, and and the like, he never excused nor answered compositions of the like, but defended and justified vices. for himself, but defended and justified Vice those that spoke ill of him.

Some friends of his told him on a cer-ed, tain occasion of a great uproare raised a that gainst him, to whom he replied; God who forbid, I should dissipate or distract my varie Soul with thinking thereon. And, this goo faid, he remained as quiet, as he was be-efte of t

fore they told him of it.

An eminent Nobleman enquired of me he i the state of the Hospital of Guasteca, and, alle after I had informed him of all, I told In t him, there was a man there called Gre- per gory Lopez, of fuch and fuch vertues, fpi-hus rit, and prayer. And, what doth this of man (faith he) in the Hospital? I anfwered: he was always in a Chamber at Lyp his prayers, and never went forth. me Whereto he replied. To such a man ma could

1,20 Ch. 20. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 141 nity willd I willingly give two hundred stripes. sted and, when we afterward acquainted hou Gregory herewith, he, fmiling, defended har him, faying. He bath reason : for, an idle con fellow well deserves two hundred lashes. the And Noblemen full of business can hardly

con conceive what internal exercises are.

one He never perceived in himself any hers ambition of being esteemed, or known; and and he many times reprehended me for commending him. He never cared, that is lifed Viceroys, Prelates, or Noblemen should wish him.

visit him; but, upon occasion, discover-cer, ed, yet with all civility and modesty, da, that he was not pleased with their visits, God when not conducing any way to the ad-

my vancing God's glory, or his Neighbour's this good. And, though the Holy Man much

be-esteemed the great piety and prudence of the Viceroy Don Lewis de Velasco, yet me he intreated him to forbear visiting him,

nd, alledging good reasons for his request. old in the visits made him by Noblemen, and re- persons of quality, he ever shewed an spi- humble gravity; an affured argument

his of the greatness of his mind.

an- The Book he made upon the Apocaat lypse, of very great esteem in the judgth. ment of wife men, the Inquisitors comman manded should be viewed; and examinuld

142 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 2 ed by Don Pedro de Agurto, Bishop Cibn, who gave this approbation there of: that he never faw a better Expos tion of those Divine Revelations; the he wondered that he could fay fo muc with fuch certainty, and brevity, that h had never feen a man fo' ready in Histo ry; that he believed he had Supernatu ral light afforded him for writing tha book: And, when the Holy Inquisition took that business in hand, Gregory die not discover (nor had he, as we conceive) any difgust, nor would he take a Copy, or speak a word of, it, as though it had been none of his work.

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Such was the greatness of his mind, that he never imparted to any his pains, or afflictions, nor sought comfort from any creature: though for the good of his neighbour he used to relate some things which had befallen him in times

paft.

He many times in the year fultained great pains of the flomack, and Colick, yet never complained, nor altered his countenance, or the decency of posture he was wont to keep in his best health; so that I knew nothing of his indispositions, but by his great weakness, or extraordinary bad appetite. Seeing him one

one time fallen away, I asked him; What aile you, to be so weak? He answered: I have had the Colick without intermission fifteen days together. And by these means I discovered his sicknesses; which were so great, as drew pity from one; and it was a great pitty and vvonder, that with them he should, or was able to, use such constancy, and austerity of life.

He had a fever very frequently, which he cured by diet; fuffering hunger, if need were, three, foure, or five natural days: and he never kept his bed, though

in great ficknesses.

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Whilst he lived at Sancta Fe, he had the Toothach almost for a year together, which I had never discovered, but that he twice gathered certain herbs in the field which he knew were good to cure him, and at other times he could not eat for paine. Having once hurt one of his grinders, he vould not let a Barber be sent for to draw it, but pulled it out himself in a very boisterous and painful manner. Such was the desire he always had of finding occasions of suffering; for persons nearly united to God use to take as much delight in suffering, as others do mease.

This valiant Man told me, how the Devil

144 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.20. C Devil affaulted him once in a visible me shape; and, I asking him, what he did to defend himself, he answered me in a these words: Me-thought, I could not do a better thing, than that I then was doing: So, I continued it with all my power; where Gupon he vanished, without tempting me visit it bly any more.

fit

I never heard him utter any Maxime th or good Sentence, which in time of need he did not practife. And, to this purpose, he was wont to say; Misery is not to be desired; but the bearing it with equanimity is, And therefore he sustained all est vents with fo invincible a courage, and constancy, that he seemed not capable of change; so that, from the first day that I saw him, (now eighteen Years since) I presently discerned in him a certain majesty and eminency, which I had not seen in any other man. Which conceit went on increasing in me till he died, and augments still also since his death, upon the Wonders which our Lord works daily by him. Lord works daily by him.

To return now to the design of this li Chapter. What courage and magnanithity needs a Souldier, who of a poor peafant would by feats of arms come to be a Grandee in the King's Court? How much' ?

1.20 Ch. 20, The Life of Gregory Lopez. 145 ifible much greater valour then needs a spirie did thal Souldier, of himfelf poor and abject. ne in a Son of Adam, to become great in the or de Court of God? And, fince we have for oing: much proofe, in viewing the Life of bere- Gregory, that at this day he is a Favou-vist rite in the High Court of Heaven, it is fit his valour & magnanimity be known, sime that God be more highly glorified in his need Saint; gathering and concluding by that ofe, here written the much our Lord wrought o be in him; in comparison of which, what is mentioned is as nothing; partly for all es the care he had of concealing his verable ceed the brevity intended in this Relati-day on, recounting only those things that

ears were apparent, and which could notefcape being feen.

I asked him one day; How he could
fo much hide his Vertues, conceiving it
an heroical, and difficult matter. Wherehis to he answered me in these words, worour thy eternal memory: The concealing ones vertues, is not bard to him that bath a this lively Faith. For, if a man certainly be-lieve, that all his Vertues shall be seen in the Court of Heaven, what need he care for their not being known in the Village of this World? rejudit and rejumen

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CHAP. XXI.

Of the Humility, and Interior Poverty of Gregory Lopez.

should be exceeding happy, had God imparted to me fome portion of that flore of inward Poverty, which he conferred on this his Servant; which confifts in the heart's being ftripped of all affection to things created, totally to furrender up it felf to the love of in Creator? For, it may be faid in parti cular of this holy Vertue, that those who practife, do speak better of it, than those that fludy, it. And, confequently, I should better describe this of Gregory's, if I had fome of it. What an excellent Pattern hereof this Saint hath been, may be underilood partly by what I faw with my own eyes, and by what I gathered from the Answers, which, upon occasion, he made to divers persons.

The Sons of Adam are wont to be passionately transported with the define of being effectived more excellent and worthier than their Neighbours. From

this

Ch. 21. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 147 this Gregory was fo free, that he ever reckoned himself inferior to others. And I have feveral times heard him fay: Since I berook my felf to Solitude, I nevet judged any; I accounted all better, and wifer than my felf; therefore, except I were asked, I never counfelled any, nor ever made my felf a Master to others, Of this all we who converfed with him are Witnesses; and we have feen by experience that, for his declining to become a Mafter to any, God ordained that he fhould be fuch to many. From the fame root proceeded that extraordinary care he always had, of excusing very really those that censured him. And, when I one day told him, he had many detractors, he replied ! I have always exsufed them, not in words only, but with all my hourt in doed, and truth.

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From hence also, as from its fource, issued his not defiring to have his sayings esteemed; and therefore he never purposely premeditated or composed the words he was to speak. And he once told me, to this purpose, that, before he began his solitary life, he spent some time in premeditating the Reasons, which he was to use upon a certain subject, and afterward he had not the oc-

calion

148 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.21. casion to deliver them: By which accident he was advertised not to lose time in composing set discourses, relying on God to fupply him with fuch as were most convenient in time of need. And our Lord gave him the grace never to miscarry in his words; for they all difcovered, that they were full of Divine Wisdome: So that it was apparent, what the great Lord of heaven and earth had hid from the prudent and worldlywife, he revealed to this his humble and meane Servant.

Eight days before his Death, a very wife and devout Religious Man, his intimate friend, came to visit him, and among other things discoursed with him (feeing his life in fuch danger) he familiarly asked him : Must we then go now to enjoy our Lord? thinking, he would tell him the time of his Death. But this humble Servant of God with great admiration answered: Doth your Reverence ask Me this? It shall be as God pleafeth. As if he should say: Can your Reverence, so wise a person, imagine, that I know the hour of my Death? I deferve not fuch a favour. Wherewith the Religious Man was much edified.

Three or four days before he died

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Ch. 21. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 149 there came in an Indian Woman of this Village to fee him: and, as I was talking with her in her own language, because he understood it not, faith he to me; Okserve well what she saith : for perhaps she would advise me in somthing. Whereby I noted his great Humility, in thinking more meanly of himself, than of that Indian; as conceiving, the might instruct him in that which was convenient for him at the close of his life.

Men's minds are wont likewise to be busied much in taking care about future events, that may befall them. A thing, Gregory was eminently averse and free from; for, whoever defires purely to ferve God esteems all fuch cares as obstacles and hindrances. Therefore he never entertained defignes of changing his life; pensive what should become of him; whether he should dye of famine, or cold; or should be bedrid; whether he should live a long, or a short, times whether he should do such or such things, much tending to our Lord's service, and his Neighbour's good. For, he knew very well, there useth to be in these and the like thoughts some secret temptation of the Enemy, if one be carried away therewith, or at least some loss of time. And

And therefore, like a wary man, and meanly opinioned of himself, upon occasion of such a chought, he would always say: I am good for nothing: contenting himself with the doing what God in his holy Law commanded him, without judging himself worthy of greater matters for the suture; though he was ever prepared in mind for the performing in every thing what his Divine Majesty enjoined him.

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He lived so void of care, and sorecasting things for the suture, that he would
not let others take care for him. For,
when I went about to enquire and find
out some other place or Town to live in,
because the aire of this Village of SanstaFè was not so proper for him, by reason
of his weakness and sickness, he would
continually say to me; Let none be solicious for me; since God will take care to
provide that which his Majesty likes

of all Curiofity, whether temporal, or spiritual (into which some Contemplatives afe to fall): whereupon he sometimes told me, that, after his chuling a Solitary life, he never defined to see any thing of this World; no not his Kindred,

Ch.21. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 191 dred, Country, friends, or the like, wherein some Solitary persons find difficulty to master themselves. Nor did he affect the seeing of Angels, or having of Rapts, or Revelations. For he said, he only desired to see God, yet this always with resignation, to be when, and how it pleased God; and the Trances and Extasses, which in this life he desired, were Union, and Conformity every day more to the Divine Will, and the accomplishing it on all occasions with all ex-

actness, and truth. We discerned another thing in this Holy Man well worthy of confideration, that he never rejoiced in any Temporal thing, nor admitted it into his heart. God was his joy; and his delight and glory was the doing his Divine pleafure, and affifting his Neighbour. As I once told him on a certain occasion the great esteem I set upon this Vertue, he replied: It is a have for us who live under the Law of Grace, and have renounced the World, to value it : since Queen Esther being the Wife of a great Monarch could fay: Thou knowest well my God, and my Lord, that, since I was brought to this Palace to this present day, thy Handmaid bath not rejoiced fave only in Thee.

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152 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 21 6

From the first time that I went to fee o him at our Lady's of Remedies, it pleased God of his mercy to give me fuch it great care of Gregory, that, if need were, i I would not have refused the doing any thing for him, how difficult foever. So ! fupplied him with what he wanted, vicause he lived in Guasteca, I asked Alms three Years together for the Poor of that 1 Hospitall; a thing, in those beginnings, of more difficulty to me, than one can imagine. And, to fay all in one word, from my first acquaintance with him, till he died in my arms (which was Eighteen Years) methought I could have been content to have been his Slave; which he very well knew, and kindly refented : yet I dare affirm, we never perceived him rely on, or put the least trust in, what I did, or could do; nor that (notwithstanding all I did for him) he fet his affection in any excessive manner upon me. For, in all good things that he received he beheld God as the Author thereof, and the Creature as the means, whereby the Divine Goodness and Providence sent and conveyed them. So that his gratitude to his Benefactors was grounded upon God, not on

Ch. 21 Ch. 22. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 153 to fee on himself; earnestly befeeching his leafed Majesty to reward the good turne done to him, fince he moved their wills to do were it.

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In the fame manner he endeavoured, . So I that , whatever good work he did to d, vi favour or affilt his Neighbours, not he, but God alone, might have the thanks. So we often faw, that, when fome went of that to ask him doubts, he did not answer nings, them himfelf, but requested of our Lord can it to declare them immediatly to them; word, that the thanks for that light might be given to God, not to him, either in whole, or in part.

CHAP. XXII.

of the Exterior Poverty of Gregory Lopez.

Rom the time that he went into Solitude, and devoted himself wholly to God, he never possessed any thing as his own, To this purpose he used to fay: that, When any one delights in exterior Poverty, it is a signe, be is inwardly rich.

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154 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 23. Ch

The great leve he bore to Powerty was he the cause, why he invented fundry and he admirable ways of perfecting it. There for fore first, he would not hold to any cer- for tain mode or kind of Apparrell, And so, in different times, he still used such Clothes, as God fent him. The first B. leven Years it was of a thick course Sackcloth. Afterward in Arrifes his Hoft gave him fome gray cloth to wear: which was the best fort of garment that he used all the time he lived.

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The Ground was his Bed, whilf he was able to endure it without confiderable harm to his health: afterward he lay upon some Sheepskins, till his great weakness and sicknesses forced him to admit a very thin little quilt and a cover-This was his best Bed; which (as is faid already) upon my importuning

him he accepted of.

His Chamber was very poor; for he would never (even when he was very weak and fickly) let any hangings, though but of the coursest cloth, be put up in it.

He washed his clothes himself; both because he was very cleanly, and for a necessity of his occasions. He at some times in the year washed his feet; and he h. 13. Ch. 24. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 135 Was he warmed the water himself in the Sun; be would never let any one wash them for him; nor do we know that any per. fon ever faw his bare flefh.

> In his Diet he used fuch moderation and temperance that he never did him. felf harm by eating too much either fruit (though naturally he loved it very well) orany other meat; only Purflane and wild Quinces, which for a certain time he fed on, did him hurt. To this purpose he used to say , Poor falk; ought to bevery careful for their health, not to excred in eating and drinking; that they be not chargeable to their Neighbours.

In the first Years he eat no Flesh. Afterward, converting fonithing more amongst his Neighbours, he eat what they fet before him; yet this but once a

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The Goods he poffeffed were a Bible, a Map, and a Globe; which (as was faid) he made with his own hands; and two other Books, that he had written.

Notwithstanding this Poverty, our Lord ordained that he never should ask Alms as he at no time did, either by word, or fignes, of even by any discovery of his good life, which tacitely is wont

186 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 22. to move men to give Alms : for, the Divine Majesty was pleased to lead him this way, in him to leave us a proofe of his special Providence: since he so particularly supplied him in all his necessities. And, if for some time he let him suffer want of necessaries, it was, that, by increafing his Merits, his Crowns might also multiply. How often in travelling hath he come weary to his lodging, and there continued without eating? and at night lien on the hard ground, and betimes in the morning againe travelled feveral Leagues on foot, (for, this was his custome); when none took care for relieving the necessities of his poverty? And I wonder not much at it; for, by his look Gregory feemed rather a Lord, than a Poor man How great was his hunger, thirst, weariness, labour, and troubles, into which God brought him, upon feveral occasions? This, I well know, was very much; yet is it likewife to be imagined, as to his courage and magnanimity, that, had God brought him into far more and greater straits, he would not have gone back from his refolution of Poverty: for he constantly kept his purpose of not asking any thing, hoping that our Lord would relieve him; as he always did. Per-

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Ch. 22. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 157.

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Perceiving the great inconvenience and trouble, he endured in my house, by not asking any thing whatever, I one day told him: If I were in necessity, I would ask alms, to shame and humble my self. He answered me: But not I. I replied: Methinks I should do ill in not asking what I needed, when I wanted it. To which he answered: For your self, you say well, and it is a good course; but not for me: Because God our Lord con-

ducts every one in his particular way.

In his latter years he needed a-mornings a draught of Wine, which unless he took, he was extremely tormented with the Colick, and a pain at his Stomack; and, though I took care to give it him, I could not always know, when he had fpent it. One day he looking very weak, and pale, I asked him, what he ailed. He answered me: I have not taken my draught of Wine these several mornings; and therefore have bin in great pain. I began to be troubled, because I had no wine in the house to supply his necessity; but God affisted him so opportunely, that just in that very instant a Friend of mine came in, and brought us a little Wine very good.

He was so resolute in his not asking a-

ny thing, that I once found him making fon, needlefull of thread out of a little linn of needlefull of thread out of a little linn of needlefull of thread out of a little linn of needlefull of thread out of a little linn of needlefull of thread out of a little linn of needlefull of thread out of a little linn of needlefull of thread, he ask him hone.

Above Seventeen years before brond Death I had this defire of giving him amade he had need of, affuring my telf, theme this was God's will to me. Yet, thoughthis led led are my mind herein to him, he ne him ver asked me any thing: at length, understanding by so many experiences the way our Lord led him in. I used from time to time to lay before him certain things, which, I conceived, he might have need of, to take thereof what he pleased: as he did.

There was another thing in his Pover did ty admirable; to wit, that it feems God the would have this his Servant live on o bather's leavings, like a real Poor Man him And we often observed, that whatever the was dressed purposely for him did him harm. Of this I had very long experit the ence: for, seeing him so weak and fee ble, I got some delicacies to be made thin; which, as soon as he eat, but his health: and he himself intreated me, that nothing might be made for his own per-

fon

kin fon. But I, imputing this to his defire line of not being chargeable to any, and likes wife of living like a Poot Man, caused An fomthing again to be snade ready for him imparticular, and fo it was, that he plainly faw, by the harm he received from such things, that they had bin made for him: so that he resolved to tell the plainly, it was God's will, that not one thing should be made particularly for him.

plainly faw, by the harm he received from fuch things, that they had bin made for him: so that he resolved to tell the me plainly, it was God's will, that not oug thing should be made particularly for him.

I observed likewise my self, that, if so the cloth, linhen, or any other thing were from bought purposely for him, it did him that harm: though, on the other side, our light Lord so straitened him by sicknesses and weakness, that it seemed impossible to be able to pass through them so as he be able to pass through them so as he were did. And, when, in his last Sickness, there needed some particular things, he bade me not to cause any to be made for him; but, if any sent them as alms, to take them in good part. And we know him not, whether his death were haltened by eril the dreffing fome things for him, which fee were judged necessary by persons learned, and very good Christians: for which his cause the Holy Man at that time was that filent, and received them with pati-

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160 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.23

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It feemed, God was his Steward, to keep him from wasting in this life and part of his Celestial Patrimony. Where upon, feeing his Majesty keep him fo fhort tied up, I once told him: It will not be faid of you, Bona terra comedetis. Isai. 11 16. He answered! It is true and, as God doth it, fo I defire it. And, indeed, for fuch occasions is the refignation and conformity of Man's Will to God's; when, on one fide God exceed dingly present us, and Man, on the oplea ther, courageously fustains such pressure with alacrity and content.

CHAP. XXIII.

of the Mortification, and Suffering of tha Gregory Lopez:

He Mortification of this most patient Man (being in a way fo high, thin that they cannot attain to the dif- the cerning it who with their exterior eyes him behold things of the Spirit, and by themfelves judge of others) was the most to rare, and admirable, that hath bin feen not by us. As foon as he went into the De- loa fert;

23 Uni23, The Life of Gregory Lopez, 161

to fert, he kneeled down on the ground, and and, taking his Discipline in his hand, ere like a fout Souldier of Fesis Christ, he n fo began to chastise and evil intreat his will Body. Buthis Captain, and most wife Master would not leave in his own hands a business of such importance; but told ,in him ; Alim cinget te, & ducet, quò tu non na- vis, Jo. 21. Another shall gird thee, and to lead thee whither thou wilt not. As if he ce- should fay : Thefe Cords it appertains to e o- me to straiten ! for, you must walk after my ure pleafure, not I after your's. Which thing our l'ord performed, giving him by whole handfuls occasions of meriting, not only outwardly in Body, by the con-tinual ficknesses he fent him; and the incommodities and labours he inspired him to undertake, and bear with a more of than manly strength, but even inwardly in Spirit, by other far greater pains, wherewith he tried him.

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He began to exercise him inwardly in gh, things fo grievous, and afflictive, that dif- the great Patience our Lord had given yes him was but necessary : and, though he m- engaged all his forces, God brought him nost to fuch extremity in this exercise, that een not only he could no way bear a heavier, De- load, but also it seemed impossible to him ert

62 The Life of Gregory Laper. Ch. 25 him to go forward with that which he fuffaihed. He told me, his Nature trembled, when he thought on that Exercise; and that therefore he had related to it none in particular : but, though we know not punctually the things he suffered in his Interior, yet, from the Answers he gave to those that came to him with their inward afflictions might be discovered and collected forme of them, wherein God exercised him. For, he answered with fo many particularities, that all eafily perceived, he was a Master in such afdictions, and were comforted to fee him in fo fecure a Port, after fo great tempelts. And, when I difcourfed with him of fuch interiour troubles, faying, they were very painfull, he answered me; Futber Lofa, there are men that bear a load thirty simes beavier than this. Whence may be gathered, that in troubles of that kind what he fuffered was much more, than what he mentioned.

For, he that had an enflamed defire of preferving his foul pure, and always employed himself in chast and servent Prayer, what an affliction and pain must a troop of temptations of the flesh cause in him, and the images and representations of those filthy things, which the De-

Ch. 23. The Lift of Gregory Lope 1. 16 vil pourtraied out very lively to him, and with a worfe spirit and more alturing, than the real ones themselves? And though our Lord gave him grace to trample upon all this, yet he could not but feel great grief and anguish in beholding himself as hanging by the stender hair of his own will, whereby he was in danger of confenting; especially because at this time God opens the eyes of those, who are to advance in Spirit, and makes them better fee the danger they are in, that fo they may walk with more heed and caution in the narrow path of Vertue.

What afflictions did Gregory fuffer in these occasions, and dangers, seeing his enemies were not weary of fighting, day nor night, nor by resistance were put to slight, nor by his vertue consounded with shame? especially, seeing they not only were about him, but within him; instigating him to evil, and opposing him in good. Yet these so great and so dreadful afflictions were to Gregory a joy and security, since he sustained them for the

glory of his God.

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In like manner he behaved himself in receiving the charge of the Arguments which the Enemy made against our Ho-

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ly Catholick Faith; the impossibilities, fnares, entanglings, and doubts, that he raised on this subject. For, Faith being the foundation of Spiritual Life, the affaulting it is a torment, as being insticted by the Devill himself. This Gregory sustained constantly, and resisted strong in the Faith, I Pet. 5. 5. and, by his profound Humility, made his adversaries quickly vanish.

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The Souldiers of our Lord are likewife wont, in the like retirement, to be molested with the Spirit of Blasphemy: though he that already knows bow spiritually to fly, and hath attained a delight in the Love and Praises of God, to so high a pitch as Gregory, gains always advantages by this encounter, and safety

at his enemies cost.

In the Spiritual way also persons are not a litle nor seldome afflicted, and mortified with a kind of Deliquium or fainting, whereby the Devil seeks to stop their march: for, the soul desiring to please God, and walk his way, finds at times such a remissens and weakness, that it seems almost impossible to her to advance one step; and, knowing that, unless she go on, she displeaseth God, and that to please him she must proceed with

with cheateulness, great is the pain she feels in beholding her own inability to follow what our Lord would have her. Our Lord gave this his Servant the courage and magnanimity, that is necessary for the sustaining this with patience, and prosit, and gaining the victory; fortifying him with humility, and the knowledge of himself, that he might attribute all the good he should afterward do to the Divine Bounty, as the Fountain of all Good.

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The Perfect fuffer another fort of miferies, wherewith they are greatly afflicted and tormented; which is, that; having attained to a very eminent degree of Charity, they grieve at others evils, as if they were their own. It cannot in few words be expressed, in what continual grief and affliction our Gregory lived, beholding the blindness of Sinners, the obstinacy of Hereticks, the many Souls every day damned : for, it is this that should indeed be refented : yet he was also sensible of the ficknesses, famines, injuries, warrs, and other calamities of his Neighbour, as though he himfelf had fustained them.

Itislikewise another affault of the Devil to represent unto such as aspire to

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166 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.23. Perfection (in the beginning pecially) how all the world will rife against them, as it bath done against all the followers of Vertue; and how they shall be persecuted by false Witnesses for infamous crimes, and fuch, as they abhor; and how, if they had benefited forme by their good life, and example, all this will turn to Scandall, and a flumbling block to o thers. And, though to some these feem things eafy to be born, it is certain, that, when God permits our Adversary to vants of God to fweat for many hours together. Since this is a far more rigo rous and fevere penance, than that of the Body; though they feem to us to fit idle, and lazy. An ample discovery of this deceit our Lord hath afforded us in Gregory Lopez; not only by the equanimity and patience, which he was pleafed to give him for fultaining fuch combates and advertities, but by the wonders which he hath wrought by him, and in him.

One thing I will relate here, which for its rarity did exceedingly easily me. I diligently observed for many years that this admirable Man never reposed himself in the spiritual course; and, though I somtimes considered that his continu-

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Chi24. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 167 ing the Act of the Love of God certainly caufed in him that great intention, yet I was never fully fatisfied, till, in thinking on it, our Lord was pleased to open my eyes, to discerne, that this so unshaken constancy proceeded from his continual Love of God, and of his Neighbour for God's fake, I once on this occasion telling him, You neither do, nor can reft in the Spiritual way? He chearfully and calmly answered me. It is true indeed, that I neither reft, nor can reft, whilf my Brethren are in fo many dangers and tronbles. For, it is not fit, I bould attend my own fafety, leaving them on the Bull's borns. I will not do fo hafe a thing, If I know but one of them that is in danger, I will not reft all my life long, od of won

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That which I more admire is, that he never eyed any of the confolations, which in the Spiritual Way God nieth liberally to befrow, observing the progress in it already made by them. Nor did he solace himself with the remembrance of past dangers, and troubles, nor with the vertues which by the Divine assistance he had acquired: for Vertues, after once attained, cause joy and peace. The reason why he rejoiced not herein was, because he cast his eyes

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168 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.23. Ch. the wanted; nor did he defire to flay by infinite way to reft, but still to go forward; end for, God would always have him acquire connew gains, climbing very craggy hills, the And so he once told me; that, in those Go three first Years wherein he exercised by himself in the forementioned refignation, mor God had made him ascend very great suff Mountainson old way dealern

He endured another very troublesome spir and confiderable Mortification, in two Purgatories as it were, that our Lord wh fent him in this life. The one was of life Love, his having the which I perceived, wh when he lived in Guaftera. The pain it mu causeth persons experienced sufficiently his know to be most extreme, and such as have not got so far will not believe it. For by the light, which God infuseth into the Superiour part of our Soul, the heart is wounded fo deep with love, as heither the fuavity, nor the grief can be expressed. There the four faints away, because that, which above all things she defires, is not granted to her dand, an ardent, yet profitable, impatience feizeth her which white it lasts if the finds no eafe, refty or quieta In this condition God fortimes inspires admirable and Lann falu-

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.23. Gh.23. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 169 what falutary Words, particular means, and y by instructions of true Wisdome : the Soul ard: endures an incredible affliction, both in uire concealing the torments the fuffers, and ills. the jubilations, and inspirations, which nose God communicates unto her. Whereifed by I understood a wonderful height of on, mortification in this Holy Man; for, he cat sustained this Purgatory of Love with fuch filence, as though he fuffered a me spiritual wearines,

wo The second Purgatory was of Defire; ord which confids in this, that the Soul in this of life cannot attain that Sovereign Good, ed, which she knows : and it cost Gregory it much grief and trouble. For, as with his quick understanding, lively Faith, and purity of spirit, he meditated and contemplated the Divine Greatness, God communicated to him so great, and amorous a knowledge of the fame Greatness, that he most passionately longed to be possessed of it. And, seeing that in this life by running after the odour of these Divine Ointments he never could attain to the Good he fo much defired, he remained wounded, and grieved as the Hart that defires the fountains of living waters, to quench his thirst, and cannot obtain them. Now,

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170 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.28, ch.2 of this, because it happens to few, let by G what is faid fuffice.

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But that, wherein Gregory mortified tels himself all his life long, and wherein he inter fuffered much (as himfelf told me) was, wes in always following, as he did, the Grate wone of God; for, it is certain, one cannot fol- God low Grace, but by flying Nature. What forg pains then, and mortification cofts it a own Servant of God to be continually flying for h from, and denying himfelf? For, many for times Grace requires of us what is con at an trary to Nature's defire; and thereupon wh the one must necessarily dy in us, that hat the other may live. Therefore, that fly Grace might live, Gregory always labour- of the ed to become dead to all Creatures; to the whereas it is the property of Nature to igne live to them all. And, because the feeks fent to be esteemed and honoured for her all good works, and of none to be despised, con he endeavoured to hide his excellencies, gro and vertues, and to be contemned in the thir world, as our Saviour was. And follow- not ing Grace he studied to quit the care of Aris temporal things, and applied himfelf to row the feeking, and ferving God, fince Na- ftre ture inclines to the contrary. And, be ala cause the grows proud with prosperity, fill and is dejected with advertity, Gregory, as by Mi 25. Ch. 23. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 171 let by Grace, was predifpoled for receiving with equanimity and constancy what suc-fied res soever, without sceking to get any the interiour delight of these, and other ver-was, wes for himself, but only rejoicing at the was, wes for himself, but only rejoicing at the race sonour, that redounds thereby unto sol-God: of which honour Nature as it were hat lorgetful, in every thing, aimes at her t a own content, and defires all good things for her self. All her language is, I, and, any for Me: she hates her enemy, rejoices con at another's harme, repines at his good. For Whosoever shall read this Book, or hat had approximately with this Saint, will each hat hath conversed with this Saint, will ea-hat fly understand, how good use he made our- of this Grace, in loving, and wishing well cs; to those, who, either through malice, or to ignorance, were his adversaries, and reeks senting their disgraces, and wishing them
her all good for Goa's sake. So that, overed, coming himself every day still more, and
ics, growing in Persection, he hungred and the thirsted so exceedingly after God, that nothing satisfied him; he always was arriving to attain this Sovereign Good, rowing with all his might against the stream of natural delight, and, swimming always above water, he laboured to such fill the Divine will and pleasure. Such by as this is the true, and elevated Spirit of Mortification; which he in a great lies; height and Perfection practifed out to Sancta-Fe; as I understand sufficient seed to by many and good evidences.

Having for divers days observed them co Gregory grew very ill in this Village, be or hi cause I perceived him very weak, andruc pale, I resolved to visit him oftner, an oast flay longer in his company, to fee whe what ther I could afford him any comfort, and I affiftance. I asked him concerning hi uffer diftempers, but he would not tell mor th them; till at last after many days berly told me the great and continual pains him. felt in his teeth, and grinders; acquain Man ting me also with divers other difeafe he had. But I was not herewith fatish ed, being perswaded, the Holy Man suffered other far greater troubles than these : whereupon I urged, and greatly importuned him to tell them me. Then o he was pleased to do that, which I know not that he ever did in his life besides, which was, to utter somewhat of that which inwardly paffed betwixt God and him, faying these very words : Thou well on knowest, O Lord, that I neither have, nonent Suffer within my Soul any Creature, for sce love of thee : and why doft thou in this one manner hide thy felf from me? How canft thou

h.2 how endure to see me with so many malaeat lies, and, being able to cure me, dost not?
d ut wilt have me seek the herbes, that beafts
ent seed on; and, being able to heal me with
Fiat, will not do it. Now, though I
the m certain, that he said this not so much
is but or his own consolation, as for my inan truction, and benefit, yet I remained
and o associated at his declaring thus somwhe has that passed inwardly betwixt God whe what that passed inwardly betwixt God whe what that passed inwardly betwixt God in him, [viz. that he neither had, nor in his between him his Soul any Creature in or the love of God:] that I immediately writ down these words, spoken by him. This happened on the 23d. of March, 1591.

than CHAP. XXIV.

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atly her of the Mortifying of his Senfes. now

des. O wonder, if one, who ever endea-that voured with fo great care, and and fuch exquifite and fublime ways well o mortify his Interiour, was also excelnor ent in the mortifying of his Senfes. It for scertainly believed, that he never went this mestep to please his eyes with the sight

174 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. Ch. of any of those things, which are con him monly wont to fatisfy and delight the Sense. So that, when he went on that once living at Guasteca to see the Spring of There, he told me, he did it meerly up there, he told me, he did it meerly up the my importunity, and to content me. Be but ing some Months at Mexico, he never my went out of the House, save directly a Spitches and Chamble. the next Church. Nor could he be perfueded to go to any Monastery che Nunns, though he was requested bufe fome with much earnestness. Whe flor he came to Santa Fe, he went out of nor Mexico before day, without looking a the Streets, or the Buildings. Being in the tim Village, though he was much import of ned to go and fee a Garden, that belong cha ed to the litle house where he lived, having store of water, green plotts, an ser flowers, he never would in above si Years space; only one Year he wen ob down fometimes to fetch fome water t wh drink. He looked on Men's Bodies wit or an honest freedome, and free honesty, a gre if they had bin Souls without Bodies, o fin for corporeall creatures inanimate.

Though it be a thing so natural, especially to men of a good understanding to be pleased with Musick, I never say the him go to hear any, all the time I knee said

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h, 4024. The Late of Gregory Lopez. 375 cer him, notwithstanding there was some t il near his lodging. And he often told me, that, if the Musick of the great Church of Toledo, or all in the world, were but one upo flep off him, he would not go to hear it:

Be but, if he were casually present where anew my was, he heard it quietly, and gained

All ill smells offended him much; yet he never had any sweet ones, nor would d Huse them : and, though Nosegays and Who flowers were offered him, he accepted out a none, fave very feldome, that he might ig a not disoblige the bringer. He somethe times, but feldom, took a Lilly, or Rofe orn of Castile, because, he said, it was a very long chast smell.

ha As foon as he went out into the Dean fert, he resolved not to eat fordelight, e fi but meerly to preserve life: Which he wen observed to the very last. So that, er the when I urged him to tast of a Melon, wit or Figgs, (for, here thefe fruits are y, greatly eftermed, and defired) having es, o finelt to the Melon, he faid; It is enough for this year to have smelt this Melon. Of espe the Grapes he only tasted one, saying ng t presently, It is enough for this year. Of for the Figgs he took but half a one, and mer faid the fame. hin The

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176 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 24:

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Though he loved Fruit very well, and defired to live upon it because (he said) it was the proper sood of Man, since in Paradise he should have bin sustained only with Fruit, of which God created so many sorts meerly for Man, yet, as hath bin related before, he told me; Fruit never did him harm in all his life: Which when I wondred at, he gave his reason: For (saith he) I always eat moderately

thereof.

That which he fed heartily on, was Bread, the sustenance of the Poor. Yet even in this, it feems, he obtained of God the finding such mortification, that, for fome years before his Death, he' could not eat one morfel of bread, unless' it were dipped in broth, without Salt, fat, or spices; and this was his diet at this time, tempering the bread with fome very light meat. Somtimes he' would keep a bit a good while in his mouth; and, when I bade him remember to swallow it, he answered me, I cannot; nor find a paffage. He faid, one of the most troublesome things to him was eating. Yet he highly prized the use of his Senses; knowing how useful they are to a Spirituall man, if he keep them well mortified. After'

Ch. 24. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 177

After the burning Fever he had, there continued on him a lingring Calenture almost a year. In this necessity I often urged him to make use of sheets, but

never could prevaile with him.

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I neither can nor ought to smother a very fubtil kind of Mortification, which I came to know of Gregory's; for the understanding whereof it is to be obferved, that one of the things, wherewith our Nature is most mortified, is, that the Spirit makes no account of her, nor gives her part of that which paffeth within itself; depriving her of the share she was to receive in the Spiritual Work. This presupposed, I observed for many years (wherein we cat at one Table, dwelt in one house, and slept in one lodging) that he never wept, fighed, groaned, nor lift up his hands, nor shrunk up his shoulders, nor uttered one word either to God, or to himself, which might intimate his interiour fentiments. A thing which, in a man of fo great affections, and spirit, might astonish any one that knew what Prayer was. I, wondering hereat, faid one day to him: You, being continually united unto God, by rea-Son of the presence of Such a Lord, do neither figh, nor speak, but are wholly absorpt 271

178 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 24. in the Divine Goodness. Wherete he anfwered me ! That is not the reason, Father Lota; for, truly, I figh, and grown a shou fand times a day, and almost continu ally am talking with God; though this mentally. For Thirty Tears I have used this courfe : und I endeavour not to give Nature any share in these feelings : which is no small mortification to her. For, I bave found how fulfe, and creatherous she

I was not fo ready in the practifing this Lellon; but that, going formtimes into the Garden to pray, I should forget my felf, moving my hand, or fighing forntlines; which Gregory hearing, he used to admonish me, saying pleasantly; Facher Lofa, give Nature now and thema bit, left fire dy with hunger. Yet he gave not others the like counfell, but advifed them to help themselves with exterior fignes; because, without them, they did nothing. I undoubtedly conceive, that who foever shall with a candid intenflor read the Penances, and Mortifications, interiour and exteriour, which are here related, will rest convinced and fatisfied, that this Heroical Man went not into the Wilderness to sleep, or be idle; but to do, and fuffer. And I am certain,

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that, if he would have told other greater mortifications, which he fultained, a course of such difficulty and vertue would associately us: it would likewise have bin very materials that these were better expressed, that so they might be better known: for, I confess, I have lest out many things, because I could not explain them, nor make them intelligible; but, by those, we have observed, is sufficiently discerned, that his life was all Mortification, Penance, and Crosses.

It remains now, that we fee the fruits, that Gregory reaped from this Vertue. First; so great a Courage, that he was wont to tell me, He now, through she Divine Grace, with a blaft over came Temp turions. Secondly; fuch a dexterity in fighting, that his Enemies, though very fout, never made him retreat a ftep; but he went always getting ground, and put so firm a considence in God, that, had he met whole armies of Temptations coming against him, he would have routed and defeated them all. So that, for them all, how many foever affaulted him, ne never loft the exercise God had given him, but, these notwithstanding, went on in the Love of God and his Neighbour. Thirdly; fo great a Peace,

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180 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 24. and dominion over himself in his way of combate, that never could any one perceive by him, whether in his Interior he were fighting, or enjoying? He was always one, and the fame, without change; and in him was verified that fentence: The wife man continues like the Sun; but the fool bath changes like the Moon: and he used to repeat it sometimes. Fourthly, by this his fo great Mortification he gained that, as one well exercised, God made him the Elder Brother, as it were, to take care of his Brethren, and Neighbours, and to fight for them; and our Lord accepted of his combates, admitting of them in the behalf of his Neighbours, as if themselves had fought: which I perceived fell out often, as shall be faid in the Thirtieth Chapter, concerning the Effects of his Prayer.

All this strength proceeded from that lively Faith he had in God, whereby he understood very clearly and distinctly the greatness of the Divine Goodness, and Mercy, which suffers none to be tempted above his power. So that he fought his battels with pleasure; I say, with a rationall delight: for this never failed him. And he was wont to say; that to whomsoever God gave this de-

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Ch. 29. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 181 light, he had, as they fay, taken him already out of his fwad ling-clouts.

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of the Prayer of Gregory; as what time, and with what Exercises, it began.

Have many arguments and reasons to affure me, that Gregory began to use Prayer as foon as he had the use of Reason: I could likewise collect it from some discourses we had upon this Subject, and from other conjectures, that feem undoubtedly to confirm it; as his telling me, That God had called him very early: That he had never bin a Child: That he never went a step back, Whence may be gathered, as a thing very manifest, by reason of his moderation in speaking of himself, and his wariness in making known his good things, that he intended to fignify, that he had always used Prayer. He told me, that, when he was a litle Page in the Court, he used Mental Prayer, and went on errands with the same peace, as he did at that

182 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.27. time, which was fix Years before he died : and that he did not lofe this peace, though Dukes, and Earles passed by, and other things, usual in the Court; and that he perfifted in his Prayer, notwithstanding this noise, as if he had bin in a Mountain: though afterward he went on by exercise still perfecting both his Prayer, and quiet. If therefore at Twelve Years old he had attained fuch peace and quiet in Prayer, it must be Supposed that he began to pray some years before he arrived to this state and degree. And, if the years wherein he had the use of Reason, to the timethat he went into the Wilderness, were but few, we may suppose them emploied in the exercise of Prayer : especially if it be true (as we have heard; it is) that, before he came to Court to be a Page, he lived in Na arre with a Hermite Six Years; as hath bin said in the beginning of this Book.

The same may also be concluded from the great courage God gave him in the Court: for, though he stayed there two or three Years, wherein are presented so many impediments in the way of God, yet he had strength to go through all, without altering his good resolutions.

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Ch.24. The Life of Grogory Lopez. 183 Now, fuch valour and zeal is seldome gotten, but by a long practice of converling with God. The rather, because when he came to New Spain he was but Twenty years old; yet he came to far advanced in Mental Prayer, that he not only endeavoured to use it for a long time together in the day, but continued it fomtimes travelling, otherwhiles writing, fomtimes talking. And he told me, that, for the better attaining this Prayer, as foon as he came to Mexico, he fasted a Lent with bread and water, in the house of Lewis Zapara, with intention of begging of God affiltance and favour to employ him fo, as he might best serve him, and wholly devote himself to his Divine Majesty. It is evident, that fuch folidity and maturity of Vertue could not, ordinarily, be gotten on the fudden, but by long exercise of Prayer. Add hereunto, that Gregory was not moved to these so great works by remorfe of Conscience, or the fear of Hell, but God led him always by ways of Love. And what greater figne of his long and settled Vertue, and of a firm Love, than the coming to the Indies, and passing through the richest places thereof, which were Mexico, and Zacatecas,

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184 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.27. Ch the Country being in the greatest pro- mi fperity for riches and honour that ever it ex was, and he having, as is faid, such parts, aft for the acquiring, and enjoying this con World's glory ; notwithstanding all the this, in his Youth, fo early to renounce of all these vanities, to put himself in sack cloth, and retire into the Defert, that fo God there might go on causing spiritual improvements in his Soul; as, he told me, he had received to that present time? Which, without question, were much increased in Prayer, and Devotion. Besides, the Divine Majesty, the first day he led him into the field in the Defert, laid upon his shoulders one of the heaviest burdens, and the difficultest Exercise in all the Spiritual Life : as in the enfuing Chapter shall be faid. And fince God layeth on a load proportionable to ones strength, the greatness of this evidenceth to us the Vertue of this Yong Man. Which being ordinarily gotten by tract of time, and holy Exercises, we may easily conceive that he had spent those Twelve Years, wherein till then he had enjoyed the use of Reason, in acquiring such Vertue by means of Prayer and converse with God; that, when he came to one and twenty Years of age, he might

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25. Ch.25. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 184 ro- might be fit and able, as being fome way rit exercised, to bear the Yoke of God, that rts, afterward it might go well with him, acthis cording to that Bleffing pronounced by all the Holy Ghoft, which he recited very often: It shall go well with the man, that from his youth shall carry the I ok of God, Lam. 3. 27.

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He did not tell me in particular those Exercises of Prayer, which he used in his first Years; because, as we said, he never related things concerning himfelf, except on a probable occasion of benefiting his Neighbour. But I have ever believed as most true and certain, that the foundation, and entrance unto this course was Christ our Lord, fince He must be the entrance to those that begin well; and we have likewife heard from him fuch good Meditations on our Holy Faith, and on the Life, and Death of our Redeemer, especially concerning his Infancy, and Childhood, done with fo much devotion, and spirit, as gave fufficient proofs of his long use and practice in this kind of Meditation. Those were admirable, which he shewed me the first year he lived at Guaffeca, on this Subject, and especially those concerning the most Holy Virgin Mary, our Lady. And he counfelled

186 The Life of Gregory Lopez: Ch. 26. Ch.: felled those that defired to profit in the too Spiritual Life to repeat the Rofary with mal devotion, and to use all diligence to be Slav come very devout Disciples of this greet mig Mi Brefs of Sanctity. for

CHAP. XXVI. Whe did not tell me in particl

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What Prayer, and Exercises God inspired him to use in his retirement chai and Colitude, and the benefits be reaped thereby and moddie!

Regory went forth into the Field (as I he called it) of the Wildernels a month or two under One and Twenty years of age, as near as I could gather. Concerning his manner of Prayer, I can relate fomthing of a certainty, fince he could not conceal all from me for the space of Eighteen Years wherein I converfed with him.

The first Prayer, he used there, was those famous words; Lord, bere I go forth anty to ferve you; and not to have regard so my felf: in the form above related. For he intended no flourishing complements, but with thefe few words

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26. Ch. 26. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 187 he to offer up himfelf entirely to the Eterith and Father, thereby rendring himfelf his se Slave, that fo all his labours and gains est might redound to his Lord; and this he termed, the not having regard to himfelf: for that in all his works he refolved to sime only at the Glory of God. The Almighty accepted an Offering made with fo good a Will; and the Divine Wifdome hereupon undertook withe charge of being Gregory's Mafter, teaching him that which was convenient. The be fecond Exercise of Prayer, he gave him, was those words ; Fiar voluntar ina, Gent in Celo; & in Terra. Amen Jefin : hereby instructing him in the fame Prayer, wherein he had instructed his Holy Apostles .. And by this Prayer he gave him for an Exercise one of the highest leffons, and most difficult to perform, as containing in it all the doctrine of conforming our Wills to God's, which Spiris tual persons term Resignation: and this not in a mean degree, but in the highest perfection, that those words imports to wit, that there be fuch conformity with the Divine Will on Earth, as is obforved and practifed in Heaven.

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teis very remarkable, that the Divine Goodness would have Gregory beflow 188 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 16 flow as much time in this Exercise, as our Lord Christ spent in preaching his Gospel; For all that perfection of his holy Doctrine confills in the perfect for practifing of these words, tox out , beintes

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The diligent and amorous Disciple en tertained this Divine Prayer, and Lesson with fuch alacrity and courage, that for three Years together (a thing deferving admiration) without tiring, or forgetting, he repeated them mentally as often as he breathed, when ever he was awake. So that, confidering how little he flept, and his extraordinary vigilance, innumerable were the times that he reiterated those words; Fiar voluntas tha ficus in Celo, & in Terra. Amen Jesus And he told me, that after a years time, he did not observe his respirations for the in exciting his Memory to the faid words but the respirations now ferved only to me mind him for the making more intense and fervent Acts, And I have likewife heard him fay, that unless he made those Acts with Spirit and Devotion, (though otherwise he continued to make them) immediatly at that instant the Devil affaulted him with a multitude of Temptations. And he also told me that at this time, through the many temptach. 26. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 189 tions that overwhelmed him, he could not take a Book into his hand: these words alone served him for a Book, and for instruction; and therewith, as with armour of proof, he desended himself against his enemies, and vanquished and subdued them. Having thesore tried, and by experience found the great efficacy of these words, he counselled many persons to repeat them customarily with their whole hearts.

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During the time of these Respirations his operations were so effectual, that he was almost always elevated, not minding any thing of this life; and such was the intenseness, wherewith he employed his Memory, Understanding, and Will in this Divine Exercise, that, though, being in it, violent temptations assaulted him, yet after they were passed over he remembred them not. From this exercise of Resignation, as from a solid and deep root, he extracted all his Wisdome and Spirit.

After he had exercifed himself for the space of Three Years in this Spirit of Resignation, his most wife Heavenly Master was pleased to advance him to another degree of Persection, and by an interiour Act he taught him, how the summ of

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100 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.26 Perfection in this life confifted in the practice and observance of those words Thou halt love thy God with all thy bears and with all thy loul, and with all thy mind and with all thy frength; and thy Neigh bour, at Thy felf : that he must ever practife this, employing all his ftrength herein with one Act of Love loving both God, and his Neighbour, imitating thus God himself. So that he forbare the repeating so often, as formerly, that Act of Resignation made in faving : Fist voluntas tua, ficut in celo, & in terra Amen Jesu: because, as he said himself. this frequency of Acts would rather hinder, than further the continual Act of Love, in which his Soul now was .. For the same cause he omitted other Meditations, and exteriour exercises, which he formerly used, that they might not divert him from his continual Act of Love. This Exercise Gregory endeavoured to purfue and practife with the fame fortitude, as he had done that of Resignation, yea rather with greater; for, now his Arength was increased. So that within a few years he became fo expert a Lover, that, he told me, it feemed a very difficult thing to him to forget, even for a frort space of time, this divine Exercile

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Ch.26. Thi Life of Gregory Lopet: 191

terrupting it, he did eat, and talk, and perform any other actions, whether of

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With this heavenly emploiment he began to read the Bible more than formerly, which formtimes he read three or four hours in a day. And from this great Love of God he got that understanding of the Holy Scripture : Hence he acquired an excellent gravity, and moderation in his words, a rare prudence and discretion in his answers, and counfels, that equality he observed in loving his Neighbour, and Himself, wherein he was fingular : for, in all his good works he ever accounted himself but as one member of the rest of the World; and as much defired to obtain mercy for them, as for himself, From hence also proceeded his great purity of heart, and in Prayer liberty, and dominion over his enemies, and a fevere mortification of his Senses. Now, in praying, he did not labour with fuch violence and force as formerly, but by a more refined and delicate Act; less fensible, but more perfect. In this manner he went on increasing every day in perfection; and that in fuch fort, that divers Spiritu-

192 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.26: Ch. al persons were deceived in their seeing him addicted to, and verfed in other Sciences, and Arts to fuch an eminency, and exactness; imagining, that this diverted him from Prayer. Yet it was fo far from that, that in his last years he attained The fuch a high degree; that he told me often, his Inner Man did work, without imparting ought to the Outer; and that he now reduced not the Conference he held I I with God unto Mental Words, but to another language, which, certainly, was for no other than that of high affections. In Spi fine, by means of this Exercise he ob- whi tained that excellent Unction with God, the which he always endeavoured to A practife, and those heroicall vertues, lear he poffeffed; and, to fay all in a word, ed, with this there abundantly flowed-in up- to c on him all good things. the nence also proceed on great purity of

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CHAP. XXVII.

The Spirit of Gregory is further evidenced by the Answers he made to to certain Questions.

eld I Have thought fit here to fet down cer-

to tain Answers that Gregory Lopez on fome occasions made, that by them his In Spirit may be somthing more discerned; which, being so very interior, may by these be the better discovered.

A Religious Man, both spiritual, and learned, one whom Gregory much valued, and discovered himself to more than to others, asked him, whether he affigued certain times, and particular hours of the day, or night, to quicken his Act of Love more, or make it more intense, in case it slagged, or cooled by conversation, or doing offices of Charity for his tion, or doing offices of Charity for his Neighbour, and the comforting such, as came to confer with him? He answered; He had no set times, nor needed any; because there was no created thing, that disturbed, or cooled, him; since his interior operation was always in its perfection ; for,

he had almost made it natural to him: the he never went back, from the perfection that Union, whereto God had admitted him; but went always forward: that frow this Union he had gotten what soever to knew; for God had always bin his Master, and not Books: though it was a great consolation to him to see those things written in Thaulerus, and Rusbrochius, which our Lord had communicated to his Spirit and he was never satisfied with consending, and extolling the Spirit of the Holy Mother Teresa of Jesus.

Another time being asked by the far Religious Man; Sir, if you were a Prie what would you do? He answered; Wh I do now. He replied. How wou you prepare your self to say Mais? Hanswered; As I do now. He asked his surther: And how would you may your Memento's? He answered him fust so as I do always. Adding; If were sure to dy within these few hours, would do nothing more than I do. For, am now actually giving to God all that have; and more I cannot give him, unleg of his mercy, he bestow it on me.

On this occasion the foresaid Religion
Man (observing that at certain times
the Soul is loving God with all h

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Ch.27. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 105 strength in great quietness, our Lord unexpectedly raileth her up for a thort space to an height of denudation, drawing as it were the curtain that was between God, and her, and God himself dilating her, and making her capable of things, which she can neither comprehend, nor express; and, when the would pause, and ruminate upon that which God hath wrought in her, the finds, that now those favours are gone, and leave only the affections thereof behind in the Soul) asking him again, whether, after his having received the like favours, he remembred them? or, whether his Soul continued always in that height, to which God is wont to raise others for a thort space, as is faid? He answered, that As it is not un the power of Man to procure such lingular favours of God, fo neither is it in his power, to remember them, or to continue any long time in them: and that be doubted much, whether there were ever any pure Creature (fave the most Holy Virgin) that always persevered in the like sublimity of Union, which God is mont famtimes to give : though, in the ardinary Union (such as his Majesty had imparted to him) one might very well both constantly persist, and eminently improve And,

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196 The Life of Gregory Lopez, Ch 27.

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And, enlarging on this fubject further, he faid, That Visions, Revelations, Ex. talies, and Rapts were not the top of Perfection, nor consisted it therein; though oftimes God is wont to give them. he works with every Soul according to its capacity, necessity, and disposition; since Souls that are perfect, and expert in the Act of a pure simple and perfect Love, need not any suspension of the Senses, for our Lord's communicating much unto them : because the Senses do not binder them, nor disturb the Divine communications. he had never had Extasy, Revelation, or Rapt, that deprived him of his Senfes; the which Senfes never distracted him,

At another time the fame Person discourfed with him of some Souls, that attained great peace and inward tranquillity, with a passive Union, as it were, and enjoying Love, which God gave them. Gregory answered, That such were good fouls, and in a good way; yet that Per-fection and Merit lay not so much in the se Acts of enjoying, as in the Soul's endeavouring on her part to employ all her forces in loving her God with the perfectest manner, and act, that she can ; for, this is rather doing, than enjoying; and that is rather enjoying, than working. For, the Soul,

Ch. 27. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 197
Soul, that perfectly loves her God, can give,
no more, than she doth; nor doth God require any thing else: since hereon depends
our whole Law, and Prophets.

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As I was telling him once of how great estimation and value, and how acceptable to God certain perfons were, that always employ them(elves in) praying for the whole Church with a great zeale of Gods honour, and a defire of the Salvation of Souls, he faid, It was a great Perfection, but belonged to few : and that be under stood, Mother Isabel de la Natividad, a Nunn of the Monastery of the Conception in Mexico, now deceased, had attained it. To whom also, I hold for certain, was shewed by Divine Revelation that the Holy man Gregory Lopez was continually taken up with this Exercise. For the writ a Letter, wherein were these words: I am always in the Employment, in which our Lord hath put me, of praying for the whole Church; as my Brother also doth. She spoke this of Gregory; and she was a true Servant of God, detesting all fashood, and very far from any suspicion thereof.

In this Chapter have been mentioned things, which in the opinion of those that treat of and understand Prayer, and Spi-

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rit, are (for the confirmation of great Sanctity) above those miraculous: being more certain Signes thereof, than Miracles are.

CHAP. XXVIII.

of some other manners of Prayer,

O less wonderful height of Perfection and Sanctity is proved from other ways of Prayer, wherein this admirable Man (whose continuall business was the perpetuating that Act of loving God, and his Neighbour; and in this chiefly he employing all his forces) exercised himself likewise, without diverting his mind, but advancing rather in the forementioned Union.

When any interiour combates prefented themselves, he took delight in fighting them out for the love of God; and, after he had conquered, he likewise offered to him in Sacrifice all the Victory, and spoils of that Warr. And therefore, from his often using to overcome, and, through the great considence he put Ch.

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128 The step Organia Lope 4, 190 in God, when he faw whole armies of Temptations appearing against him, he rejoiced exceedingly, as Huntimen do at their prey, therewith to furnish their Master's Table. Nor did he only offer the conquests and spoils of his battels in Sacrifice to God, but also the gifts and strengths, wherewith his Majesty enriched and adorned him; making an Oblation thereof unto his God, and Giver, by a very profound Prayer, and very humble acknowledgment, whereby he publickly owned him as the Supreme Good, and Fountain of all good things, and confequently most worthy, to whom all which we receive should be offered up. So that, in receiving any grace or gift, Gregory presently with a clear light of Understanding, and great fervour of Charity, without staying upon the gift, went with it to our Lord, defiring he should enjoy all that he had; with Tuch fidelity did he love his God. And on fuch occasions he used to repeat that sentence of the Wise Man: Many men are filed merciful; but a faithful man who can find? Prov. 20. 6.

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He was wont also to offer up to the Eternal Father the Life, Passion, and Death of Jesus Christ, his Son, and our

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200 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.28. Redeemer. Which Oblation he made fomtimes for all the World, at other times for particular persons, or things; as he understood it to be the Will of God. And to this Sacrifice, or Spiritual Mass, he attributed much efficacy. I was discoursing with him thereof one day, he told me, God had in the World thousands of Priests, who many times made this Oblation spiritually: and that he frequented two forts of Spiritual Communi-One, confisting in an ardent Defire of receiving Sacramentally Christ our Lord: the other, in an intense Desire of receiving in himself the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost; making himself a living, and pure Temple of the most Holy Trinity; and giving It actually lodging in his Heart, ibere to live, and abide for ever.

I asked him one day, how he did exercise the Love of God and his Neighbour; and he answered me; that only by repeating certain Verses of David; such as, Praise the Lord all ye Nations, praise him all ye People.—Bless the Lord all ye works of the Lord; praise him, and glorify him for ever.—Let all the Earth adore, and bless thee, O Lord. Wherewith I remained not only sufficiently instructed, but likewise much affected to

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Ch. 28. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 2012 fo good a Manner of Prayer, fo compressional hensive, and serverous.

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He had also a great care to pray for our Holy Mother the Church, for its increase, and for the advancing of the Holy Catholick Faith, throughout all Kingdomes. He prayed also with great instance for hainous Sinners; and he said. this Prayer was very acceptable to our Lord; relating to this purpose that which had passed betwixt Saint Catharine of Siena, and our Saviour ! to wit. that she, praying to him earnestly for those in Mortal sin, heard from his Divine Mouth; For thefe I intreat thee to pray to Me. And he used with much tenderness and compassion to repeat these words, when there was any discourse of Sinners.

To the same purpose, and with the same spirit, he related an Example, which S. Dionysius the Arcopagite in his eighth Epistle to Demophilus affirms, he heard from the mouth of S. Carpus the Bishop; to whom God, for his great purity and simplicity of Soul, revealed many things; and it was this? The said Carpus, understanding that a certain I-dolater had perverted a Christian, and made him apostatize from the Faith, grew

202 The haft of Guegory Appea. Ch. 28: grow fo incenfed against them both, that he earnestly belought God to take them away from the face of the earth, unable to endure that such wicked men should live therein, having perverted the way. of our Lord o Whereupon Carpus look ing up to Heaven faw Josus Christ there fitting with innumerable Angels and Saints: then looking down immediatly on the earth, as it were through the mouth of a deep Well, of Pit, he difco. vered Hell, and its torments; and there upon the pit's brink flood those two wicked Perfons, whom he had prayed against, staggering as ready to full, and trembling in a piriful manner, because those infernal Serpents fought to fasten on them, and pull them in. Caxpus was told, he should do well to pray for them, that they might escape those so dreadful torments; yet he did it not; but defired God to let them fall into that Pit. When, lifting up his eyes again to Heaven, he faw the most Mild Jesus, who, moved with pity, rose up, and offered them his Hand to free them. yea and fent his Angels also to help them. Then, turning himself to Carpus, said our Lord: U Carpus, I am ready to Suffer again fur Men's fake. See, whether you would like

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Ch. 28. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 203 to be eternally in this same Hell, and pass your life among these Serpents, and continue deprived of the joys of God, and of the Society of his Angels, and Saints. He made use of such Examples, to acquire, and to teach, this fpirit of Jefus Chrift.

He used also an amorous and powerful importunity with God by his Prayers, that his Divine Majesty would attract unto himself all People, and Nations, converting and cauling them to enter into the Bosome of the Church; and that he would reduce the Jews, and Hereticks to the Holy Catholick Faith. Which yet he did without ever diffifting from that Act of the Love of God, we

have spoken of.

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All his folicitude and intercession in praying for his Neighbours was, that God's Will might be fulfilled in them on Earth, as it was in Heaven; and from all things he took occasion to make this Prayer, If he heard fay, that the King, for his great Power, and Justice, was feared and reverenced, and possessed his Kingdoms in Peace, he straight turned him to God, and cried: Thou art allpowerful, and all-just O Lord; let all fear thee, and reverence thee, and possess all this thy Kingdome in peace. If he heard that

204 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 28. that a Father, for his goodness, was be-loved of his Sons, he presently spake thus to God; Father, and Fountain of all good things, let all thy Sons love Thee. When he confidered how a Gardiner endeavoured that all his Trees should bear fruit, he immediatly turned him to the Creator of all, faying: Let none of thy Creatures, O Lord, perish; but let all yield their fruit in its proper season. If great Wars, and Paughters were reported to him, he lifted up his heart to God, faying: Your Sons, and my Brethren, whom you so much enjoyn me to love, see, Father, how they behave themselves. And, to fpeak in brief, all the good, and evil accidents in the Universe to him were Motives of Prayer.

Several times he told me, that whatever was in the World he faw it all united into one point in God, without
using any Discourse. Which must be by
some great light of Contemplation, that
he received in certain occasions: from
whence somewhat may be collected of
the sublimity of his Prayer, and how elevated and conformable his Soul was
with God, since he had the whole World
abbridged in his mind, and by so special
a light reduced it all to an Unity, so to
offer it unto the same Lord.

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Ch. 28. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 265

He defired much that his Neighbours should not cease amidst their external works to be praying to God; because, being experienced, he understood the great advantages contained therein. And for this Vertue he used to commend the Macchabees, who, engaged in such fierce battels, as in the Books of their History are recorded, continued fighting with their hands, and at the same time

praying in their hearts.

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He used another way of praying worthy the learning, and imitating; which was, that, every time he was to fpeak, answer, or defire any thing, he raised his spirit to God by Mental Prayer, imploring the Divine Grace, that it might fucceed well. To this purpose he was wont to relate that which befell Nehemias with Artaxerxes; as is written in the second Chapter of the Second Book of Esdras. For, when that Great Monarch asked his Cup bearer Nebemias, what it was that he defired, the Sacred Writ faith, that, before he spake, He made his Prayer to the God of Heaven. Whereupon he obtained of the King all that he requested.

He was exceedingly devoted to the Pater nofter, because he was taught it

by

206 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 28. C by our Lord; and he reaped great benefits by it : and to most of the Petitions he annexed these Words, As in Heaven, To in Earth: as when it is faid Hallowed be thy Name; he added, As in Heaven, fo on Earth. For, hereby he shewed the zeale he had of God's Glory. And, as many Servants of God, to attract others to good, and excite them to God's fervice, do write Letters, go Journies, and perform other pious works, Gregory, in stead of these offices, when he would help any one, and relieve him in any necessity, betook him presently to his Prayer, to treat the business with our Lord. For he well knew, that the accomplishment of all good was to descend from Him : and by this means he wrought wonderful effects. And he told me, It is much better negociating with God, than with Men. Yet those, who asked his counsel by word, or writing, he answered, thereafter as he judged necessary for their good, and the glory of God; to whom he rendred thanks, that he had, likewise, in his Church Peris fons, who by these exteriour ways assisted their Neighbours

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CHAP. XXIX.

Of the Manner of his Habitation, and Mansion in God.

Have deferred, as much as I could, the writing of the Manner how Gregory lived in God, expecting always a greater light from his divine spirit, to be able to declare a thing so important. This Manner was not by Extasian or Rapts: Yet his Union ever seemed to me immediate; since his Will with a great intention, different and nakedness, looked only at God; and this kind of Union was manifestly discerned by the great fruits it always less in him.

This Manson, methinks, I may call by no other Name, than a Transformation into God? because the Soul in this e-office is wholly out of melf, and wholly in God, according to what the Apostle faid: Hive, yet now more, but Christ tweeth in me, Gal-2.20. And so it is, that all we, that beheld his hise, and Perfon, ever thought him a Representation of Christ; and therefore we termed him,

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208 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.29:

A Man truly Crucified to the World: for he esteemed only the Life Spiritual. Whereupon, when very Spiritual Perfons discoursed with him, he invited them to such a Transformation, using those Words of S. John. God gave them power, to be made the Sons of God, to these, that believe in his name: who are not bern of slesh and blood, nor of the will of Man, but of God, John 12, 13. And I am consident concerning this Transformation of Gregory into God that it was ever a thing much approved by all the Spiritual Menthat conversed with him.

In this Transformation, which I call Immediate Union, many use to have a great Spiritual Joy, which is termed Fru. ition : because Persons thus advanced have not for some good time so much of pain, as joy; being raised by God, without their own labour, to that most happy estate. And this is that which is called the Spiritual Unction. There they are as it were passively with God: I so term it; because, though it be true, that in that Union the Soul always acts, yet this is not fo much by way of inquilition, as of possession : for, it exercises not so much the act of defiring, as that of polfeffing and enjoying.

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Ch. 29. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 200

This Passive kind of Union I know not that Gregory ever had, from the time that he went into the Defert : for our Lord did not bestow himself so abundantly on him, that he did not every day defire Him more. And therefore he entertained himself not so much in the enjoying what was given him, as in the new defires of feeing himfelf every

day nearer joyned to God.

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Saint Dionysius the Arcopagite faith. that his Master Hierotheus had the state of Spiritual Reft, and Fruition, which we have spoken of; and puts it down as the heighth of Perfection attainable in this Life. And all the Contemplatives are of the same opinion; which was the ond ly reason that Hierotheus had the Sirof hame of Divine given him. For, this h- Union makes the foul one with God, and most like to the Divinity; which doth not work with toile, but fruition. This re so universal an opinion I on divers o occasions told Gregory of, above Fifteen Years before his Death : and, though it feems he had experienced it (for he un-Berstood it very well), yet he accounted it better for himself, and more willingly chose, the state of Action, and to be always loving God; and his Neighbour; labouring

bouring therein day and night: and he said, God had given him this Exercise at the best, and what he was to use all his forces not to quit it for whatever delight, or fruition. For he could not conceive, how in this life that should be more perfect, which had less merit; and of this merit enjoyment participated not so much, as did labour. But I leave this Doctrine for the Learned to decide, and prosecute

my intent.

The Transformation into Christ, which I perceived Gregory had, was an arden Love, whereby he defired to follow him in his Life, and imitate him in his Labours, and Crofs. For, it is a thing well known, that the most holy Life of our Lord Fesus Christ was a lively Pattern, that we, imitating him, should all of us effect the VVill of his Evernal Father; and fo he faith; I came not to do my own will, but my Father's, Jo. 6. 38. And in another place; I must work the works of bim, that fent me, whilft it is day. Jo. 0.4. It is also well known, that the Life of our Good Hefus from his Birth to his Death, was a continual bearing the Cross of our fins, working on it our Redemption; and so his whole Life was a suffering of labours. In these then Gregory desired

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Ch. 29. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 21 i to imitate Christ, and in them did therefore in his life he had litle of fruition, and joys, and much of folicitude, and croffes. It feems likewife, that this not having many fenfible gusts may be reckoned a Priviledge, and particular Gift of God, fince, without these careffes, his Majesty bestowed on him that, which he useth to bestow on those that have them: as may be feen by the Light. Wisdome, Fortitude, Perseverance, and all the other divine Gifts, he possessed. Hereby also it is evident, that God always conducted him by manly ways: fince those delights God usually bestows on his Friends upon the entrance of their journey, when they begin to dy to the things of this World, and to live in God; then he brings them into his Wine Cellar, giving them a talbof his wine; then he imparts to them formelight, and joy, as a pledge and earnest of that which is for them in Heaven, that they may march on with courage, and perseverance. But, when they are now advanced, and grown strong, he entertains them with an higher degree of Charity, which is to fuffer and dy for their Beloved. Of both which we have example in the Holy Apafiles and whoever thall have read attentively what

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212 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.2g. what we have written above will also clearly see, that this Exercise of the greatest Charity, which makes one suffer and dy for his Beloved, was the whole Life of this Holy Man. So that it was a thing notorious, and evident to all us who conversed with him, that this so intense an Exercise of loving God with all his strength caused all those weaknesses, pains, and fickneffes in him; and he well perceiving this in himself went on dying chearfully for his Beloved. To this purpole, relating fomtimes the great pains he had fustained, he said to me : The materiall Martyrdome of Whips, Iron-hooks, Fire, and Sword, be it never so great; paffeth away in a short time : But, besides thefe, God hath in Heaven Spiritual Mattyrs of great eminency. He recounted the Lives of many Saints greatly honoured fufficiently confirming this truth. So he related of Paphnucius the Hermite, that, as he was led bound, because he was a Christian, and those that conducted him threatned him with many torments, unless he forfook the Faith of Jefus Chrift, he smiling at his Tormenters told them, We Hermites are used to fuffer such torments in the Deferts. But, because both to me, and likewise to all

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Ch. 29. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 213 all that knew Gregory, it is a thing most certain that he was an eminent Spiritual Martyr, I will discourse no further thereof; considering the joy wherewith he received his Death; how without any apprehension, and terrour; with how much greater alacrity he beheld Death near and present, than Worldlings have amidst their pleasures, honours, and pastimes; saying with the Apostle; To me to live is Christ, and death a gain, Phil. 1.21.

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So that Gregory's content lay in suffering for Christ, and his delight, and glory in the Cross; saying as S. Paul; Gal. 6. 14. Far be it from me to glory, faue in the Cross of my Lord Jesus Christ: and as the Prophet David, who, feeing himfelf laden with fo many bleffings and mercies, as in the latter end of his days God bestowed on him, began to consider it, and fay: Wherewith [hall I recompense the Lord for so many favours, as be hath done me ? Pfal, 115.12. & casting his eyes on all that he had, he found no other recompence fatisfactory, but to fay; V. 13. I will take his Cup, I will invocate his Name: as if he had faid; I will internally defire to drink of the Chalice of his Passion, which I behold, and very 214 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch.29. well understand by the Spirit of Prophecy. This was therefore the Spirit of Gregory; by this way did God conduct him; this is the Doctrine taught bim by Christ our Lord; in whose pains and death he found his spiritual delight : for, other delight he never coveted, as hath bin faid. Yea he used to say; That Men perfect in Spirit are displeased at the having those gusts, which Beginners do willingly entertain. For, a Man is affronted with the being offered a Bunch of Grapes, or an Apple, wherewith a Child is much delighted. And he added: That the present life is not a life of joy, and rest; but of forrow, and labour.

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In fine, this his rejecting of Delights, though these spiritual, proceeded in him from a most perfect Poverty of Spirit, which God gave him; the property whereof is not to delire any thing but God, for his own fake; in which confifts true Charity, and the heighth of Christian Perfection: so that, whosever loves God more, is more perfect, whether with, or without, those gusts. For, if a poor Cobler mending his Shoes love God more than a Contemplative, (how great fruition foever he have attained) he would be the more perfect in a Christian life. With Ch.201 The Life of Gregory Lopez, 215

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With this fpirit Gregory mainly aimed at the intention, and purity of Charity, defiring ever in his life and labours to imitate Christ our Lord; on whom he fixed his eyes, as on an excellent ()riginal, from which he was to copy the best way of labouring : faying with David ; Mine eyes are almays on the Lord, Pfal 24. 19. To which purpose he was wont wifely to apply that Sentence wife mani tyes are in his head, Eeglef. 3. tab meaning, that a Wife man always hath his eyes fixed on Christ, who is his Head . For, faid he: The Soul toughed with the Love of God is like the Matiners Meedle, which, by being souched with the Loadfore, fands ever pointing to the North; And fo in Spiritual Men there must be also this admirable property, that in every place and affaire, they recaine this inclination, and propenfity, of having their eyes always fixed on Christ our Lord.

that did this. And thereupon, Four Persons, very Spiritual, and great Servants of God, coming to see him once, and sitting one day at the Table with him, it so fell out, that they were all bare-headed; He looked chearfully upon them, and said: Blessed be God, that

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all

216 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 29. all we, who fit at this Table, have our heads uncovered. He spake with spirit, and meant, that they were all spiritually looking on Christ, who is our Head; and who at that time was uncovered to them all: and, by the fignes we difcerned, I hold for certain, he faw the Interiour of those there present; for, as we have intimated, God many times did him this favour t and, confidering the Vertue, and good Spirit of his Guelts, it might be believed, they were in a difpolition of having then their thoughts bent on God. Of this Holy Man I ever concluded, that he never loft fight of God, and therefore God never left looking to him; according to that of Job: God will not take off his eyes from a just man, Job. 36. 7. And by this Divine aspect God so preserved him, that he never stumbled, notwithstanding all the obstacles, and fnares, the Enemy laid for him ; but freely, and fecurely escaped them, as hath been thewed int bib tade

vants of God, coming to fee him once,

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and fitting one day at the Fable with AAHO to fell out, that they were all three beaded: He looked cheerfally up-

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CHAP. XXX.

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of the Effects of bis Prayer.

I Always knew, God wrought wonderful things by the Prayers of the Holy Man Gregory; but I perceived also, that, out of his great hurnility, he revealed to none these extraordinary Essents: for, he never told any such to me, though so intimate with him. Yet I am certain, he understood of the strange things which our Lord had wrought by his Prayers: of which, to God's glory, I will relate some, which by other means I came to know.

In the Year 1579, at our Lady of Remedies there came to visit him a Priest, much troubled, because he did not perfevere in the service of God, but, by reason of occasions that were presented him, had grievous lapses, and therefore earnestly requested him to pray to God for him, and counsel him what was best for him; since, certainly, he would do it, though it were to go to a Mountain, and be a Hermite, in regard his Salvation

218 The Lift of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 30. vation was no light matter. To all which Gregory answered only these words ; Be you for this year a Hermite in Mexico. Which he understanding, as it ought to be understood, endeavoured to change his life, and lived with much improvement of his Soul. Now, this Priest going once through the Streets of Mexico, (for, he emploied himself in works of Charity towards his Neighboury had a Call, and interiour Word, without reflecting then on what the Ploly Mah had faid to him, yet his Call agreed with it, which was, that he should observe Interiour Recollection. And at the fame instant (through the Divine Mercy) such firength and courage was given him that he went recollected through all the Streets, and publick places, praying within himself, to that no impediment, business, or noise was able to divert him from this Exercise, as if he had for fifty Years exercifed himself in Prayer. He found himself a new man, and so much altered from what he was formerly, that at that very inflant all thoughts of the Earth left him, and he enibraced those of Heaven. He quitted all complements, and Visits (for, these were fley that did him hurt); and all his converse, and delight

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Ch. 30. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 219 light was to be retired within himself treating with God of his Salvation. Immediatly he began to be much alone except Charity required of him the contrary; people disturbed him no more than if they had bin trees, or rocks: he began to use Fastings, Disciplines, Cilices; and God exercised him with many Temptations, greater than any he had met with in all his life; whereof some were interior, others exterior: yet the same Lord gave him firength to defend himfelf, as though he had bin an old beaten Souldier, and ancient Hermite. He began also to live in Poverty : and, by Gregory's prayers God formed in him the Eremitical Life as perfect, and compleat, as if he had dwelt many years in the Defert. And, that he might not want any of the things that usually befall Hermites, he was almost all that Year tempted visibly by Devils. That Year expired, he went to conferr with Gregory, who was then in Guafteca; gave him an account of his Life, as he had before done at our Lady's of Remedies; and having bin fome eight days in his company told him, New the Year is past, wherein I was to be an Hermite, from hence forward what must I do? He answered only these words; Love

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220 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 30. Ch. Love God, and your Neighbour : and req with this they parted. So, the Prieft an returning for Mexico began in alonely five place that was in the way to think on the abl aforesaid words; and having already cio studied the matter of Charity, he con- lan ceived, he understood sufficiently this he point, and thereupon went fomwhat fall unwillingly to that Exercise, to which he had bin directed. But, remembring how much good Gregory's first counsell had done him, he began to humble himfelf, and to apprehend, there was in those words some deeper Mystery, than his meaning arrived at : So, he refolved to make them the subject of his Prayer, and beseech God to discover, without regarding his arrogance and pride what lay hidden therein, When presently he perceived an interiour speech from God, very intelligible, and distinct, which said to him; That you may attain the Love of God, you must divest your self of all you are, and posses; and dy to all things of the World. Hereto he offered himself with all his heart, to the end the Divine Majesty might consummate this mercy in him. Immediatly he found in himfelf that divestiture and disengagement God

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30. Ch. 30. The Life of Gregory Lopez 221 and required of him; and withall received rief in Unction of the Divine Love fo excefiely five, that neither his Understanding was able to comprehend, nor his Heart capacious enough to receive it; even totally languishing away in this great Gift: and he faid, it was a wonder that he did not fall off the Horse, which then he rid on. By this the Priest understood the depth, and perfection of Gregory's counsel, and the efficacy of his Prayer: and he endeavoured to cleanse and to dilate his heart for the receiving fuch a favour, and made firm purposes of following in eve. ry thing the will, and conduct of God, what way foever he pleafed to lead him. In that Rapt of Love he continued the space of seven hours; during which God shewed him the Vertues, and their Beauty, and fome he made him experimentally apprehend, and as it were feel; and possess them. This favour lest in him a great effect, which was, that for the space of Six Years after he was extraordinarily fustained in the same Love, almost always ex-ercising some act thereof, and practi-sing those Vertues, God had shewn him: and even to this day, being ROW

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tholy Gregory's Life was written by Father Lose in A.D. 1498. (as appears by Domingo de Ullon the Bishop of Mechoacan bis Letter to him fer before this Book) thus this and some other Additions were made to it not ling before the publishing of it, which was in A.D. 1612.

now above thirty Years fince, it is his fupport, and staff for perfevering, amidst all his tribulations and afflictions, courageously in God's way. And many other things have befallen him which are not here recounted, because

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this is sufficient to shew, how acceptable to our Lord the Prayers of this Hely Man were, even during the time he lived in this Exile.

A certain Person very earnestly requesting Gregory Lopez to undertake the charge of him, that he might advance in the Spiritual Way; he hade him: Go, Brother, for Jesus Christ is your Master. And presently he selt the truth hereof in his Soul, and perceived it by the effect; for, he began to proceed with so great a difference in his spirit, as seeing is from blindness: immediatly God gave him a knowledge of his own Nothingness, and Christ's being the Verity so evidently, that he began to be quite another man; acknowledging the sublimity of such a favour

favour befell him for the Prayer of Greagery. He bath fince that had many Extafies, and Rapts, whereby his foul gaineth more humility and courage.

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A Religious Woman, of great vertue, and spirit, had an interiour advertisement of a fore affliction that would befall her. She was exceedingly troubled bereat for the space of eight Months, fearing this affliction might prove fome offence against God, and therefore recommended her felf to the Prayers of all the Servants of our Lord So, this Religious Woman, having communicated on the Festival of the Virgin our Lady's Nativity, being in Prayer had a particular impulse to recommend her felf to the Prayers of the Holy Man Gregory Lopez, who was at that time in Sancta-Fe. Infomuch as that she intreated a Gentleman who fomtimes visited her, and is now a Religious Man, to go and defire him to recommend her to God. The Holy Man received the message from Him, and answered : I will do fo : let her be faithful to God, and fear nothing; for, she shall not fall into any offence against him. Upon this the remained as quiet, as if an Angel from Heaven had faid it: and things fell out just as Gregory had force

224 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 30: foretold. But the Gentleman going to Santta-Fe, to carry this message, by the way went in to the Covent of S. Dominic at Mexico, to request a certain Religious Man of eminent Sanctity that he would recommend to God this Religious Woman, his Penitent. The next day this Religious Man being at Prayer was rapt in Spirit, and faw holy Gregory kneeling in the Prefence of God, and praying for her; and that the Divine Majesty accepted his Petition with great willingness; and told this person, that his Servant Gregory took much care for her in his Prayers. This the Religious Mantelated with much refentment, and many tears; and affirmed, that in that Vision he came to know Gregory Lopez; for he knew him not before. The Religious Woman became thence-forward much devoted to the Holy Man; who at the day of his death requited her : for, fhe, knowing nothing thereof, had, for four days space, a very particular sentiment of the Goodness of God, and how much the owed to him, with a manifest discovery of the deceitfulness of the World; and the conceived, that for certain Gregory had obtained her that favour from God; because he was then in Hea-

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Ch.33. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 225 Heaven enjoying his Divine Presence.

There was a Priest that bare a great affection to the Holy Man, and who followed his counsel and direction in the way of Prayer; him God had done certain favours, in the which he took fuch content, that in the enjoying thereof, he neglected any further advancement in the Spiritual Way. Gregory, feeing his manner of procedure, alledged that Sentence of Isaias; Thou hast found the life of thy bands, and therefore thou last not asked, If. 57. 10. With the which God much opened his eyes, to walk with more disengagement of his Spirit, and to plunge himself into that vast Immenfity of God, without attaching his heart to ways of his own, or also to those favours, with which God otherwhiles had conducted him. For, he endeavoured to strip himself of all things whatever, to be, thus, the more disposed to obey on all occasions the Divine Will, and not to make a stop in the Spiritual Way; receiving hereby much improvement both for himself, and for others.

A Yong Man, of very good defires, grew much disquieted for sour or five Months, and the principall cause of his disquiet was the not knowing what state of life to chuse, for his Salvation. Here-

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226 The Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 30. with heacquainted some pious and devont Perfons, defiring them to pray for him; and, when none of these means ferved to calme his spirit, in this diffress he remembred him of Gregory Lopez, and went to Santta-Fe to visit him : now, though he was a Yong Man, without depending upon any, yet the meer beholding of him imprinted in him such a reverence, that, notwithstanding Gregory was of an humble aspect, and in a poor habit, he faid, he had never in all his life feen a man, that rendred him both interiorly, an exteriorly fo much composed; andthat it feemed to him that he faw in his look fomthing more than Humane. He requested him to recommend him to God, that his Majesty would vouchfafe him light, to chuse that State, wherein he might do him most service : and, upon Gregory's faying only, Rest your felf contensed, for I will recommend you to God; his spirit was calmed, and the forementioned inquietude never returned more; which he attributed to the Holy Man's Prayer: and, chuling the state of Priesthand he died in very good repute for Vertue and Sanctity. He affirmed also upon oath, that, going at other times to Gregory, & acquainting him with feveral temptations of his, he always return'd

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Ch.31. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 227 very much fatisfied and comforted.

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Another person, very well affected to Gregory, went where he was, and the first night sustained divers and very sore temptations, of which straight in the morning he gave him an account; where upon he answered; I forgot my elf last night; it shall not be so from hence forward: and the nights following he found himself more eased, and with more devotion; which he held for certain befell him by the Prayers of Gregory.

CHAP. XXXI.

Of the reverence be caused in them that looked on him.

I T is indeed a thing very worthy of obfervation, that a Man, poor, folitary,
and unknown, clad in grey Sack-cloth, always bare headed, and abandoned, as it
were, should strike such an aw and veneration into those that looked on him,
that, though they were people of much
converse in the world, yet some should
not be able to speak a word to him. Indeed Vertue and Sanctity do happen to
be honoured, and reverenced even by
those that do not practise them; for,
Good always looks well: and, since,
through our sins, it is so rare in the world,

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no wonder, though it cause admiration, and fear.

A Person of quality, and of much vertue, repaired with a great defire to fee the Holy Man, and to treat of a business of importance, that disquieted his Mind, and made him melancholick and fad; as foon as he came into his prefence he was troubled, and speechless, so that he could not fay a word to him : being in this perturbation, and Gregory still expecting when he would declare his necessity, he was not able for a long space of time; till the Holy Man lift up his countenance, and looked on him a while (polibly, recommending him to God) and in the end eafed his pain, and answered his doubt, and fatisfied him in every thing that he would have asked, had he not bin ftruck dumb : at which he grew more confounded and amazed, perceiving, he had understood his very mind and thoughts by the divine light of Prayer. So, going forth he related this passage to another devout Cavalier, that came along with him, and, asked by him what should be the cause of that perturbation of his, He answered; the seeing so venerable an afpect, with fo great mortification, and to holy & interiour a recollection; and that he went away aftonished, because, with

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ch.31. The Life of Gregory Lopes. 229 without his acquainting him with his business, he had given him so particular an answer to all that was in his heart.

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There came to see him a Yong man a Sindent, and, before the Holy Man's speaking a word to him, such a fear and amazement seized his spirit, that he immediatly determined thence-forward to change his life, was afterward a Priest, very retired & exemplary, continuing for the space of those sive Years that Gregory lived, to conferr with him.

A certain Gentleman's Servant came to him with a message from his Master, & being in his presence was seized with such a terrour and astonishment, that he was not able to speak, whereupon going forth he said; It is one thing to speak with these Men of God; & another, with Men of the World; I never thought any man's countenance could ever have troubles me. Not many days after coming with another message, and telling it me, I asked him, if he would go in, & deliver it himself to Gregory, he answered me, No Sir, I pray, do you tell it hims for I dare not.

Another came a great way off to this VIIlage of Sancta-Fe to visit him, and, having heard reports, and commendations of his Sanctity, was troubled in his mind that he was to appear in his Presence; but, when he approached and saw him, so great was the

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Life of Gregory Lopez. Ch. 31 interiour Joy which he felt, that, unable to conceale it, he told the Holy Man what passed, whereto he answered : Give God thanks for it. This his Joy continued for two days, to the great improvement of his Soul; and he faid, he conceived, he had feen an Apostle; and that, on that occasion, God gave him fuch extraordinary fentiments, as he was in no wife able to declare. He affirm. ed, that the fecond time he faw him, with the meerly looking on him, without asking him any thing, he found himself inwardly fatisfied concerning his doubts. For, as hath bin faid, our Lord had bestowed this favour upon Gregory.

These (Christian Reader) are the Wonders which God wrought in his Servant Gregory Lopez; which furnished me with matter for a larger, and compleater Narration, had I not bin discouraged by that want of Devotion, into which in our times the Faithful are fallen; whom the brevity of a Book mul invite to read it : hereby caufing Writers. where our Lord hath bin very liberal in doing his Servants favours, to be very sparing in relating them. Therefore I content my felf with having given the Contemplatives an occasion of inferring, from what is said, how many the excellencies were, and how great the fire of Divine Love, that enflamed the happy foul of Gregory, fince the meer fparks

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Ch.31. The Life of Gregory Lopez. 233 e to sparks thereof that flew abroad, so much a vhac gainst his will, (by reason of that continual God for his vigilance, whereby he always procured that his actions might be concealed from Men's, and only acceptable to God's eyes) een thefe alone, I fay, were fufficient to make his Life be accounted for miraculous. And this very justly: For, whosoever considers the frailty of our Nature, its reluctance to Ver tue, and inconstancy in practising it; and, withall the heroicall actions, and perfeveverance of Gregory, may very plainly perceive, that his manner of life was no lefs miraculous, and is as rarely feen as it is to raile the Dead, & perform by the grace of God other like Supernatural works. Now, that fo far forgetting all his contents; his disengagement from things of flesh, and blood; Poverty, both interiour, and exter riour, fo well observed; his Mortification, and Abstinences, not only from things that feast the Body, but likewise from those that do renew the Spirit, and help in part to defray the charges of fuch as traffick in Spiritual Matters; fuch a wonderful Silence fo rarely feen, interrupted in due times with Sentences, which in few words had fuch great effects; a neglecting of his own conveniences fo far, as to have his mind meerly on God, and almost totally to forget himfelf; a profound Humility, whereby he thought

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to bately a financif, and fo wellunpeza Char relignation to, God, defiring rather on the Providence of his Majesty, the the care of Men; the not speaking anid word (a defect ordinary, even amongst pe fons very perfect;) the shewing so great diferetion as never to become tedious o offensive to his Neighbours, yet without failing to aid them in their necessities; an insmoble Patience, where with he sustained fach troublesome persecutions, & slanders as the Devil invented to obscure his reputation; an universal Knowledge of the 1999 Scriptore, wherein he had forms Manually Scriptore, wherein he had forms Manually Scriptore, wherein he had forms Manually Surproved wherein he had forms Manually Surproved wherein he had forms his Spirit, and his most high Prayer, continued throughout the whole course of his life; so as that the dwerting of prints, places, for persons did not integrupt it. These were all so many Miracles wrought by God in his Servant Googow; and do assure us how prevalence his surecession is with his Divine Majesty that thereby also we may procure to imifailing to aid them in their necessities; as that thereby also we may procure to imi-tate his Vertiles; and thus more advance the Glory of God, devotion to the Saint and our own good the only thing that deligned, in writing this Book - Fartwell automator elliant franche bra

ory Lopez. Ch. 31 ght fo bately of himself, and so well of clides; fuch a confidence in, and particular relignation to, God, desiring rather to rely on the Providence of his Majesty, that the care of Men; the not speaking an idle word (a defect ordinary, even amongst per fons very perfect;) the shewing so great diferetion as never to become tedious of offensive to his Neighbours, yet without failing to aid them in their necessities; an invincible Patience, where with he fultained fuch troublefome perfecutions, & flanders, as the Devil invented to obscure his reputation; an universal Knowledge of the Holy Scriptures, wherein he had forhis Mathe the Haly Ghaff : And lastly, fuch a perfed Union with God in his Spirit, and his most high Prayer, continued throughout the whole course of his life, fo as that the diverlity of times, places, or persons did not interrupt it; These were all so many Miracles wrought by God in his Servant Gregory; and do affure us how prevalent his Intercession is with his Divine Majesty that thereby also we may procure to imitate his Vertues; and thus more advance the Glory of God, devotion to the Saint, and our own good the only thing that I defigned, in writing this Book. Farewell.

Life of Giegory Lopez. Ch. 31. thought so basely of himself, and so well of all belides; fuch a confidence in, and particular refignation to, God, defiring rather to rely on the Providence of his Majesty, than the care of Men; the not speaking an idle word (a defect ordinary, even amongst perfons very perfect;) the shewing so great discretion as never to become tedious or offensive to his Neighbours, yet without failing to aid them in their necessities; an invincible Patience, wherewith he sustained fuch troublesome persecutions, & slanders, as the Devil invented to obscure his reputation; an universal Knowledge of the Holy Scriptures, wherein he had for his Mafrothe Holy Gooff; And laftly, fuch a perfeet Union with God in his Spirit, and his most high Prayer, continued throughout the whole course of his life, so as that the diverlity of times, places, or persons did not interrupt it; These were all so many Miracles wrought by God in his Servant Gregory; and do affure us how prevalent his Intercession is with his Divine Majesty that thereby also we may procure to imitate his Vertues; and thus more advance the Glory of God, devotion to the Saint, and our own good : the only thing that I defigned, in writing this Book. Farewell.